Switched PRO2

User Guide

Firmware 8.0
Instructions
This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the appliance.

Dangerous Voltage
This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of un-insulated dangerous voltage within the product’s enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.

Protective Grounding Terminal
This symbol indicates a terminal that must be connected to earth ground prior to making any other connections to the equipment.

Life-Support Policy
As a general policy, Server Technology® does not recommend the use of any of its products in the following situations:
- life-support applications where failure or malfunction of the Server Technology product can be reasonably expected to cause failure of the life-support device or to significantly affect its safety or effectiveness.
- direct patient care.

Server Technology will not knowingly sell its products for use in such applications unless it receives in writing assurances satisfactory to Server Technology that:
- the risks of injury or damage have been minimized,
- the customer assumes all such risks, and
- the liability of Server Technology is adequately protected under the circumstances.

The term life-support device includes but is not limited to neonatal oxygen analyzers, nerve stimulators (whether used for anesthesia, pain relief or other purposes), auto-transfusion devices, blood pumps, defibrillators, arrhythmia detectors and alarms, pacemakers, hemodialysis systems, peritoneal dialysis systems, neonatal ventilator incubators, ventilators (for adults or infants), anesthesia ventilators, infusion pumps, and any other devices designated as “critical” by the U.S. FDA.

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301-9999-30 Rev E (102816)
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Reno, Nevada 89521 USA

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Chapter 1: Introducing the PRO2

Welcome to the Server Technology® Switched PRO2

The Switched PRO2 is the latest design in Server Technology's reliable power distribution units, providing flexibility for future power management, cost savings, and advanced solutions for data center customers.

Key Product Features

The Switched PRO2 offers many features for the next generation of power management, including:

- PIPS® and (optionally) POPS® high-accuracy measurements for current, voltage, power, and other key metrics. PIPS is a standard feature on all PRO2 units.
- Auto-Flip LED display gives the proper display orientation no matter how the PRO2 is mounted in the cabinet.
- Outlet naming on all PRO2 products (for both Switched and Smart products).
- Hot-swappable network interface card (NIC) allows swapping the card in the field without causing a change in outlet state. The NIC can easily be replaced even when power is applied.
- Support for IPv6 address names and support for SNMPv3.
- Equipped for the mobile power monitoring solution using a Bluetooth® module (for either Google Android or Apple iOS), along with Server Technology’s ST Eye mobile application.
- Branch current measurements on both Switched and Smart PRO2 products, and notification of fuse or breaker failure.
- Several new levels of power monitoring for high-low warning-alarm thresholds and threshold hysteresis.
- If the master unit loses power, redundant power is provided to the master via the first linked unit, ensuring uptime.
- On-board firmware file system to allow direct GUI downloads of system files, firmware version updates, and MIB/OID tree files without using FTP.
- Intuitive and soft-mapped naming conventions used in both the PRO2 hardware and firmware to reflect the system hierarchy of units, cords, lines, phases, over-current protectors (OCPs), branches, outlets, outlet groups, and sensors.
What’s the PRO1?
Like the PRO2, the PRO1 (Switched and Smart) is another new PDU design from Server Technology to provide the same type of flexibility for power management, cost savings, and advanced data center solutions that the PRO2 delivers.

What’s Unique About the PRO1?
Server Technology’s PRO1 design allows for PRO2 functionality in a CDU1 form factor.
The PRO1 uses the Sentry4-MIB and the PRO2 firmware, version 8.0.x, allowing PRO1 products to offer the latest features and functions of the PRO2 product family.

Feature Comparison: PRO1 vs. PRO2
The PRO1 is similar to the PRO2 in hardware architecture, object mapping, user interfaces (GUI and CLI), firmware (version 8.0.x or later), and new Sentry4-MIB, but the PRO1 does not include the following PRO2 items:

- Branch Current Monitoring feature
- TRMS Current Input Monitoring (in some cases rather than PIPS)

The following table shows a detailed benefit comparison:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Benefits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PRO1</td>
<td>CDU with the NIM2/PRO2 network card:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Faster processor and more memory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Hot swap network card</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Network card swap with no re-programming (PCM)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Features/functions can be added as needed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Multi-linking (up to 4 units)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Power from link unit keeps network up if power from master unit goes down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Sentry4-MIB allows additional alarm warning and threshold levels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRO2</td>
<td>PRO2 architecture with the NIM2 network card:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- PRO1 features, plus additional features</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- PIPS standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Branch monitoring standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Locking data and low voltage cables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Smart products with breaker/fuse branch circuit sensing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- All products 60 degrees Celsius rated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
About Your User Guide

This user guide was designed for data center personnel who monitor power, control outlet actions, and administer equipment operations in the data center network using Server Technology's firmware, version 8.0x or later, on the PRO2 product family.

Your guide provides installation, connection, and mounting instructions for the PRO2 product in the equipment cabinet and illustrates the PRO2's key features in a hardware overview.

Also provided is task-based information for working with the firmware. Step-by-step instructions are presented for daily operational tasks on the PRO2 when using the firmware Web Interface, including GUI screen samples for each function. If CLI is preferred, a separate chapter provides detailed command syntax and usage for every command that can be issued on the PRO2.

PDU Power Pivot®

Server Technology’s PDU Power Pivot® flexible infeed provides a simplified power cord routing to the PRO2 unit with a design that eliminates bend radius issues.

As illustrated below, the PDU Power Pivot capability can deliver a solution for several types of PDU installations and mountings, setting the correct cord angle for overhead power, offset overhead power, concrete floor, raised floor, and intra-rack power.
Star Linking Technology

Server Technology’s PRO2 introduces Star Linking technology that supports the optional linking of up to three expansion (link) units per one PRO2 master unit, allowing a single IP address for multiple cabinets.

⚠️ **Note:** The Star Linking feature is available only with PRO2 products.

The following illustrations show multi-linking between separate units and within the cabinet:

![Multi-Linked PRO2 Units](image1)
![Multi-Linking View in the Equipment Cabinet](image2)

**Redundant Power and Communication**

The Star Linking arrangement is fault tolerant, with redundant power coming from the first link unit. The arrangement also offers significant cost reduction as the link units do not require a network card.

Another significant advantage of Star Linking technology is that if power in the master unit is lost, communication will continue with the other link units – a major improvement over a daisy chain linking configuration.

**Outlet Grouping**

The multi-linking arrangement allows outlet grouping across the master and three link units.

**Cable Length**

The maximum cable length allowed from link unit to master unit is 21-feet.

**Multi-Linking Module**

In the Star Linking arrangement, the first PRO2 link unit connects via the PRO2 link port. However, the second and third link units in the multi-linking arrangement attach to an optional T-shaped module that connects to the Bluetooth® port on the PRO2 master unit, while still allowing full functionality for Bluetooth® mobile power monitoring.
The module and its connection are illustrated as follows:

![Multi-Linking Module](image1.png) ![Connection to Bluetooth® Module Port](image2.png)

**Getting Started**

The optional Star Linking feature is sold as a separate kit purchased from Server Technology. To use the feature, contact your sales representative to order the **PRO2 Multi-Linking Module Kit**, part number **KIT-PRO2LINK-01M**.

The kit contains:

- 1 link module (labeled to show the 2\textsuperscript{nd} and 3\textsuperscript{rd} link unit)
- 2 linking cables, (21 ft.) 6.4 m

**Unit Persistence**

Unit Persistence is an internal PRO2 feature that works as follows:

If a link unit is connected to a master unit, and the link unit is disconnected (powered down or accidentally disconnected), and the master unit is restarted, the link unit will be reported as “Not Found” after the restart because the link unit is no longer physically connected to the master.

However, the association between the master/link units is retained to allow the continuation of alerts. If the disconnected link unit is physically re-connected to the master, the “Not Found” status will return to “Normal” status.

To intentionally remove a link unit from connection with a master unit, the link unit must be purged using the Purge function.

Unit persistence affects all connected PRO2 master/link units whether or not they are connected in a multi-linking configuration.

**Additional PRO2 Resources**

For more information about the PRO2, including available product models and an introductory product video, see Server Technology’s Uptime Solutions page:

Contact Technical Support

Experience Server Technology's FREE Technical Support

Server Technology understands that there are often questions when installing and/or using a new product. Free Technical Support is provided from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. PST, Monday through Friday. After-hours service is provided to ensure your requests are handled quickly no matter what time zone or country you are located in.

Server Technology, Inc.

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Equipment Overview

The following illustration highlights the key operational areas of the Switched PRO2 unit:

- **Bluetooth Module**: ST Eye Mobile App Interface and Link Module Support
- **Dual Temp & Humidity Probes**: Ensures Network Uptime
- **Expansion Link Port**: Backup Power from Link Unit
- **Input Current Monitor**: A/B In-Feed Outlet Control
- **Single IP Connection**: A/B In-Feed Outlet Control
- **Serial Connection**: A/B In-Feed Outlet Control

**Dual Power Supply Server**

**Branch Current Monitoring**

**POPS®** (Per Outlet Power Sensing)
- Monitor Current, Voltage, kW, kWh, and Power Factor for each outlet

**PIPS®** (Per Inlet Power Sensing)
- Monitor Current, Voltage, kW, kWh, and Power Factor for each Inlet

Switched PRO2 – Equipment Overview
Chapter 2: Installing the PRO2

Before installing your Switched PRO2 unit, look over the following lists to make sure you have all the items shipped with the unit, as well as any other items needed for proper installation.

Standard Accessories

Mounting Hardware
- Vertical Models: Two mounting buttons with two M4 (10 mm) screws.
- Horizontal Models: Two removable L-brackets with four M4 screws (for 1U models), or M5 screws (for 2U models).

Cables/Adapters
- For C2L, C2LG, C2X, C2XG, or SEV models – link cables (6P6C connectors).
- Link units are shipped with a 7-inch link cable and a 14-foot link cable.

Additional Items
- Units with IEC C20 power inlets: input power cords (ordered separately).

Optional Accessories
- Star-Link Module Kit (Part No. KIT-PRO2LINK-01M).
- Temperature/Humidity Sensors (Part No. EMTH-1-1).
- Environmental Monitor (Part No. EMCU-1-1B).
- Water Sensor (Part No. EMWS-1-1, used with EMCU-1-1B).
- Vertical mounting brackets; additional mounting options are available in the Accessories section of www.servertech.com.

Additional Required Items
- Flathead and Phillip screwdrivers.
- Screws, washers, and nuts to attach the PRO2 unit to your equipment rack.
Safety Precautions

This section contains important safety and regulatory information that must be reviewed before installing and using the Switched PRO2.

- Only for installation and use in a Restricted Access Location in accordance with the following installation and use instructions. This equipment should only be installed by trained personnel.

- This equipment is designed to be installed on a dedicated circuit. The power supply cord shall be a minimum of 1.5m (4.9ft) and a maximum of 4.5m (15ft). If using an extension power cord, the total length shall also be no more than the maximum allowed. The plug is considered the disconnect device and must be easily accessible.

- The dedicated circuit must have circuit breaker or fuse protection. PDUs have been designed without a master circuit breaker or fuse to avoid becoming a single point of failure. It is the customer’s responsibility to provide adequate protection for the dedicated power circuit. Protection of capacity equal to the current rating of the PDU must be provided and must meet all applicable codes and regulations. In North America, protection must have a 10,000A interrupt capacity.

- Models with unterminated power cords: Input connector must be installed by qualified service personnel. Input connector rating must meet all applicable codes and regulations.

- Do not block venting holes when installing this product. Allow for maximum airflow at all times.

- Installation Orientation: Vertical units are designed to be installed in a vertical orientation. Always disconnect the power supply cord before servicing to avoid electrical shock. For products with two input power cords, both must be disconnected before servicing.

- ATTENTION! High leakage current! Earth connection is essential before connecting supply! ATTENTION! High leakage current! Earth connection is essential before connecting supply!

- ATTENTION! Observe precautions for handling Electrostatic Sensitive Devices.

- Products rated for 240/415VAC may be fitted with a plug that is rated for a higher voltage. Caution must be taken to assure that the rating of the unit and the supply voltage match.

- Products rated for 240/415VAC may be equipped with a plug which is designed for a voltage higher than the rated voltage for the plug. Des précautions doivent être prises pour assurer que la cote de l’unité et la tension d’alimentation correspond.
Input Power Cord Retention Options for PRO2s with IEC C20 Inlets

Determine which Detachable Input Cord was supplied with your PRO2 unit:

**For the following Detachable Input Cords with the self-locking IEC C19 feature, follow Procedure A below.**

- PTCORD-L1, PTCORD-L2, PTCORD-L3, PTCORD-L5, PTCORD-L6, or PTCORD-L7.

**For the following Detachable Input Cords, follow Procedure B below.**

- PTCORD-1, PTCORD-2, PTCORD-3, PTCORD-4, PTCORD-5, PTCORD-6, or PTCORD-7.

**Procedure A**

If the PRO2 was supplied with a Detachable Input Power Cord with a self-locking IEC C19, install it directly into the C20 inlet.

1. Verify the Retention Bracket Assembly (part number KIT-0016) is not installed.
   - a. If KIT-0016 is installed, remove the two screws attaching the bracket to the IEC 60320 C20 inlet to the enclosure.
   - b. Remove the Retention Bracket Assembly.
   - c. Re-attach the two screws to the IEC C20 and securely tighten.
2. Push the C19 from the Detachable Input Cord firmly into the C20 inlet to ensure it is properly seated.

**Procedure B**

If the PRO2 was supplied with a Detachable Input Power Cord without the self-locking C19 feature, install with the Retention Bracket Assembly (part number KIT-0016), followed by the power cord.

1. Remove the two screws attaching the IEC 60320 C20 inlet to the enclosure.
2. Assemble and attach the Retention Bracket to the enclosure as shown.
3. Connect the power cord. Ensure the C19 is fully seated against the C20 inlet. (It may be necessary to loosen some of the Retention Bracket Assembly screws to allow the C19 plug to be properly installed.)
4. Tighten the Retention Bracket Assembly to restrain the power cord.
Attaching Safety Earth Ground Connection

Server Technology PDUs are supplied with an external safety ground connection to provide an alternate ground path for fault currents, and to maintain the same ground reference between it and the equipment rack.

**NOTE:** The auxiliary external ground location may vary. Most PDUs will have it located near the power cord entry located near the ground symbol.

**User-supplied materials:**
- One 5 mm internal (or external) tooth star washer;
- One 4.0 mm² (10 AWG) wire with 5 mm ring terminal;
- One metric M5 x 6 mm coarse pitch screw.

**Instructions:**

1. Connect one end of the ground wire to the equipment cabinet or local ground.

2. Locate the PDU external ground near the ground symbol.

3. Connect the other end with a ring terminal and a M5 screw to the PDU external ground. To ensure proper grounding to the chassis, use a star washer between the ring terminal and the PDU.
Mounting the PRO2 Unit

The following illustration shows how to mount the PRO2 unit in vertical or horizontal orientation:

**Horizontal/Rack**

1. Select the appropriate bracket mounting points for proper mounting depth within the rack.
2. Attach the L-brackets to these mounting points with two screws for each bracket.
3. Install the enclosure into your rack, using the slots in each bracket. The slots allow about 6 mm (0.25 inch) of horizontal adaptability to align with the mounting holes of your rack.

**Vertical**

PRO2 units are supplied with button mounting kit(s). Distribute the buttons vertically and attach to the PRO2 as appropriate for the cabinet. An additional 19 mm (0.75 inch) of clearance is required at the top of the PRO2 to allow the button to mount into the keyholes.

**Note:** For more information about horizontal/vertical mounting options for the PRO2, see the Server Technology PDU Mounting Bracket Catalog:

Attaching the Link Unit
Connect the PRO2 link unit with the provided 6P6C crossover cable at the link port on the PRO2 unit. The overall length of the crossover cable should not exceed 25 feet.

Connecting to the Power Source
On PRO2 units with a rating \( \geq 24 \, \text{A} \), the input power cord is attached to the base of the unit. On PRO2 units with a total maximum output < 24 A, you may need to attach the power cord to the unit before connecting the unit to the power source.

To attach a power cord to the unit:
1. Plug the female end of the power cord firmly into its connector on the PRO2.
2. If using the Retention Bracket Assembly (Part No. KIT-0016), use a screwdriver to tighten the two screws on the retention bracket.

To connect to the power source:
1. Plug the male end of the power cord into the AC power source.

Connecting Devices
To avoid the possibility of noise due to arching:
1. Keep the on/off switch on the device in the off position until after it is plugged into the outlet.
2. Connect the devices to the PRO2 outlets.

Note: Server Technology recommends even distribution of attached devices across all available outlets to avoid exceeding the outlet, branch, or phase limitations.

Connecting the Sensors
The PRO2 is equipped with two mini RJ11 temperature/humidity ports for attachment of the temperature/humidity sensors. Attach the mini RJ11 plug of the sensor(s) to the appropriate temperature/humidity port.

Connecting to the Unit
Connection can be made with a serial (RS232) port or with an Ethernet port, as described:

For the Serial (RS232) Port:
The PRO2 is equipped with an RJ45 serial RS-232 port – for attachment to a PC or networked terminal server – using the supplied RJ45-to-RJ45 crossover cable and the RJ45-to-DB9F serial port adapter, as required.

For the Ethernet Port:
The PRO2 is equipped with an RJ45 10/100Base-T Ethernet port for attachment to an existing network. This connection allows access to the PRO2 unit via Telnet or Web.
Network Defaults

The PRO2 is configured with the following network defaults to allow unit configuration out-of-the-box through either Telnet or Web. However, note that when the PRO2 is installed on a DHCP-enabled network, the following network defaults do not apply because the PRO2 ships with DHCP support enabled by default.

Network Defaults (for non-DHCP-enabled networks):

- IP Address: 192.168.1.254
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Gateway: 192.168.1.1

Reconfigure the Network Connection

A local PC network connection must be reconfigured as follows. For detailed instructions about this connection, contact your system administrator. Note that a restart of the system may be required for the network reconfiguration to take effect.

- IP Address: 192.168.1.x (where “x” is 2-253)
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
Chapter 3: Getting Started with the Firmware

This chapter introduces several key features of the firmware (version 8.0x or later) for the PRO2.

**Note:** Firmware, version 8.0, for the PRO2 product is not compatible with other Server Technology Rack Power Distribution Unit products. There is no upgrade path from earlier PDI products to PRO2 products.

**On-Board File System**

The firmware Web Interface provides an embedded file system to give quick access to system configuration files, as well as the on-board and downloadable Sentry4-MIB and OID Tree for the PRO2, eliminating website MIB/OID downloads.

The page also allows GUI-based file uploads (without FTP) for system, configuration, and firmware versions. However, all PRO2 configuration/system files, MIB, and OID Tree can also be accessed via FTP/SFTP.

**Intuitive and Consistent Terminology**

The design of the firmware includes intuitive and soft-mapped naming conventions between the interfaces (Web and CLI) and the PRO2 product. For example, the firmware GUI areas (cords, lines, phases, over-current protectors, branches, outlets, sensors, etc.) match the same areas designed in the PRO2 hardware architecture.

Outlet numbers are named 1-n sequentially and the outlet name is not tied to infeeds or branches. Input cords are also simply named 1-n sequentially (like 1-24), no longer 1-n for each phase (like XY 1-8, YZ 1-8, ZX 1-8).

Also, firmware naming formats match the exact silkscreened names on the hardware unit.

**Outlet Grouping**

An outlet group is named group with a collection of PRO2 outlets assigned to the group. Outlet groups can be granted access to selected outlets by the administrative user (via the Web interface or CLI), and outlet activity by group can be monitored on a separate Web interface page for outlet group monitoring.

**Setting Thresholds**

When setting threshold values, the PRO2 firmware allows expanded alerting capabilities. Threshold values can be set by the administrative-user for multiple low/high warning/alarm levels (and threshold hysteresis), as listed below in the following PRO2 areas.

Every item shown in the following list – for which a threshold can be set – also has a corresponding Monitoring page for viewing the item’s current threshold values and operational status.

- Branch current (low and high).
- Cord power (low and high), cord apparent power (low and high), cord power factor (low), 3-phase out-of-balance (high).
- Line current (low and high).
- Outlet current (low and high), outlet power (low and high), outlet power factor (low).
- Phase voltage (low and high), phase power factor (low).
- Temperature sensor (low and high).
- Humidity sensor (low and high).
- Analog-to-Digital (ADC) sensor (low and high) – if an EMCU is connected to the PRO2 unit.
**PRO2 Dashboard View**

The firmware **Overview > System** page provides a fast and high-level view of the overall condition of the PRO2 unit. The sub-system status view shows the current operational state of individual PRO2 (units, cords, lines, etc.).

The color-coded status icon for each area is hot-linked to the corresponding monitoring page to show the operating details behind the status, for example:
The User Interfaces

The Switched PRO2 offers two built-in user interfaces:

- Web interface (GUI) accessed via HTTP-enabled Ethernet connections.
- Command Line Interface (CLI) for serial and Telnet connections.

Both interfaces allow power monitoring of PIPS/POPS data points, temperature/humidity measurements, system/network configuration, outlet control, ST Eye Bluetooth® connection, user account management, and numerous other operations for the Switched PRO2.

Either interface can be used as preferred; most firmware operations can be performed on GUI screens or by CLI commands on the command line. When using either interface, the availability of firmware functions for your user login account depends on your current user access rights as granted by the system administrator.

Usernames and Passwords

The Switched PRO2 is shipped with one default administrative user account (username/password is admn/admn). There is no “i” in the admn username or password.

Only an administrative user can manage user accounts, such as creating new user accounts, removing user accounts, and changing user passwords.

The PRO2 supports a maximum of 112 defined user accounts with the following restrictions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User Account</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Case-Sensitive</th>
<th>Spaces Allowed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Usernames</td>
<td>1-32 characters</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passwords</td>
<td>1-32 characters</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** For security, Server Technology recommends first creating a new user account with administrative rights, and then removing the default admn account.
User Access Rights

The following table defines the user rights granted by the administrative user for access to PRO2 operations using either the Web GUI or the Command Line interface (CLI). Only the options for which the user has access rights will be available in the firmware for the user.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User Access Level (highest to lowest)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administrator</td>
<td>Administrative user; full access for all configuration, user management, all outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power User</td>
<td>Full access for all outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and serial/pass-thru ports. <strong>Note:</strong> The Power User does not have access to user management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reboot-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (Reboot), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (On), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>View-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for status and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The administrative user can also grant administrative-level rights to other user accounts, allowing the PRO2 unit to have more than one administrative user.

Administrative access rights cannot be removed from the default **adm** user account until an administrative user grants administrative access rights to another user account.

To use administrative commands, the user must be granted administrative user access rights.
IPv4/IPv6 Support

Note: Throughout the Web and CLI firmware interfaces, both IPv4 and IPv6 formats are accepted wherever a hostname or IP address is provided.

Server Technology uses IPv6 “dual stack” support in the firmware PRO2 product line. IPv6 has been designed to succeed IPv4 as the dominant communications protocol for internet traffic, to avoid depletions of the IPv4 address space, and to allow more IP address growth. Many devices already in use support IPv6.

IPv6 has several new operational methods:

- Static IPv6 Address: The IPv6 equivalent of Static IPv4.
- DHCPv6 Address: The IPv6 equivalent of a DHCP IPv4 address, also known as a “stateful” auto-configuration of DHCPv6.
- IPv6 Stateless Auto-Configured Address – (RFC 4862): An automatically-generated unique link-local IPv6 address used for client based configurations. This address is always present in the Server Technology dual stack and cannot be disabled.
- DHCPv6 Stateless Auto-Configured Address – (RFC 3736): A “stateless” Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) service for IPv6 (DHCPv6). This address is used by nodes to obtain configuration information, such as addresses of DNS recursive name servers that do not require the maintenance of any dynamic state for individual clients.

Protocol Support for PRO2 Firmware

IPv6 and IPv4 Protocols:
The PRO2 firmware supports the following network IPv6 and IPv4 protocols:

- DNS Ping
- FTP (or SFTP) Server SNMPv1/2/3
- FTP (or SFTP) Updates SNTP
- HTTP or HTTPS
- SMTP
- Static IPv6 DHCPv6 (stateless and stateful)
- Syslog SNMPv1/2/3 Traps
- Telnet SSH

IPv4-Only Protocols:
The PRO2 firmware supports the following network IPv4-only protocols:

- Cisco EnergyWise
- LDAP
- Load Shedding *
- RADIUS *
- TACACS+

* = may work with IPv6 addresses, but not tested.
Network-Enabled Modes

Notes:

- For all network-enabled modes described below, the PRO2 will set an auto-configured IPv6 address, and if IPv6 router announcements are active, a stateless DHCP IPv6 address will also be set. Further, in all network-enabled modes, at least one IPv4 or one IPv6 address will be active.
- For maximum backward compatibility, the default network mode is "IPv4 only".

Descriptions for the network-enabled modes:

- Network disabled – No IPv4 or IPv6 addresses available.
- IPv4 only, DHCP disabled (static IPv4) – If the IPv4 Static Address and Net Mask of the PRO2 are valid, they will be set.
- IPv4 only, DHCP enabled (DHCP IPv4) – The PRO2 will try to resolve an IPv4 DHCP address. If a DHCP address cannot be obtained after 90 seconds, the PRO2 can: (1) optionally fall back to its static IPv4 settings, or (2) indefinitely wait to acquire an address based on DHCP configuration settings. This setting is the default.
- Dual IPv6/IPv4, DHCP disabled (static IPv6/IPv4) – If the IPv6 Static Address and prefix of the PRO2 are valid, they will be set. Otherwise, the PRO2 will attempt to use DHCPv6 to obtain an IPv6 address. In addition, if the IPv4 Static Address and Net Mask of the PRO2 are valid, they will be set.
- Dual IPv6/IPv4, DHCP enabled (DHCP IPv6/IPv4) – The PRO2 will try to resolve both its IPv6 and IPv4 addresses by DHCP. If both DHCP requests are answered, the primary DNS server of the PRO2 will become the primary IPv6 DNS server, and the secondary DNS server of the PRO2 will become the primary IPv4 DNS server. If only one of the DHCP requests is answered, the DNS servers of the PRO2 will map to the primary and secondary DNS server from that request. If a DHCP address cannot be obtained after 90 seconds, the PRO2 can: (1) optionally fall back to its static IPv4 and/or IPv6 settings, or (2) indefinitely wait to acquire an address based on DHCP configuration settings.
**Viewing Network Status**

You can obtain the IPv6 network status through the firmware Web Interface or Command Line Interface (CLI). For the CLI, use the **show network** command as follows:

Switched CDU: show network

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Network Configuration</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State:</td>
<td>Static IPv4</td>
<td>Network:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Link:</td>
<td>Up</td>
<td>Dual IPv6/IPv4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed:</td>
<td>100 Mbps</td>
<td>Duplex:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC:</td>
<td>00-0A-9C-60-0029</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AutoCfg IPv6:</td>
<td>FE80::20A:9CFF:FE60:29/64</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 Address:</td>
<td>10.1.2.65</td>
<td>Subnet Mask:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 Gateway:</td>
<td>10.1.1.1</td>
<td>255.255.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS1:</td>
<td>10.1.5.133</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS2:</td>
<td>10.1.5.134</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Static IPv4/IPv6 Settings  |                  |                  |
| IPv6 Address:              | ::/64             |                  |
| IPv6 Gateway:              | ::                |                  |
| IPv4 Address:              | 10.1.2.65         | Subnet Mask:     |
| IPv4 Gateway:              | 10.1.1.1          | 255.255.0.0     |
| DNS1:                      | 10.1.5.133        |                  |
| DNS2:                      | 10.1.5.134        |                  |

| DHCP Settings              |                  |                  |
| DHCP:                      | disabled          |                  |
| FQDN:                      | enabled [sentry-600029] |
| Boot Delay:                | disabled          |                  |
| Static Fallback:           | disabled          |                  |

| Network Services           |                  |                  |
| FTP Server:                | enabled           | Port: 21         |
| FTP Updates:               | disabled          | Port: 21         |
| SSH:                       | enabled           | Auth: Password, Kb-Int |
| Telnet:                    | enabled           | Port: 23         |
| HTTP:                      | enabled           | Port: 80         |
| HTTPS:                     | enabled           | Port: 443        |
| User Cert:                 | Disabled          | Installed Cert:  |
|                           |                  | Self Generated   |
|                           |                  | Stored Files:    |
|                           |                  | None             |
| SNMPv1/2:                  | enabled           | Port: 161        |
| SNMPv3:                    | disabled          | Port: 161        |
| SPM Access:                | enabled           | TrapPort: 162    |

**Note:** The fields IPv4 Address, IPv4 Subnet Mask, IPv4 Gateway, DNS1, and DNS2 are equivalent to existing PRO2 IPv4 settings except that current network settings and static settings are displayed separately. This allows you to view both static configuration settings and active network settings that can be obtained using DHCP. The DNS addresses may be in IPv4 or IPv6 (based on RFC4291) format at this time.
Chapter 4: Using the Web Interface

This chapter shows how to work with the firmware GUI (version 8.0x or later) for the PRO2.

Logging In

Logging into the Web interface directs the Web client to the configured IP address of the Switched unit.

To login by Web interface

In the firmware login window, provide a valid username and password, and click OK.

If you enter an invalid username or password, you will be prompted again.

You are given three attempts for a valid username/password combination, after which the session ends and a protected page will be displayed.

Note: The default firmware username/password is admn/admn. There is no “i” in admn.

Quick Tour of the GUI

The web interface provides web-based access to the firmware for the Switched unit. The interface is designed with three major screen sections shown in the following screen example:

1. System Header: Displays PRO2 description/location, IP address, and user/access level.
2. Navigation Bar: Provides access to PRO2 power monitoring, control actions, and configuration.
3. Details Window: Shows control/status information based on option selected in navigation bar.

Example of PRO2 Firmware Web Interface: Overview > System Page

Note: The optional blinking PRO2 location string (IP address) in the System Header may not work with all web browsers.
Working with the Pages

Using a configuration page:

- Select an option from the navigation bar (left) and work with the option in the details window (right).
- Section headers tell you the purpose of the sections.
- Logout
- If you enter a value that is out-of-range (for example all 9's) and click Apply, an error message displays to show the valid range, for example, "Must be a valid integer from 200 to 240."
- Some pages display links in this area (or on other parts of the page) to reach more pages or to return to the previous page.

Using the All or None global action:

- To configure PRO2 values, type values in boxes, select from drop-down menus, or check checkboxes as indicated on a page, and click the Apply button to save your edits. The Cancel button resets to the page default values before your edits and refreshes the page.
- Some pages offer global control actions with links, entry boxes, or drop-down menus that apply a single action to All items in the section (or page) or to None of the items.
Summary of the GUI Options

Overview
The Overview > System option is the first stop for high-level and fast monitoring of major PRO2 operational areas. The page displays a quick view of color-coded icons showing current status of the units, cords, branches, lines, phases, sensors. Click an icon for the related monitoring page to view the metrics behind the status.

The System page also shows color-coded graphs for the operational status of line current and temperature/humidity sensor readings.

General system information displays on the page to show firmware version in use, uptime data, Ethernet NIC serial number, and current number of active users.

The System page dynamically updates status and threshold values with a full-screen refresh to reflect the latest PRO2 details for instant assessment and response.

Monitoring
The Monitoring option provides viewing of dynamically updated metrics for the PRO2 operational areas that have the highest power impact on the unit and the data center.

The design of the GUI monitoring pages follows the major areas in the hardware architecture of the PRO2, providing a separate and detailed page for the overall status of units, cords, lines, OCPs, branches, outlets, groups, and sensors.

Each system object for which a threshold can be configured – such as line current and phase voltage – has a corresponding monitor page that displays up-to-the-minute power metrics.

Many metrics are presented on the pages in color-coded graphs for at-a-glance monitoring. A regular full-page refresh dynamically updates theses details to reflect the current condition of the PRO2, providing the opportunity for instant assessment and fast response to critical system issues.

Control
The Control option allows the issuing of control actions On, Off, and Reboot for all PRO2 individual outlets, global outlets, and named outlet groups.

Outlet details are also available by individual outlet to provide the outlet’s general identification, socket type, capacity, operational state, power factor, as well as color-coded graphs for current and power.

A PRO2 unit with Per Outlet Power Sensing (POPS) technology will also display values for current capacity used and reactance.

Configuration
The Configuration option allows administrative access to all options for setting PRO2 values. The pages are organized into three major areas of configuration:

- **System** (options for PRO2 hardware areas)
- **Network** (options for setting up network protocols)
- **Access** (options for local/remote user access and management)
Network
The Network option provides network setup options for the protocols supported by PRO2: DHCP/IP, Email/SMTP, FTP/SFTP, HTTP/HTTPS, LDAP, RADIUS, SNMP, SNTP, Syslog, TACACS+, and Telnet/SSH. The Network option only allows the administrator to set up network protocol parameters. To configure how the PRO2 user uses the network and system, see the Access option.

Access
The Access option determines how a PRO2 user works with the network and system by configuring the options related to a user: authentication, privilege levels, user access to the unit, and additional functions for individual local users and user groups. The Access option only allows the administrator to determine how the PRO2 user uses the network and system. To set up network protocol parameters, use the Network option.

Tools
The Tools option is a collection of several utility options for miscellaneous system actions: changing user password, pinging other network devices, viewing the system/debug log, and uploading new firmware versions. Also included are several options for rebooting the PRO2, resetting the PRO2 to factory defaults, and restarting the PRO2 with user preferences.
Overview (Viewing the System Dashboard)

The **System** page of the Web interface is the first stop for high-level and fast monitoring of major PRO2 operational areas. The page displays a quick view of color-coded icons showing current status of the units, cords, branches, lines, phases, sensors. Click an icon for the related monitoring page to view the metrics behind the status.

The System page also shows color-coded graphs for the operational status of line current and temperature/humidity sensor readings.

General system information displays on the page to firmware version in use, uptime data, Ethernet NIC serial number, and current number of active users.

The System page dynamically updates status and threshold values with a full-screen refresh to reflect the latest PRO2 details for instant assessment and response.

How to Read the Metrics

The color-coded status icons and graphs on the System page update dynamically (normal-green, warning-yellow, critical-red) with the latest metrics of the unit, line status, and temperature/humidity sensor status.

About Auto-Scaling

The displayed graphs reflect the internal function of *auto-scaling*. This means that if the threshold range of values changes for the graph, the graph will auto-scale to the appropriate range, allowing the graphs to still present relevant and consistent information.

What To Look For

The dynamic performance of the System page is essential for monitoring new PRO2 installation or watching for power distribution changes in hi-density environments. High-level status information on the System page gives the chance to correct of an operating condition before it affects the entire device network.

System administrators and power users can also view the System graphs to quickly identify thermal and humidity issues that might otherwise escalate to infrastructure repairs if left unchecked.
### Overview > System Page Definitions

The System page uses the following fields and definitions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>System-assigned internal name that cannot be changed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>User-defined descriptive name for each line or temperature/humidity sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current, Temp, Humidity</td>
<td>Current state of the reported input load (in amps), current temperature (temperature scale °C °F, as configured), or current percent of relative humidity (%RH).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Limit</td>
<td>User-defined low limit of the load, temperature, or humidity graph. These values depend on the sensor limitation and cannot be set by the user. For example, a 0°C low limit would be displayed as 0 for a temperature sensor graph in Celsius.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Limit</td>
<td>Displays the high limit of the load, temperature, or humidity graph. For the temperature/humidity sensors, these values depend on the physical sensor limits and cannot be set by the user. For example, a 100°C high limit would be displayed as 100 in the high limit in a (Celsius) temperature sensor graph.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor Graph and Level Indicator</td>
<td>The horizontal sensor graph shows current operating conditions with color-coded icons, described in the following table, Status Icons and Descriptions. The level indicator appears in the graph to indicate relative position of the current data value with respect to the minimum (low limit) and maximum (high limit) values displayed at the left end and right end of the graph.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Status Icons and Descriptions

The System page uses the following icons to report current operating conditions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🔥</td>
<td>Reading</td>
<td>Unit is reading a new or restored sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✔️</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>Normal operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🚨</td>
<td>Low/High Warning</td>
<td>Current value outside user-configured threshold range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🚨</td>
<td>Low/High Alarm</td>
<td>Current value outside user-configured threshold range.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>❌</td>
<td>Lost</td>
<td>Connection has been lost to a sensor that was previously detected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>❌</td>
<td>Read Error</td>
<td>Error polling data from the PRO2.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Sensor Graph Color-Coding**

The sensor graph colors change dynamically to communicate operating conditions:

![Sensor Graph Colors](image)

**For Line (Load) Status:**

Green = Normal

Yellow = low warning/high warning (threshold configured by user)

Red = low alarm/high alarm (threshold configured by user)

Configure line current thresholds and threshold hysteresis at **Configuration > System > Lines.**

**For Temperature Status:**

Violet = coldest; low alarm (threshold configured by user)

Blue = cold; low warning (threshold configured by user)

Green = acceptable temperature range

Yellow = warm; high warning (threshold configured by user)

Red = hot; high alarm (threshold configured by user)

Configure low/high temperature thresholds and threshold hysteresis at **Configuration > System > Sensors.**

**For Humidity Status:**

Violet = wettest; high alarm (threshold configured by user)

Blue = wet; high warning (threshold configured by user)

Green = acceptable percentage of relative humidity

Yellow = dry; low warning (threshold configured by user)

Red = driest; low alarm (threshold configured by user)

Configure low/high temperature thresholds and hysteresis at **Configuration > System > Sensors.**

**System Information**

This section of the Summary page provides general information:

- **Firmware:** Current firmware version
- **Uptime:** Cumulative time the PRO2 has been up and running since the last unit restarted. Shows continuous, real-time system updates with an approximate 5-second automatic refresh. A manual refresh is not required.
- **Ethernet NIC S/N:** The serial number of the PRO2 derived from the Ethernet NIC.
- **Active Users:** Number of active user sessions accessing the firmware. These sessions include serial, Telnet, SSH, and Web sessions. Also shows sessions that an unauthorized user may be attempting to access the system. The number changes instantly as the number of active user sessions changes. A total of 4 concurrent web user sessions are allowed (HTTPS or HTTPS).

**Note:** Depending on the web browser, multiple web accesses from the same machine are often considered as one active user.
**Sub-System Status**

This Sub-System section of the Summary page provides a quick status view of the current operational state of major PRO2 areas (units, cords, branches, etc.) showing a color-coded status icon.

Also provided is a link from each of the sub-system areas to the related monitoring page:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-system status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑️</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Click the name of one of the PRO2 system areas to display its corresponding Monitoring page.

### Line current

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Line Name</th>
<th>Current (A)</th>
<th>Utilized</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☑️</td>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>0.00A</td>
<td>32.0</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑️</td>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>0.00A</td>
<td>32.0</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑️</td>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>0.00A</td>
<td>32.0</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑️</td>
<td>AA4</td>
<td>0.00A</td>
<td>32.0</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑️</td>
<td>BA1</td>
<td>2.17A</td>
<td>32.0</td>
<td>6.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑️</td>
<td>BA2</td>
<td>0.00A</td>
<td>32.0</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑️</td>
<td>BA3</td>
<td>2.23A</td>
<td>32.0</td>
<td>6.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>✗</td>
<td>BA4</td>
<td>--</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

View detailed operating status on the Monitoring page.
Monitoring (Analyzing Metrics)

The Monitoring section of the Web interface provides viewing of dynamically updated metrics for the PRO2 operational areas that have the highest power impact on the unit and the data center.

The design of the GUI monitoring pages follows the major areas in the hardware architecture of the PRO2, providing a separate and detailed page for the overall status of units, cords, lines, OCPs, branches, outlets, groups, and sensors.

Each system object for which a threshold can be configured – such as line current and phase voltage – has a corresponding monitor page that displays up-to-the-minute power metrics.

Many metrics are presented on the pages in color-coded graphs for at-a-glance monitoring. A regular full-page refresh dynamically updates theses details to reflect the current condition of the PRO2, providing the opportunity for instant assessment and fast response to critical system issues.

Monitoring > Units

The Units page is a high-level quick reference for the PRO2 units in the network, identifying the connected master/link units (and any connected external monitoring devices), the current LED display orientation of the PRO2 units, and the overall current operational status of all units and devices.

What to look for:

The operating status of all units (master and link) should be Normal (green). The Status field reports the overall health of the units and their connectivity, not an exceeded user-defined threshold. Depending on a yellow or red status message, basic troubleshooting will be needed to determine the best solution for the affected unit.
Monitoring > Cords

The Cords page displays cord hardware specifications, overall operational status of each cord, and individual color-coded graphs and status for cord active power (W), cord apparent power (VA), power factor (if present), and cord 3-phase out-of-balance level (%).

Note: The inlet type, frequency, power capacity, and energy rating of the cord were determined for the PRO2 product at factory assembly and cannot be user-edited.

What to look for:

The cord power graphs display a blinking warning (yellow) when the total input load exceeds the user-defined threshold. If an overload occurs, a blinking error condition (red) is displayed. The unit continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

The default input feed high load threshold is 80% of the input feed maximum load capacity.

Cord power thresholds are user-defined at Configuration > System > Cords.
Monitoring > Lines

The **Lines** page shows overall line operational status, line load capacity, line state, and a color-coded graphic for the current used by each line.

**What to look for:**

The line status and line current status should be Normal, and the line current should be operating within defined thresholds.

The line current graph displays a blinking warning (yellow) when the total input load on an infeed exceeds the user-defined threshold. If an overload occurs, a blinking error condition (red) is displayed. The unit continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

The default input feed high load threshold is 80% of the input feed maximum load capacity.

The line current thresholds are user-defined at **Configuration > System > Lines.**
Monitoring > Phases

The Phases page reports the current phase status, voltage, and power factor.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Phase Name</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Active Power</th>
<th>Apparent Power</th>
<th>Crest Factor</th>
<th>Energy</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A1</td>
<td>A1 L1-N</td>
<td>0.00A</td>
<td>0W</td>
<td>0VA</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>10.9Wh</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2</td>
<td>A2 L1-N</td>
<td>0.00A</td>
<td>0W</td>
<td>0VA</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>220.1Wh</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A3</td>
<td>A3 L1-N</td>
<td>0.00A</td>
<td>0W</td>
<td>0VA</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>0.0Wh</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B1</td>
<td>B1 L1-N</td>
<td>0.00A</td>
<td>0W</td>
<td>0VA</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>0.0Wh</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2</td>
<td>B2 L1-N</td>
<td>0.00A</td>
<td>0W</td>
<td>0VA</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>204.5Wh</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B3</td>
<td>B3 L1-N</td>
<td>2.09A</td>
<td>492W</td>
<td>494VA</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>665.0Wh</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What to look for:

The phase status, voltage status, and phase power factor should be Normal, and the phase voltage and power factor should be operating within defined thresholds.

The phase voltage graph displays a blinking warning (yellow) when the total input load on an infeed exceeds the user-defined set threshold. If an overload occurs, a blinking error condition (red) is displayed.

The unit continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved. The same color-coding applies to the phase power factor graph if the threshold is exceeded.

The default input feed high load threshold is 80% of the input feed maximum load capacity.

Phase voltage and power factor thresholds are user-defined at Configuration > System > Phases.
Monitoring > Over-Current Protectors

The Over-Current Protectors (OCPs) page displays the current status, type, and current capacity (A) for any OCPs connected to the PRO2 unit. If there are no OCPs on the unit, the OCP monitoring page will not be available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OCP Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Current Capacity</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A1: Breaker_1</td>
<td>Breaker</td>
<td>20A</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2: Breaker_2</td>
<td>Breaker</td>
<td>20A</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A3: Breaker_3</td>
<td>Breaker</td>
<td>20A</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A4: Breaker_4</td>
<td>Breaker</td>
<td>20A</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What to look for:
The operating status of all OCPs listed should be Normal.
Monitoring > Branches

The **Branches** page displays branch status that supports the standard Branch Current Monitoring feature of the PRO2. Branch Current Monitoring allows the configuration of thresholds on the branch circuit to provide notification before a breaker trips. Displayed on the page are branch current (A), percentage of current utilized, and threshold status.

**Note:** The PRO2 allows the capability to load-shed based on branch current status.

![Branches Page Screenshot]

**What to look for:**

Branch names are set internally on the PRO2 at factory assembly and cannot be changed. Branch operations status should be Normal and branch current should be within defined thresholds. Branch threshold range values are affected by changing the current capacity of an over-current protector (OCP).

The branch status and branch current status displays a blinking warning (yellow) and red (error condition) when a branch exceeds the user-defined thresholds. The branch continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

Branch current thresholds are user-defined at **Configuration > System > Branches.**
Monitoring > Outlets

The **Outlets** page lists the outlets in the PRO2 unit with a quick overview of general outlet information, including operational status based on user-configured thresholds for current, active power, and power factor.

Also displayed are the last user action (on, off, reboot) issued on the outlet (shown in the State column), and the outlet's last reported condition (shown in the Control State column).

The page allows a fast drill-down from the ID link for more operational data about a specific outlet in the list.

What to look for:

The operating status of all outlets should be Normal. If necessary, view operational details for an outlet. The ID and socket type are determined at factory assembly and cannot be user-configured.

Each outlet has a unique number, and the numbering sequence of outlets is not associated with the PRO2’s branch or phase number. For example, a 30-outlet PRO2 unit (either single-phase or 3-phase) unit will have outlet numbers sequenced from 1 to 30.

The outlet status displays a blinking warning (yellow) and red (error condition) when an outlet exceeds the user-defined thresholds. The status continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

A descriptive text outlet name can be configured at **Configuration > System > Outlets**.
To view details for an outlet:

1. From the Control > Outlets page, click the ID link for any outlet in the list, such as AA2 in this example.

2. The AA2 Outlet Details page displays specific information about the selected outlet that includes capacity and usage, along with status graphs for outlet current (A) and outlet power (W).

3. To return to the previous monitoring page, click the Outlet Monitor link.
Monitoring > Groups

The Groups page shows the status of all outlets in a user-defined outlet group. An outlet group is named group with a collection of PRO2 outlets assigned to the group.

The page also allows a fast drill-down by outlet ID for more details about the outlet.

What to look for:

The operating status of all outlets within a selected group should be Normal. If necessary, view operational details for an outlet.

The outlet status for a group displays a blinking warning (yellow) and red (error condition) when an outlet exceeds the user-defined thresholds. The status continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

Creating an outlet group and assigning outlet access to the group is done at System > Configuration > Groups.

To view operational details for an outlet in an outlet group:

1. From the Groups page, select an outlet group from the drop down list.
2. When you click an outlet ID link in the list, the details page for that outlet displays:

![Outlet Details](image)

3. The AA14 Outlet Details page displays specific information about the selected outlet that includes capacity and usage, along with status graphs for outlet current (A) and outlet power (W).

4. To return to the previous monitoring page, click the Group Monitor link.
Monitoring > Sensors

The Sensors page provides a quick view of the operating status and color-coded graphic showing current operating value of environmental sensors for temperature and humidity.

What to look for:
The operating status of all sensors should be Normal, and operating temperature or relative humidity should be within defined thresholds.

Temperature Status

The Temperature graph displays a blinking warning or critical error whenever temperature exceeds low or high threshold. The PRO2 continues to display the status until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

Temperature graph colors:
- Violet = coldest; low alarm (threshold configured by user)
- Blue = cold; low warning (threshold configured by user)
- Green = acceptable temperature range
- Yellow – warm; high warning (threshold configured by user)
- Red = hot; high alarm (threshold configured by user)

The default range of low/high temperature threshold values is -40 to 123(°C). Temperature threshold values are user-defined at Configuration > System > Sensors.

Humidity Status

The Humidity graph displays a blinking warning or critical error whenever humidity exceeds low or high threshold. The PRO2 continues to display the status until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

Humidity graph colors:
- Violet = wettest; high alarm (threshold configured by user)
- Blue = wet; high warning (threshold configured by user)
- Green = acceptable percentage of relative humidity
- Yellow = dry; low warning (threshold configured by user)
- Red = driest; low alarm (threshold configured by user)

The default range of low/high relative humidity threshold values is 0-100%RH. Humidity threshold values are user-defined at Configuration > System > Sensors.
### Temperature/Humidity Sensor Status

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Found</td>
<td>The PRO2 found the sensor and connection is established.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Found</td>
<td>On a fresh reboot, the PRO2 does not find a sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lost</td>
<td>The connection to a previously found sensor is now lost.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Comm</td>
<td>Communication loss occurred due to a hardware issue (not loss of communication with the probes).¹</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ The ENV part of the sensor supports two temperature/humidity (T/H) probes as part of the master unit, two T/H probes as part of the link unit, and the optional EMCU-1-18 (which can support two T/H probes, four contact-closure monitoring points, and one water sensor). The “No Comm” sensor status is not loss of communication with the probes themselves.
**Environmental Monitor (EMCU) Status**

If an EMCU is connected to the PRO2, the Sensors pages will also include monitoring of water, contact closures, and analog-to-digital (ADC) sensors.

**What to look for:**

The operating status of all sensors should be Normal and operating within defined thresholds. View the color-coded graph showing current operating range within thresholds for the ADC.

Water and contact closure sensors can have either Normal or Alarm status – there are no other states or value ranges.

The ADC sensors can be configured at **Configuration > System > Sensors**
Monitoring > UPS

The UPS page identifies each UPS device connected to the PRO2 unit, displaying hostname/IP address and UPS status.

![USB路况图](image)

What to look for:

Monitoring page will be blank if a UPS has not been connected to, and configured for, the PRO2. After connecting a UPS to the unit, configure the UPS and the lines to be powered by the UPS at **Configuration > System > UPS**.
Control (Managing Outlets)

The **Control** section of the Web interface allows the issuing of outlet control actions On, Off, and Reboot for individual outlets in a master unit (or in all units), for all outlets globally in a master unit (or in all units), and for named outlet groups.

Outlet details are also available by individual outlet to provide the outlet’s general identification, socket type, capacity, operational state, power factor, as well as color-coded graphs for current and power.

A PRO2 unit with Per Outlet Power Sensing (POPS) technology will also display values for current capacity used and reactance.

Control > Outlets

The **Outlet Control** page displays outlets assigned to the current user:

What to look for:

- Provides viewing of outlet current, power, power factor, current control state applied to the PRO2, and status information.
- Includes an ID link for viewing detailed operational data about the outlet.
- Allows the issuing of outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot) on individual outlets or on all outlets globally, in a master unit or in all units.

**To issue outlet control actions (globally on all outlets or on individual outlets):**

1. From the Selected Unit drop-down menu, choose All or Master. The page refreshes to show the outlets available for the selected unit.
2. To issue outlet control **globally** on all displayed outlets, from the Control Action drop-down menu, select All On, All Off, or All Reboot. To issue outlet control on one or more **individual** outlets, from the Control action drop-down menu for the individual outlet(s), select On, Off, or Reboot.
3. Click **Apply**. The command action is issued immediately on the specified outlet(s).
To view detailed operational details for an outlet:

1. From the Outlet Control page, click the Outlet ID link for any outlet in the list, such as AA2 in this example.

2. The Outlet Details page displays for outlet AA2 showing power, capacity, and other operational information:
Control > Groups

The **Control Groups** page displays outlet groups assigned to a current user and allows power control actions (On, Off, Reboot) to be applied to all outlets in a selected outlet group.

**Note:** An outlet group is a named collection of outlets in a PRO2 (up to four enclosures) with a single IP address.

1. From the group drop-down menu, select the outlet group by name.
2. From the control action drop-down menu, select the outlet command On, Off, or Reboot.
3. Click **Apply**. The command is issued immediately on all outlets in the selected outlet group.

To issue outlet control on a specific outlet group:
### Outlet State/Control State Descriptions

The following table shows the differences between outlet state and control state:

- **Outlet state** is the current operating state of the outlet.
- **Control state** is the last user-issued control action on the outlet.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outlet State</th>
<th>Control State</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Outlet is on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Outlet is off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Pend On</td>
<td>Outlet is off and about to turn on in response to a sequence timer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Reboot</td>
<td>Outlet is off and a Reboot action has been initiated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On</td>
<td>Idle On</td>
<td>A restart has occurred – last control state has been maintained.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On</td>
<td>Idle Off</td>
<td>A restart has occurred – last control state has been maintained.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On</td>
<td>Wake On</td>
<td>A power-loss has occurred – wakeup state has been applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Wake Off</td>
<td>A power-loss has occurred – wakeup state has been applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On/Wait</td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>Outlet state in transition – re-query of outlet status required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off/Wait</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Outlet state in transition – re-query of outlet status required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On/Error</td>
<td>(varies)</td>
<td>Error state – outlet should be off but current is sensed at the outlet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off/Error</td>
<td>(varies)</td>
<td>Error state – outlet should be on but no current is sensed at the outlet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off/Fuse</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Outlet should be on but a blown fuse has been detected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On/Fuse</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Outlet should be on but a blown fuse has been detected downstream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Comm</td>
<td>(varies)</td>
<td>Communication to the outlet has been lost – control state will be applied when communication is re-established.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Configuration (Setting Values)
The Configuration section allows administrative access to all options for setting PRO2 values. The pages are organized into three major areas of configuration:

- **System** (options for PRO2 hardware areas)
- **Network** (options for setting up network protocols)
- **Access** (options for local/remote user access and management)

System > About
The About page allows: (1) reference for system-wide configuration data, (2) configuration of the system location, and (3) the option for a blinking system location on PRO2 GUI monitoring pages.

**Viewing system reference information:**
- **Uptime:** Cumulative time the PRO2 has been up and running since the last unit restarted. Shows continuous, real-time system updates with an approximate 5-second automatic refresh. A manual refresh is not required.
- **Firmware:** Current firmware version.
- **Build Info:** Displays revision number and date/time of most recent firmware version build.
- **Boot Info:** Identification number from the system boot loader.
- **Hardware:** Displays information about the PCB used in the PRO2 unit.
- **Ethernet NIC S/N:** The serial number of the PRO2 derived from the Ethernet NIC.
- **Active Users:** Number of users currently logged in.

**To set the blink option:**
1. Type a descriptive PRO2 location name that appears in the system eader section of every Web interface page (upper right corner).
2. (Optional) Check the Blink checkbox to enable blinking of the PRO2 location string (IP address) on the Web interface pages. Even if Blink is enabled, the blinking may not work with all web browsers.
3. Click **Apply**.
System > Bluetooth

The Bluetooth page allows configuration of the parameters needed for the Bluetooth™ mobile monitoring solution.

To configure Bluetooth™ options

1. To enable Bluetooth mobile monitoring, check Enable.
2. Provide a value for the Bluetooth parameters: name, pin code, discoverability, and transmission power, as described in the following table.
3. Click Apply.

Bluetooth™ Firmware Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description and Values/Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bluetooth Name</td>
<td>Descriptive name of the Bluetooth module that displays in the list of discovered modules on the Android mobile device or Apple iPad/iPhone. The default module name is “ST Eye”. Valid length of name is 1-31 characters; the name cannot be blank.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluetooth Discoverability</td>
<td>Settings that determine the current status of the pushbutton on the Bluetooth module:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Enabled: The Bluetooth module is discoverable, even without pressing the pushbutton.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Limited: (Default) The pushbutton on the Bluetooth module must be pressed to make the module discoverable for 60-seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Disabled: The Bluetooth module is never in discoverable mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluetooth Pin Code</td>
<td>The pin code is available for legacy Bluetooth modules that require a pin to pair the module. Although not used in current Bluetooth modules, the pin code is supported if needed. Default is 9611; must be 4-digits; range is 0000 to 9999.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bluetooth Transmission Power</td>
<td>Designated transmission power (dbm) for the Bluetooth module. Lowering the transmission power reduces the effective range of the module. Default is 0; range is -6 to 4 dbm.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

- The ST Eye mobile app and the Bluetooth module may not be included with the PRO2.
- The ST Eye mobile app supports one concurrent session.
- Learn more about the Bluetooth monitoring solution (for either Android or iOS) at Server Technology’s Technical Notes page [http://www.servertech.com/support/technical_library/technical_notes/]
System > Branches

The **Branches** page provides the Branch Current Monitoring feature of the PRO2 to support up to six branches to measure, report, and alert (in Amps) per branch circuit for breaker and fuse errors.

The **Branches** pages allows setting multiple load levels for low/high warning/alarm values (A) for branch current thresholds, plus threshold hysteresis (A).

The page also sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for branch events.

For dynamic monitoring of branch status and current, see the separate **Monitoring > Branches** page.

---

**About the branches:**

- Branch names are not user-defined and cannot be changed.
- Branch values affect the setting on the OCP, if an OCP is connected to the PRO2. Not all PRO2 units will have an OCP; therefore, branch threshold range values will be affected by changing the current capacity on the OCP.

**To configure branch settings:**

1. For each branch listed on the page, check (or uncheck) the SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications checkboxes to enable (or disable) branch event notification for a specific branch.

2. Click **Apply**.
**Setting Branch Current Thresholds**

From the Branches page, click the link Branch Current Thresholds to display the related thresholds edit page:

![Thresholds Configuration](image)

**To set branch current thresholds:**

1. Set the threshold hysteresis value (in Amps). Hysteresis is the values between the event state and recovery. Provide 0.0 to 10.0A. Default is 1.0A.

2. Provide the current load (A) for low/high warning/alarm threshold for a displayed branch on the page. Valid range is between 0-max (Max Current) in `show branches` command.

3. Click **Apply**.
System > Cords

The Cords page configures the single input power cord in the PRO2 hardware architecture that reports infeed data for the unit, allowing the setting of multiple cord threshold levels for power, apparent power, power factor, 3-phase out-of-balance, and threshold hysteresis.

The value for nominal voltage – the point where an alert is received – is established on the Cords page.

The Cords page also sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for cord events.

For dynamic monitoring of cord status, related power data, and out-of-balance levels, see the separate Monitoring > Cords page.

To configure cord settings:

1. In the Cord Name field, provide a descriptive text name, from 0-32 characters. The ID is a system-assigned internal name and cannot be changed.
2. View the reported type of inlet displayed for the cord.
3. In the Nominal Voltage field, set the value (in Volts) to be the mid-point of the Monitoring graphs, so that nominal voltage is the point where you are alerted for an alarm. Range is 0-max (max is factory nominal voltage) in the show cords command.
4. Set the current load for the cord in the Current Capacity field. Range is 0-max (max is factory current capacity) in the show cords command.
5. For each cord listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable/disable notifications for cord events.
6. Click Apply.

Links to additional Cords pages for setting power thresholds and 3-phase out-of-balance thresholds.
Configuring Cord Power Thresholds

Click the power thresholds link at the bottom of the Cords page to display the configuration page:

To set power thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (W). Range is 0-1000W; default is 100W.
2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values (W). Cord power does not include power factor. Range is min 0W; max is power capacity shown in cstat command.
3. Click Apply.

Configuring Cord Apparent Power Thresholds

Click the apparent power thresholds link at the bottom of the Cords page to display the configuration page:
**To set apparent power thresholds:**

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (VA). Range is 0-1000VA; default is 100VA.
2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values (VA). Cord apparent power includes power factor. Range is min 0VA; max is power capacity shown in `cstat` command.
3. Click **Apply**.

**Configuring Cord Power Factor Thresholds**

Click the power factor thresholds link at the bottom of the Cords page to display the configuration page:

![Link to return to the Cords page.](image)

**To set power factor thresholds:**

1. Provide a numeric value for the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery. Range is 0.0-0.20; default is 0.02.
2. Set numeric values for the low alarm/warning power factor thresholds. Range is min 0.00; max is 1.00.
3. Click **Apply**.
**Configuring 3-Phase Out-Of-Balance Thresholds**

Click the out-of-balance link at the bottom of the Cords page to display the configuration page:

![Configuration interface](image)

**To set out-of-balance factor thresholds:**

1. Provide a percent for threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery. Range is 0-10%; default is 2%.
2. Set percent for high warning/alarm out-of-balance thresholds. Range is min 0%, max is 200%.
3. Click **Apply**.

**Notes:**

- Out-of-balance is the percent power difference between phases of a cord.
- When a device with 3-phase input voltage is out-of-balance, efficiency is reduced and the unit is prevented from reaching maximum capacity, making it necessary to adjust distribution of the loads.
System > Features

The **Features** page allows the activation of add-on features available from Server Technology.

To activate a feature:

1. In the Feature Key field, type the key provided by Server Technology.
2. Click **Apply**. A restart of the PRO2 is required after activating a feature.

**Note:** For more information about add-on features, such as Smart Load Shedding, contact your Server Technology sales representative.
System > Files

The Files page provides a separate embedded file system to give quick access to system configuration files directly from the PRO2 GUI page, as well as the on-board and downloadable Sentry4-MIB and OID Tree for the PRO2, eliminating website MIB/OID downloads.

**Note:** CDU products continue to use the current Sentry3-MIB. The new Sentry4-MIB and its new OID tree are designed exclusively for the PRO2 products.

The page also allows GUI-based file uploads (without FTP) for system, configuration, and firmware versions. However, all PRO2 configuration/system files, MIB, and OID Tree can also be accessed via FTP at Configuration > Network > FTP.

**Note:** There is no CLI equivalent function for the GUI Configuration > System > Files page.

### Uploading Files

Simple file upload without the need for FTP. Upload a firmware version or specific system configuration file by browsing and selecting the file in the Upload File field, and clicking **Upload**. A confirmation message displays to indicate the upload was successful and the system will require a restart.

### File View

The File View section of the page is a list of displayed files showing date/time stamp, file name, and file size. Several file types are shown in the list, described on the following pages:
This dictionary file contains the defined and formatted RADIUS vendor-specific attributes (VSA), generated by, and available from, Server Technology.

The PRO2 is configured to recognize and use the configuration values in the file as specified by the network administrator, indicating to the RADIUS server that the defined attributes are based on Server Technology’s unique enterprise vendor code. For more information about the dictionary file and RADIUS, see About RADIUS Vendor-Specific Attributes (VSA).
For SNMP network monitoring, values from the PRO2 are reported using the new Sentry4-MIB. (Note that earlier PDU products continue to use the current Sentry3-MIB). The new Sentry4-MIB and its new OID tree are designed exclusively for PRO2 products.

Reported MIB objects in the PRO2 Sentry4-MIB are identified with a new "st4" prefix as part of the object name. You may be familiar with MIB objects for the PDU, for example, outletWakeupState. However, when the SNMP monitoring system displays a value for the MIB object name, st4outletWakeupState, based on the "st4" prefix in the name, you will recognize that the reported value is coming from a PRO2 unit, not from an earlier PDU product.

The Sentry4-MIB and OID tree for the PRO2 can be accessed on-board in the GUI via Configuration > System > Files, or accessed by using the Server Technology FTP site the same way as with the Sentry3-MIB and OID tree for the earlier PDU products.

```c
-- Copyright(C) 2003-2014 Server Technology, Inc.
--

Sentry4-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS
   MODULE-IDENTITY, enterprises, Integer32,
   OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   FROM SNMPv2-SMI

    OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    FROM SNMPv2-CONF

    textual-conversion, DisplayString
    FROM SNMPv2-TC;

sentry4 MODULE-IDENTITY
   LAST-UPDATED "201412231130z" -- 23 December 2014
   ORGANIZATION "Server Technology, Inc."
   CONTACT-INFO
      "Server Technology, Inc.
       1040 Sandhill Road
       Reno, NV 89521
      Tel: (775) 284-2000
      Fax: (775) 284-2065
      Email: mibmaster@serveverttech.com"
   DESCRIPTION
      "This is the MIB module for the fourth generation of the
       Sentry product family. This includes the PRO2 series of
       Smart and Switched Cabinet Distribution Unit (CDU) and
       Power Distribution Unit (PDU) products."
   REVISION "201412231130z" -- 23 December 2014
   DESCRIPTION
      "Initial release."
   ::= { serverTech 4 }
```

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The Sentry4OIDTree is the new OID tree structure that identifies PRO2 data objects for SNMP network monitoring. The Sentry4OIDTree is not backward-compatible with the Sentry3OIDTree. Continue to use the Sentry3OIDTree for SNMP network monitoring of PDU products, and use the Sentry4OIDTree exclusively for PRO2 products.

config.bak (or *.bak)
This configuration backup file (firmware version 8.0x or later), when uploaded, restores a PRO2 unit, including network, SNTP, and FTP settings.

User-configuration values are restored, except:

- DHCP/IP values in network settings
- SNAP password
- SNMP sysName (unless restoring to the same unit from which the backup came, based on NIC serial number, in which case the sysName is restored)
- User-loaded x-509 certificate and key
- Factory-configuration values, for example NIC serial number and profile, are not backed up or restored.
System > Groups

The **Groups** page lets the administrator create and name a new outlet group and assign to the group access rights to individual (or all) outlets. For dynamic monitoring of outlets assigned to a group, see the separate **Monitoring > Groups** page.

**To create a new outlet group:**

1. In the Group Name field, type the new name for the outlet group.
2. Click **Apply**. The newly added name displays in the lower part of the page in a list of group names for editing or removing.
To grant individual outlet access rights to an outlet group:

1. For the group name displayed in the list, click the Access link. The Group Access page displays to allow granting access rights to individual outlets by checking corresponding outlet checkboxes (or unchecking a checkbox to deny rights).

2. Click **Apply**. Access rights are applied to the outlets for the outlet group.

To grant access rights to all outlets for an outlet group:

1. For the group name displayed in the list, click the Access link as described directly above.

2. At the bottom of the Group Access page, click the All link to grant access to all outlets listed on the page (or click the None link to deny access to all outlets listed).

3. Click **Apply**.
**System > Lines**

The Lines page configures the separate area of the PRO2 cord architecture that reports current line load, allowing the setting of multiple line threshold levels, plus threshold hysteresis. The page also sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for line events.

For dynamic monitoring of line status and current, see the separate **Monitoring > Lines** page.

---

![PRO2 Sentry Switched PDU](image)

**To configure line settings:**

1. For each line listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable/disable notifications for line events. To enable (or disable) all lines for SNMP Trap or Email notifications, click All (or None).

2. Click **Apply**.

**Note:** The format of PRO2 line names is a standard and fixed naming structure and cannot be edited.

Example of line names:

- AA:L1, AA:L2, AA:L3, AA:N (Master unit: Lines 1, 2, 3, and Line N for neutral)
- BA:L1, BA:L2, BA:L3, BA:N (Link unit: Lines 1, 2, 3, and Line N for neutral)
Configuring Line Current Thresholds

Click the thresholds link at the bottom of the Lines page to display the configuration page:

To set line current thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (A). Range is 0.0-10.0A; default is 1.0A.
2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning current load threshold values (A). Range is min 0A; max is current limit displayed in show lines command.
3. Click Apply.
System > Outlets

The Outlets page allows configuration of global outlet parameters and outlet shutdown options, including the setting of multiple threshold levels for outlet current, outlet power, and outlet power factor, plus the threshold hysteresis. The page also sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for outlet events.

For outlet management: the issuing of On, Off, and Reboot commands on individual outlets and all outlets globally, see the separate Control > Outlets page and Control > Groups page.

For dynamic monitoring of outlet status, see the separate Monitoring > Outlets page.

For configuring and the assignment of outlets to user-defined outlet groups, see the separate Configuration > Groups page.

To configure outlet options:

1. Set the Sequence Delay (in seconds) to determine the delay between turning on the outlets. Range is 0-15 seconds.
2. Set the Reboot Delay (in seconds) to set an extra on delay when rebooting an outlet.
3. Check to enable the State Change Logging feature. This option shows outlet state change as a reported event in all system/debug logs.
4. In the Outlet Name field, provide a descriptive text name, from 0-32 characters. The ID is a system-assigned internal name and cannot be changed.
5. View the reported type of socket displayed for the outlet.
6. In the Extra On Delay field, for a specific outlet, set the value (in seconds) for an extra delay when turning on the outlet. Range is 0-900 seconds.

7. From the drop-down menu, select the On, Off, Last option for the wakeup state of the outlet. Wakeup state sets the default outlet control state after system power up. The option Last is the last known power state of the outlet.

8. For the Locked/No Control checkbox, check (to lock the outlet) or uncheck (to unlock the outlet). The Locked feature determines if control actions (on, off, reboot) are enabled/disabled for the outlet after the wakeup state is applied. When an outlet is configured in the locked state, the outlet locks at its current control state (on or off), and the outlet control state changes to Locked On or Locked Off.

   **Note:** The locked outlet will not be affected by group actions or Smart Load Shedding actions. SNMP and CLI control actions will be ignored for a locked outlet.

9. For each outlet listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable (or disable) notifications for outlet events.

10. Click **Apply**.

### Configuring Outlet Current Thresholds

Click the current thresholds link at the bottom of the Outlets page to display the configuration page:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Server Technology</th>
<th>Overview</th>
<th>Monitoring</th>
<th>Control</th>
<th>Configuration</th>
<th>System</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configure outlet current thresholds</th>
<th>Low Alarm</th>
<th>Low Warning</th>
<th>High Warning</th>
<th>High Alarm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ID Outlet Name</td>
<td>Low Alarm</td>
<td>Low Warning</td>
<td>High Warning</td>
<td>High Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A1 Master_Outlet_1</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>14.0 A</td>
<td>16.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2 Master_Outlet_2</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A3 Master_Outlet_3</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A4 Master_Outlet_4</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A5 Master_Outlet_5</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A6 Master_Outlet_6</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A7 Master_Outlet_7</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A8 Master_Outlet_8</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A9 Master_Outlet_9</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A10 Master_Outlet_10</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A11 Master_Outlet_11</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A12 Master_Outlet_12</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A13 Master_Outlet_13</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A14 Master_Outlet_14</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A15 Master_Outlet_15</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>0.0 A</td>
<td>10.5 A</td>
<td>12.0 A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**To set outlet current thresholds:**

1. Provide threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (A). Range is 0.0-10.0A; default is 1.0A.
2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values (A) for outlet current load. Range is min 0.0A; max is max current shown in `show outlets` command.
3. Click **Apply**.
Configuring Outlet Power Thresholds

Click the outlet power thresholds link at the bottom of the Outlets page to display the configuration page:

To set outlet power thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (W). Range is 0-1000W; default is 10W.
2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values (W) for outlet power (without power factor). Range is min 0W, max is power capacity in ostat details command.
3. Click Apply.
**Configuring Outlet Power Factor Thresholds**

Click the outlet power factor thresholds link at the bottom of the Outlets page to display the configuration page:

![Outlet Power Factor Thresholds Configuration Page](image)

**To set outlet power factor thresholds:**

1. Provide a numeric value for the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery. Range is 0.0-0.20; default is 0.02.

2. Set numeric values for the low alarm/warning outlet power factor thresholds. Range is min 0.00; max is 1.00.

3. Click **Apply**.
System > Over-Current Protectors (OCPs)

The Over-Current Protectors page configures current load settings for each OCP connected to the PRO2 unit as a standard and separate area of the PRO2 architecture. The page also sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for OCP events.

For dynamic monitoring of OCP status, see the separate Monitoring > Over-Current Protectors page. A failed OCP status (for either Switched or Smart PRO2 products) is reported on the monitoring page.

To configure the OCP:

1. View the reported type of OCP as displayed on the page, either breaker or fuse.
2. Set the Current Capacity (A) for the OCP as its maximum current load. Range is 1-max current as displayed in the show ocps command.
3. For each outlet listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable (or disable) notifications for OCP events.
4. Click Apply.
System > Phases

The Phases page configures multiple threshold levels for phase voltage and power factor, plus threshold hysteresis (for AC products only). The page also sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for phase events.

For dynamic monitoring of phase status, voltage, and power factor, see the separate Monitoring > Phases page.

To set phase event notifications:

1. For each phase listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable (or disable) notifications for phase events.

2. Click Apply.
Configuring Phase Voltage Thresholds

Click the phase voltage thresholds link at the bottom of the Phases page to display the configuration page:

To set phase voltage power thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (V). Range is 0.0-20.0V; default is 2.0V.
2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values(V) for phase voltage.
3. Click Apply.

Note: The range of phase voltage minimum and maximum values varies by product. To verify the nominal phase voltage by product, issue the CLI command set cord nomvolts, for example:

Switched CDU: set cord nomvolts
    Cord name or ID: Master_Cord_A
    Cord nominal voltage (200-240 Volts):
Configuring Phase Power Factor Thresholds

Click the phase power factor thresholds link at the bottom of the Phases page to display the configuration page:

To set phase power factor thresholds:

1. Provide a numeric value for the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery. Range is 0-0.20; default is 0.02.
2. Set numeric values for the low alarm.warning phase power factor thresholds. Range is min 0.00; max is 1.00.
3. Click **Apply**.
System > Ports

The **Ports** page configures options for the external serial port on the PRO2 unit.

To configure the serial port:

1. From the Baud Rate drop-down menu, select the data rate.
2. Set the Timeout value (in minutes) for the serial port inactivity timeout period. The timeout period defines the maximum period of inactivity before automatically closing the pass-thru session. Range is 0-60 (minutes); default is 5 minutes; setting the value to “0” disables the timeout.
3. From the DSR Check drop-down menu, select On or Off to enable or disable serial port active signal checking.
4. Click **Apply**.

**Notes:**

- Pass-Thru connections can only be initiated from the Command Line Interface (CLI) in a Telnet/SSH session.
- One concurrent Serial session is allowed. If the unit has two serial ports, then two simultaneous serial sessions will be supported.
System > Sensors

The Sensors page configures multiple threshold levels for global temperature sensors and relative humidity sensors, plus threshold hysteresis. The page also determines the system-wide temperature scale and sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for sensor events.

For dynamic monitoring of sensor temperature/humidity and operational status, see the separate Monitoring > Sensors page.

To configure global sensor settings:

1. From the Temperature Scale drop-down menu, select the desired system-wide scale as Celsius (°C) or Fahrenheit (°F).

2. In the Sensor Name field, provide a descriptive text name for individual temperature sensors and/or relative humidity sensors. The ID is a system-assigned internal name and cannot be changed.

3. For each sensor listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable (or disable) notifications for sensor events.

4. Click Apply.
**Configuring Humidity Sensors Thresholds**

Click the humidity sensor thresholds link at the bottom of the Sensors page to display the configuration page:

![Configuration page](image)

**To set humidity sensor thresholds:**

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery(%RH). Range is 0-20%RH; default is 2%RH.
2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values for the humidity sensor(%RH). Range is min 0%RH, max100%RH.
3. Click **Apply**.
Configuring Temperature Sensors Thresholds

Click the temperature sensor thresholds link at the bottom of the Sensors page to display the configuration page:

To set temperature sensor thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery temperature. Range is 0-30° Celsius, or 0-54° Fahrenheit; default is 1° Celsius or 2° Fahrenheit.

2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values for the temperature sensor(°). Range is minimum −40° to maximum 123° Celsius, or minimum −40° to maximum 253° Fahrenheit.

3. Click Apply.
Configuring Environmental Monitoring (EMCU) Thresholds

If an EMCU is connected to the PRO2 unit, the Sensors page will also allow configuration of water, contact closure and analog-to-digital (ADC) voltage sensors – to provide sensor name and SNMP/Email notifications.

In addition, for ADC voltage sensors only, high/low warning/alarm thresholds can be set. Water and contact closure sensors can have either Normal or Alarm status – there are no other states or value ranges.

To set ADC voltage sensor thresholds:

1. Click the ADC sensor thresholds link at the bottom of the Sensors page to display the configuration page:

2. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery. Range is 0-20; default is 1.
3. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values for the ADC sensor. Range is 0-255; default is 0.
4. Click Apply.
System > Shutdown

The **Shutdown** page configures the remote shutdown options for outlets (for Switched PRO2 products only).

The PRO2 supports the ability to initiate an orderly shutdown of a specific outlet or outlet group after performing a user-specified shutdown operation.

The shutdown also protects open application files prior to a server being powered down. Shutdown signaling is initiated over the existing TCP/IP network and requires the use of a remote shutdown agent.

**To configure shutdown settings:**

1. For an individual outlet in the list, type the desired Shutdown/Delay for the outlet (in seconds), or accept the 90-second default, and check the corresponding checkbox. The shutdown/delay sets the time to wait after the shutdown notification before changing outlet state; range is 1-900 seconds; default is 90 seconds.

2. For an individual outlet in the list, type the desired Script/Delay for the outlet (in minutes) to set the time to wait after the script has executed to change outlet state, and check the corresponding checkbox; range is 1-15 minutes; default is 1 minute.

3. Provide the hostname/IP address for the target server.

4. Click **Apply**.

**About the Remote Shutdown Feature**

When the Remote Shutdown Agent is installed on the server and the Shutdown feature is configured on the PRO2, the following **shutdown process** occurs:

1. The Off or Reboot command is received by the PRO2.

2. Shutdown signal is sent to the Remote Shutdown Agent on the target server.

3. The Remote Shutdown Agent initiates a systematic shutdown of the target server for all actions that remove power from the outlet (such as the Off and Reboot commands), and allows the execution of user-defined scripts to perform custom activities, like safely shutting down open databases.

4. The PRO2 removes power from the outlet.
Shutdown and Smart Load Shedding

The Smart Load Shedding feature allows the load shedding of outlet loads, both on CDU and PRO2 products, based on UPS condition (on-battery), temperature level, and input current load.

The Shutdown feature for Switched products is also supported by the extended license-key feature Smart Load Shedding. A systematic shutdown is initiated by Smart Load Shedding events such as high temperature, high infeed load, and UPS “on battery” conditions.

Supported Operating Systems for Shutdown

Remote Shutdown Agents are available for the following operating systems:

- Linux: Red Hat 7.3, 8.0; Red Hat Enterprise 2.1 ES (update 5); 3.0 ES (update 4); Novell SUSE Linux Enterprise Server.
- Unix: HP-UX 11.0, 11i v1, 11i v2; IBM AIX 4.3, 5.3; Sun Solaris 8, 9, 10.
- Novell Netware: 6

Installing the Shutdown Agent

Note: For all operating systems shown below, if the IP address of the PRO2 is left blank in the last step of these installation instructions, any PRO2 can send a shutdown signal to the server.

Windows

1. Browse to the location of the Remote Shutdown Agent installation files.
2. Run setup.exe by double-clicking the icon.
3. Reply to the standard installation prompts.
4. For additional security, when prompted, enter the IP address of the PRO2 that will be sending the shutdown signal.

Linux

1. Browse to the location of the Remote Shutdown Agent installation files.
2. Run SetupRA.
3. For additional security, when prompted enter the IP address of the PRO2 that will be sending the shutdown signal.

Unix

1. Browse to the location of the Remote Shutdown Agent installation files.
2. Run Install.
3. For additional security, when prompted enter the IP address of the PRO2 that will be sending the shutdown signal.

Novell Netware

1. Browse to the location of the Remote Shutdown Agent installation files.
2. From the NetWare system console, load the configuration module (pmconfig.nlm) using the default path.
3. For additional security, when prompted enter the IP address of the PRO2 that will be sending the shutdown signal.
System > Trending

The Trending page generates a report (and related source data sets) of measured system trends over a 7-day period, with the range of each day from midnight to midnight. The trend data in the report is for viewing and analysis only – no actions occur automatically based on the data.

Each time a measurement is taken on the PRO2 unit, the measurement is aggregated into the metrics for the current day. The aggregation process includes updating the maximum and minimum values for each measurement, as well as updating the average with the new measurement.

To activate the trending feature:

1. Check the Enable checkbox.
2. Click Apply. The page automatically displays generated .csv trend report files, along with related source data sets, for viewing.

System Requirements for Trending

- Firmware, version 8.0x or later.
- SNTP must be enabled (to keep track of when the daily measurements are taken).
**What Data Does Trending Measure?**

**Requirements**
For the Trending feature to occur and display (for viewing only) on the PRO2 GUI at System > Trending, SNTP must be enabled to keep track of when daily measurements are taken.

Certain measurements for PIPS and POPS (if POPS is present) are tracked by the Trending feature:

For all PIPS cords/phases/lines, the following measurements are tracked:

- Phase voltage
- Line current
- Cord watts
- Cord power factor

**What is Measured?**
For all POPS outlets, the following measurements are tracked:

- Current
- Watts
- Power factor

**Additional Tracked Metrics**
For all of the above PIPS/POPS measurements, the following metrics will also be tracked:

- Minimum measurement
- Maximum measurement
- “In-use average” measurement

**Note:** PIPS is a standard feature on all PRO2 units, but if the unit does not have POPS, then only the PIPS measurements will be tracked.

**Requirements**
For the Trending feature to occur and display (for viewing only) on the PRO2 GUI at System > Trending, SNTP must be enabled to keep track of when daily measurements are taken.

Certain measurements for PIPS and POPS (if POPS is present) are tracked by the Trending feature:

For all PIPS cords/phases/lines, the following measurements are tracked:

- Phase voltage
- Line current
- Cord watts
- Cord power factor
How Does the Trending Feature Work?

Each time a measurement is taken on the PRO2 unit, the measurement is aggregated into the metrics for the current day. The aggregation process includes updating the maximum and minimum values for each measurement, as well as updating the average with the new measurement.

Any measurements that have no current or are turned off will not be aggregated; this means the “in-use average” metric will be the reported metric.

Each day’s worth of data will be stored in flash memory with a timestamp for use in generating a trending report. Only data from the last 8 days is kept. The report is not stored in flash memory but is regenerated into RAM after a system reboot.

If there is no data set that is 8 days old (1 week ago) for comparison, the trending data will indicate 100% increase for all reported trending data.

If the system is updated or units are moved/changed/removed/added, all trending will be restarted. In the event of communication loss to link units, trending data will not be lost.
About the Trending Report

- The report (and the data sets the report is generated from) are all stored separately.
- The report is created at midnight.
- The report contains the percent change of the average, maximum, and minimum measurements of the day compared to the daily metrics from the same day on the previous week (7 days ago).
- The data set contains the actual values that the report was generated from: the average, maximum, and minimum for the day.

Example of Line source data set

Accessing and Distributing the Trend Report and Data Sets

The report (and the individual data sets the report is generated from) are available at all times at Configuration > System > Trending as comma delimited text files (HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, SFTP interfaces).

The file format name of the report and data sets is “STI-trend-(object)-ymmd-d-macaddress.csv”.

 Optionally, after the report is generated, the report (and the most recent 24-hour period of data in a data set file) can be sent as an attachment to the primary and secondary “send to” email addresses.
System > Units

The **Units** page sets a descriptive system name for each PRO2 unit, configures asset management identification, determines outlet sequence, and sets the display orientation of the mounted unit. The page also sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for unit events.

The Purge and Restore link on the Units page displays another page to allow the clearing of current values in non-volatile (NV) memory from individual units, and the resetting of those values back to factory defaults.

To configure the PRO2 unit:

1. (Optional) Provide an asset tag identification for listed master and/or link units and check the Identity checkbox.

2. In the Unit Name field, provide a descriptive text name for the unit, from 0-32 characters. The ID is a system-assigned internal name and cannot be changed.

3. For Switched products, the PRO2 allows configuration of the power-on sequence of the outlets with the following available options. From the Outlet Sequence drop-down menu, select an option:
   - Normal: (Default) Powers on outlets in ascending numeric order by outlet number, for example, from outlet 1-8.
   - Reversed: Powers on outlets in descending order by outlet number; for example, from outlet 8-1. The Reversed option is useful when the PRO2 is mounted with inverted orientation and the last outlet (in this example, outlet 8) is in the first position.

4. From the Display Orientation drop-down menu, select an option:
   - Normal: Sets the LED display to be right-side up (for vertical mounting of the unit), and outlet sequencing to be 1 to n.
   - Inverted: Sets the LED display to be upside down.
   - Auto (Default): Sets automatic LED display orientation using internal orientation sensor.

5. For each unit listed on the page, check (or uncheck) the SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications checkboxes to enable (or disable) unit event notification for a specific unit.
Set Unit Defaults – System Settings Unchanged

The Set Unit Defaults – System Settings Unchanged function resets the following subset of configuration items (in the NIC of the master PRO2 unit) to factory default values:

- Power items: Cords, lines, phases, over-current protectors (OCPs), branches, outlets.
- Sensor items: Temperature, humidity, water*, contact closure*, ADC*
  (* = EMCU unit only)
- User-configuration items related to the above power/sensor areas: Object names, thresholds, hysteresis, nominal values, limits, system location, notification enables, shutdown settings, Bluetooth® options, Smart Load Shedding options, outlet options, and more.

Note: User-configured system-level items will not be reset to factory defaults: Users, groups, network, LDAP, TACACS, features, UPS devices, login banner, etc.

To purge/restore NV memory:

1. From the Units page, click the Unit Purge & Restore link to display the following page:

2. From the drop-down menu, select a unit as listed on the page by its internal system-assigned number in the ID field, such as unit A, unit B, etc., or select all units.

3. Click Purge. A message displays to confirm the purge action. The units selected will have NV memory purged and restored to factory default values.
System > UPS

The UPS page manages UPS devices connected to a PRO2 unit. A connected UPS device can be added to or deleted from the system. Several device options are available for configuration, including a configurable UPS name, and assignment of PRO2 lines to be powered by the UPS.

To add a new UPS:

1. Type a UPS name.
2. Select the UPS manufacturer from the Type drop-down menu.
3. Type an SNMP hostname/IP address in the field provided.
4. Click Apply. The new UPS displays in the list of UPS devices. The list displays in alphabetic order by UPS name.
Configuring a UPS:
For a UPS listed on the page, click the Edit link to display the edit window:

To configure a UPS:
1. From the Type drop-down list, select the UPS manufacturer.
2. Type the desired values for the SNMP-related fields or accept the defaults as shown on the page.
3. Check the corresponding checkboxes for the line(s) that are powered by the UPS. To select all lines for the UPS, click All (or click None to deselect all lines).
4. Click Apply.

To remove a UPS:
1. For a UPS listed, click the Remove link. You will be prompted to confirm the removal of the UPS.
Network (Setting Up Network Protocols)

The **Network** section of the Web interface provides network setup options for the protocols supported by PRO2: DHCP/IP, Email/SMTP, FTP, HTTP/HTTPS, LDAP, RADIUS, SNMP, SNTP, Syslog, TACACS+, and Telnet/SSH.

**Note:** The **Network** section only allows the administrator to set up network protocol parameters. To configure how the PRO2 user uses the network and system, see the **Access** section.

**Network > DHCP/IP**

The **DHCP/IP** page allows configuration of the acquisition method for the protocol stack, viewing of current network communication settings, determining static IPv4/IPv6 address formats, and enabling DHCP options.

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**To configure DHCP/IP:**

1. **Network:** Determines the acquisition method used for the protocol stack: “Disabled”, “Dual IPv6/IPv4”, or “IPv4 only”. For maximum backward compatibility, accept the default network mode “IPv4 only”.

2. **View the fields in the next section of the page as a quick reference for current network parameters:**

   For more information about how PRO2 handles the network with IPv6/IPv4 options, see [Network-Enabled Modes](#) in this user guide.
To configure static IPv4/IPv6:
1. IPv4/IPv6 Address/Gateway: Provide the address for these fields in either IPv4 or IPv6 format.
2. IPv4 Subnet Mask: If IPv4 is used, supply the IP address for the subnet mask in IPv4 format.
3. Primary/Secondary DNS: Provide the IP address for the primary and secondary DNS hostnames.

To configure DHCP settings:
1. DHCP: Check (or uncheck) Enable to enable/disable DHCP support.
2. FQDN: Provide the fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) name and check Enable.
3. Boot Delay: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable the Boot Delay option with the following results:
   - Enable: The Boot Delay option gives the PRO2 approximately 100-seconds to establish a connection through a DHCP server. The interval allows various network component activities to occur as the PRO2 powers up (such as obtaining SNTP time stamps for logging).
   - Disable: (Default) The Boot Delay option forces the PRO2 to boot after approximately 5-seconds regardless of the DHCP acquisition state. This speeds up a boot when a DHCP server is connected to one of the outlets in the PRO2. In this configuration, SNMP traps, SNTP, and other protocols will not be available until a DHCP address has been resolved.

Notes:
- The Boot Delay option executes only when DHCP is enabled.
- The firmware can detect network link integrity and will wait for network connection. This means that if the network is not currently connected, the enabled Boot Delay option will be ignored.

4. Static Address Fallback: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable the Static Address Fallback option with the following results:
   - Enable: The Static Address Fallback option informs the PRO2 to automatically fall back to a static address if a DHCP server does not respond after 90-seconds.
   - Disable: (Default) The Static Address Fallback option generates DHCP server requests until the PRO2 obtains a dynamic address.

Notes:
- The Static Address Fallback option executes only when DHCP is enabled.
- If the DHCP server boot time is excessive, you may need to disable the DHCP Static Address Fallback option.
- The DHCP Static Address Fallback option does not apply when WLAN is enabled.
**Network Defaults**

The PRO2 has the following network defaults to allow unit configuration through Telnet or Web:

- **IP Address:** 192.168.1.254
- **Subnet Mask:** 255.255.255.0
- **Gateway:** 192.168.1.1

The initial local PC network connection must be configured as follows:

- **IP Address:** 192.168.1.x (where x is 2-253).
- **Subnet Mask:** 255.255.255.0

**Note:** The PRO2 must be restarted after network configuration changes.
Network > Email/SMTP

The Email/SMTP page allows configuration of the Email/SMTP protocol and email options.

Authentication Notes:

- SMTP authentication allows the mail client in the PRO2 to log into the mail server during the process of sending an email. The mail server may require this login to relay mail to another mail server.

- The supported SMTP authentication types are: None (default, no SMTP authentication); Digest-MD5; CRAM-MD5; Login; Plain; and Any. SMTP authentication occurs with a configured username/password, or the address in the ‘From’ Address field with ‘From’ Address selected can be used in place of the username.

To configure SMTP protocol options:

1. Type the hostname/IP address in the SMTP Host field (either IPv4 or IPv6 format).
2. Provide the port number or accept the default as shown.
3. From the drop-down menu, select the authentication method, and from the “with” menu, select username or ‘from’ as described directly above in the notes.
4. Type the desired Email/SMTP username; spaces are not allowed.
5. Type the password for the username. The password sets the SMTP authentication with the username. Acceptable passwords are 1-32 alphanumeric characters, case-sensitive, and spaces are not allowed. To change the password, type over it, and check the Change box.
6. Provide the ‘From’ email address.
7. Provide the Primary/Secondary ‘Send To’ email address. If the primary ‘send to’ address fails, the system then attempts to send the email to the secondary ‘send to’ address.
8. From the Subject ID drop-down menu, select the “Sentry_nnnnnn” default option (where “nnnnnn” is the last 3 octets of the MAC address), or select the “Location” option to specify the email subject line.
9. Click Apply.
To configure Email notification options:

1. Check the Enable checkbox to enable Email notifications to be sent.

2. For the event notifications shown, check the corresponding Enable checkbox to enable an alert message via email. The events are:
   - EVENT: System activity event
   - AUTH: Authentication event
   - POWER: Power event
   - CONFIG: System configuration event
   - Trend Files: Sends the trend files via Email

3. Click Apply.
Network > FTP

The FTP configuration page allows configuring the settings required for the FTP client to perform FTP firmware uploads and automatic system uploads/downloads.

To configure FTP client options:

1. Type the hostname/IP addresses in the Host field (IPv4 or IPv6 format).
2. Type the FTP username in the Username field, 1-32 characters, spaces are allowed.
3. Provide a password for the FTP username. To change the password, check the Change box and type the new password.
4. Type the file path to be uploaded to the Directory field.
5. Type the filename to be uploaded in the Filename field.
6. The PRO2 is capable of scheduling automatic firmware updates. When enabled and configured, the PRO2 regularly checks the FTP server for a new firmware image and uploads the image. To enable Automatic Updates, check the Enable checkbox.
7. From the Scheduled Day and Scheduled Hour drop-down menus, select the desired day/hour for the automatic update.
8. The FTP upload configuration validates that the unit is able to contact and log into the specified FTP server, download the firmware file, and verify that the firmware file is valid for the unit. To initiate the test, click the Test button.

To configure FTP server options:

1. In the FTP Server area at the bottom of the page, check the Enable checkbox.

Notes:

- The FTP server must be enabled for configuration upload or download.
- Secure File Transport Protocol (SFTP) is also supported for encrypted SSH transport over the network.
Network > HTTP/HTTPS

The **HTTP/HTTPS** page configures server options for HTTP, HTTPS, and SSL, including user-defined certificates. The page also determines settings for the Sentry Power Manager (SPM) enterprise software product.

To configure **HTTP and HTTPS/SSL**:

1. **Server**: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkboxes to enable/disable support for the HTTP and/or HTTPS/SSL server options.

2. **Port**: Type a port number or accept the default HTTP/HTTPS/SSL port numbers as displayed. The HTTP default port number is 80; the SSL default port number is 443.

**Notes:**

- SSL-encrypted (HTTPS) must be used for secure website connections.
- The number of concurrent HTTP/S sessions supported depends on the web browser in use.

To configure **HTTPS/SSL only**:

1. **User Certificate**: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable support for custom user certificates.

2. **Passphrase**: Provide a passphrase (0-63 characters) for the new user certificate. To change the passphrase, type a new passphrase and check the Change checkbox.

3. **Stored Files**: This section displays a message (described in the following table) to confirm the upload status of the user certificate and its related public key.
### Custom User Certificate Messages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Message</th>
<th>Description and Valid Values/Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cert &amp; Key</td>
<td>Both the user certificate and its key were uploaded successfully.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cert</td>
<td>User certificate was uploaded without a key.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Cert</td>
<td>User certificate was not uploaded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factory Encrypted</td>
<td>User certificate was encrypted and uploaded at product assembly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td>Neither the user certificate nor its key were uploaded.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Installed Certificate: Shows the type of certificate that was installed – Factory, User, Company.

#### To configure Sentry Power Manager (SPM) options:

The Sentry Power Manager (SPM) is Server Technology's enterprise management software product for the data center. The configuration options provided allow you to enable/disable SPM and reset the SPM password to its default.

1. SPM Secure Access: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable SPM Secure Access. If your operation does not currently use SPM, you can disable this option. However, when the option is disabled, the PRO2 will not be able to use the secure network features or advanced remote configuration provided by SPM.

2. SPM Password: Each PRO2 unit has a unique default SPM password that communicates between SPM and the PRO2. For added security, when SPM discovers a PRO2 in the network, SPM changes the default password to a different (and unique) password and continues to manage or alter passwords as required for on-going system security. To reset the SPM password, click the Reset button.

3. Click Apply.

#### Notes:

- The SPM options apply only if you are currently using SPM.

- Both HTTP and HTTPS/SSL must be enabled or the SPM Secure Access will not be allowed. When allowed, the SPM Secure Access checkbox is enabled by default.

- Do not reset the SPM Password if SPM communication has already been established.
Network > LDAP

The LDAP page determines the protocol settings required to enable LDAP support.

**Note:** The Network > LDAP page is for LDAP network protocol management only. To manage LDAP user groups, see the Access > LDAP Groups page.

To configure LDAP:

1. LDAP: Enabled or Disabled displays on the page to show current LDAP status.
2. Primary/Secondary Host: Provide the hostname/IP address of the Directory Services server.
3. Port: Set the port number for the LDAP server, 1-65535 (Default is 389).
4. Bind Type: Sets the bind method for the LDAP server. The PRO2 supports three standard LDAP bind methods:
   - Simple: Uses unencrypted delivery of username-password over the network to the LDAP server for authentication, showing user credentials in plain text.
   - TLS/SSL: (LDAP over TLS/SSL) Uses a trusted authority certificate to provide encryption of LDAP authentication.
   - MD5: Provides strong protection using 1-way hash encoding that does not transmit the username-password over the network.
5. From the Bind Type drop-down menu, select Simple, TLS/SSL, or MD5. If TLS/SSL is selected, MD5 binding is disabled.
6. Search Bind: Provide the base distinguished name (DN) for the search bind and the Search Bind Password for the base DN. To change the password, type the new password, and check the Change checkbox.
7. User Search: Provide the distinguished name (DN) for the user search.
8. Filter: The User Search Filter sets the filter used for the username search at login.
9. Group Membership Attribute: Sets the user class distinguished name (DN) or names of groups a user is a member of.
10. Group Search: Click to enable the setting of the bind to search groups for the username (in addition to searching the usernames for its list of group memberships).
11. Base DN: Indicates where the LDAP group search will start.

12. User Membership Attribute: The user membership option allows the searching of directory entries of groups for a user membership attribute to find the groups for which the user is a member. Provide a comma-delimited string of up to two attribute names whose values in the search results are the users that are members of the group. Maximum numbers of characters is 61.

13. Click **Apply**.

Network > RADIUS

The **RADIUS** page provides configuration options for RADIUS server support.

**To configure the RADIUS server:**

1. **RADIUS**: Enabled or Disabled displays on the page to show current RADIUS status.

2. Sets the Primary/Secondary RADIUS server hostname/IP address used for RADIUS authentication requests. Maximum 63 characters.

3. **Shared Secret**: The RADIUS authentication key used for authentication requests. Up to 48 uppercase and lowercase alphanumeric and other typed characters (ASCII 33 to 126 decimal) are allowed; spaces are allowed; control characters are not allowed. To change the secret, edit the Shared Secret field (characters are not displayed) and check the Change checkbox.

   **Note:** The secret that was set for the primary server will not be cleared when setting the secret for the secondary server, and vice versa.

4. **Port Number**: Used by the RADIUS server for incoming RADIUS authentication requests. Provide a custom port number or accept the default port numbers as displayed. Valid range is 1-65535; default as shown on the screen is 1812.

5. **Timeout**: Specifies the time interval (in seconds) to wait for a reply from the RADIUS server before resending an authentication request. Provide the custom timeout value or accept the default timeout as displayed. Valid range is 1-30 seconds; default is 5 seconds.

6. **Retries**: Indicates the number of times an authentication request is sent to the RADIUS server. The PRO2 attempts authentication on the primary server until the number of retries is reached, then attempts authentication with the secondary server. If the PRO2 does not receive a response from the retry attempts, the authentication request will be rejected. Provide a number in the Retries field. Valid range is 0-10; default is 2.

7. Click **Apply**.
About RADIUS Vendor-Specific Attributes (VSA)

In addition to the protocol-required attributes, the RADIUS authentication process can be extended by using private vendor-specific attributes (VSA). This extension allows Server Technology to create its own proprietary attributes to support features and services using the PRO2 in the RADIUS authentication process.

Server Technology has defined and formatted RADIUS vendor-specific attributes (VSA) in the dictionary.sti file, which is available from Server Technology. The PRO2 is configured to recognize and use the configuration values in the file as specified by the network administrator, indicating to the RADIUS server that the defined attributes are based on Server Technology's unique enterprise vendor code.

Using the format of the dictionary.sti file (located on the Server Technology FTP site at ftp.servertech.com), the PRO2 RADIUS implementation supports the following vendor-specific attributes:

### Vendor-Specific Attribute (VSA) Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attribute</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| STI-Access-Level | Indicates user access level for the Switched PRO2; values are 1-6 as follows; a valid access level is required or access to the unit is denied.  
Valid Access Levels:  
1 = Admin  
2 = Power User  
3 = User  
4 = Reboot Only  
5 = On Only  
6 = View Only |
| STI-Env-Mon | Determines user access rights to environmental monitoring; values are Yes or No. For the STI-Access-Level value other than 1 (Admn), if STI-Env-Mon is not included for a user, default is no. |
| STI-Outlets | Specifies user access rights to outlets; values are space-delimited strings of absolute IDs, names, or the special keyword “ALL”. String values are case-sensitive and limited to 253 characters. This attribute can be repeated to append strings that declare additional access rights. For STI-Access Level values other than 1 (Admn) and 2 (Power User), if STI-Outlets is not included for a user, the default is no outlet. |
| STI-Groups | Specifies user access rights to groups of outlets; values are space-delimited strings of absolute IDs, names, or the special keyword “ALL”. String values are case-sensitive and limited to 253 characters. This attribute can be repeated to append strings that declare additional access rights. For STI-Access Level values other than 1 (Admn) and 2 (Power User), if STI-Groups is not included for a user, the default is no group. |
| STI-Ports | Specifies user access rights to ports; values are space-delimited strings of absolute IDs, names, or the special keyword “ALL”. String values are case-sensitive and limited to 253 characters. This attribute can be repeated to append strings that declare additional access rights. For STI-Access Level values other than 1 (Admn) and 2 (Power User), if STI-Ports is not included for a user, the default is no ports. |

**Note:** User access levels must be configured using the dictionary.sti file. If the administrator does not use the dictionary.sti file to configure a user, the user will not have access rights to the PRO2.

### Examples:

**Administrator with full access and configuration rights:**

```plaintext
sti-admin Auth-Type := Local, User-Password == "admin"  
STI-Access-Level = Admin
```

**Power user with environmental monitoring allowed and full outlet/group/port access rights:**

```plaintext
sti-power Auth-Type := Local, User-Password == "power"  
STI-Access-Level = Power-User,  
STI-Env-Mon = Yes
```

**User with environmental monitoring not allowed and specific outlet/group/port access rights:**

```plaintext
sti-user Auth-Type := Local, User-Password == "user"  
STI-Access-Level = User,  
STI-Env-Mon = No,  
STI-Outlets = ".A1 .A2 Rtr1 Rtr2 Srvr1 Srvr2",  
STI-Outlets += ".A3 .A4 Rtr3 Rtr4 Srvr3 Srvr4",  
STI-Groups = "Routers Servers",  
STI-Ports = "Console"
```
View-Only user with environmental monitoring allowed and all outlet and group access rights:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{sti-view Auth-Type} &= \text{Local, User-Password} = \text{"view"}, \\
\text{STI-Access-Level} &= \text{View-Only,} \\
\text{STI-Env-Mon} &= \text{Yes,} \\
\text{STI-Outlets} &= \text{"ALL",} \\
\text{STI-Outlets} &= \text{"ALL"}
\end{align*}
\]

**Network > SNMP**

The **SNMP** page provides the protocol and agent configuration options for SNMP support.

![SNMP Configuration](image)

**About SNMP Versions**

- The firmware supports SNMP v1, v2c, and v3.
- SNMP version 3 supports authentication and encryption on a per user basis. Authentication types are None and MD5. Encryption types are None and DES. If you use authentication, you must use encryption.
- Two SNMPv3 users are supported: one user with read-write (RW) access, and one user with read-Only (RO) access. Both users have the same configuration parameters, and you can configure each user independently.
- SNMPv2c and SNMPv3 can be enabled or disabled independently. You can have SNMPv2 and/or SNMPv3, or none.
**Concurrent Sessions**

SNMP is session-less and supports multiple simultaneous manager operations.

**To configure the SNMP v2 agent:**

1. Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable SNMP v2 support.
2. GET community (RO): Community strings for GET commands.
4. Click **Apply**.

*Note:* The default for SNMP support is **Enabled**. When Server Technology products are shipped, the default SNMP configuration for the GET community string is set to "public" and the SET community string is left **blank**.

**To configure the SNMP v3 agent:**

1. Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable SNMP v3 support.
2. Engine ID: Unique system-assigned ID for each PRO2 unit that cannot be user-edited.
3. For the Read/Write or Read-Only Username: Provide a username between 1-31 characters.
4. For the Read/Write or Read-Only User Auth Method: From drop-down menu, select the MD5 Authentication Only or MD5 Authentication & DES Privacy option, or accept the default None.
5. For the Read/Write or Read-Only User Auth Password: Provide a value between 1-39 characters. To clear the password, check Change checkbox.
6. For the Read/Write or Read-Only User Privacy Password: Provide a value between 1-31 characters. To clear the password, check Change checkbox.
7. Click **Apply**.

**To configure the SNMP trap:**

1. Format: Configures the SNMP trap format version. The trap format can be SNMP v1, v2c, or v3. The default is v1, regardless of the versions that are enabled for the agent.
2. v2 Community: SNMP trap community for PRO2.
3. v3 Username: (Optional). Provide a trap username to display on SNMP v3 activity logs to identify user actions. The trap username can be 1-31 alphanumeric characters; spaces are allowed; the name is case sensitive.
4. For Destination 1 and Destination 2: Provide first and second trap destinations as a hostname or IP address.
5. IP Restrictions: From the drop-down menu, select None (default) or Trap Destinations Only. If Trap Destinations Only is selected, SNMP Manager GET and SET requests are allowed only from the IP address of the defined trap destinations.
6. Error Repeat Time: Sets the SNMP trap repeat time for an object in an event condition. Provide a time value from 1 to 65535 (in seconds).
7. System Name/Location/Contact: (Optional) Type the system name, location, and contact string from 1-63 characters.
8. Click **Apply**.
Network > SNTP

The SNTP page provides configuration options for the SNTP server, time zone, and Daylight Saving Time (DST) automatic clock adjustment.

**About Daylight Saving Time (DST)**

Support for DST is enabled by default. When enabled, the date and time are automatically adjusted forward one hour between the starting and ending dates/times, which can be configured.

*Note:* If DST is enabled, all system time displays will be shown with the current DST start/end date/time settings.

The default time zone is set for the United States until at least 2015. The time zone format is `mo.w.d/h:m:s`, described as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DST Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mo</td>
<td>Both from January to December</td>
<td>1-12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w</td>
<td>Week number</td>
<td>1-4, or last week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d</td>
<td>Day of the week from Sunday to Saturday</td>
<td>0-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h</td>
<td>Hour</td>
<td>0-23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m</td>
<td>Minute</td>
<td>0-59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s</td>
<td>Second</td>
<td>0-59</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
To configure the SNTP server:

1. Local Date/Time: Displayed to show the local and current DST settings. To increment the settings (based on updates to the options for DST Start/DST End and day/time), click the Update link.

2. The Primary/Secondary Host fields contact the SNTP server. The fields are populated with the the external NTP pool time zones “2.servertech.pool.ntp.org” and “1.servertech.pool.ntp.org” as the default for new PRO2 units that have not yet been time set. To edit the host fields, type the desired hostname/IP address in the Primary/Secondary Host fields.

3. From the Local GMT Offset drop-down menu, select the extended local offset hours and provide minutes. The GMT offset supports all standard international time zones from -12:59 to +14:59. The GMT offset can be set in minutes to accommodate partial-hour time zones.

4. To enable Daylight Saving Time (DST), check the Enable box.

5. From the DST Start/End drop-down menus, set the start/end date/time options.

6. Click Apply.

Network > Syslog

The Syslog page supports RFC3164 and RFC5424 compliance and the configuration for standard message logging to enable offline storage and viewing of firmware log messages and system events.

To configure the Syslog server:

1. Host 1/Host2: Set the Syslog server address by typing the hostname/IP address in the Host1 and/or Host2 field(s). Both IPv4 and IPv6 IP address formats are allowed.

2. Port: When Syslog support is enabled, the Syslog server responds to requests on the default Syslog port number 514 as displayed on the page. If necessary, edit the port number.

3. Debug Messaging: To enable debug messaging in the Syslog debug log, check the Enable box.

4. Protocol: From the drop-down menu, select the RFC protocol that determines behavior of the Syslog server and message transmission.

5. Click Apply.
Network > TACACS+

The TACACS+ page allows configuration for TACACS+ server options, encryption key, and user privilege levels.

To configure TACACS+ server options:

1. Type the hostname/IP address in the Primary/Secondary Host fields (IPv4 or IPv6 format).
2. Type the new port number or accept the default 49 as shown in the screen example. The PRO2 uses the port number to send TACACS+ requests.
3. Click Apply.

About the TACACS+ Encryption Key

The encryption key is used to encrypt all data packets between the PRO2 and the TACACS+ server:

- The key must match the key configured on the TACACS+ server.
- The key can be up to 60 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.
- For security, characters in the key are not displayed.
- If you provide “0” for the key, the result may be that the key is not applied, as “0” may not be supported by the TACACS+ server. It is recommended for product environment and security not to enter “0” for the key.
- The Encryption Key Status field on the screen displays “(set)” or “(not set)” to indicate current status of the key.

To configure the encryption key:

1. Type the New Encryption Key in the field provided.
2. In the Verify New Encryption Key field, retype the key.
3. Click Apply.
Assigning User Access Rights to TACACS+ Privilege Levels

1. At the bottom of the TACACS+ screen, click the TACACS+ Privilege Levels link to display the following edit page which shows the current user access level for each TACACS+ privilege level.

2. For a privilege level shown in the above list, click **Access** to display the Privilege Level Access page:

3. Check individual boxes to grant user access (or uncheck boxes to deny access) to specific system resources: monitors, remote ports, outlet groups, and individual outlets. To grant (or deny) access to all (or none) of the resources in a group, click All or None.

4. Click **Apply**.
Configuring TACACS+ Privilege Levels

The PRO2 supports 16 different TACACS+ privilege levels. The administrative-level user can configure 15 privilege levels. One level is reserved by default for access to all PRO2 resources by the administrative-level user. Six defined user privilege levels are available: Admin, Power User, User, On-Only User, Reboot-Only User, and View-Only User.

1. At the bottom of the TACACS+ screen, click the TACACS+ Privilege Levels link to display the following edit page which shows the current user access level for each TACACS+ privilege level.

2. For a privilege level shown in the above list, click Edit to display the TACACS+ Privilege Level Edit page:
3. From the Access Level drop-down menu, select a user access level for the displayed TACACS+ privilege level, as described:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User Access Level (highest to lowest)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administrator</td>
<td>Administrative user; full access for all configuration, all outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power User</td>
<td>Full access for all outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and serial/pass-thru ports. Note: The Power User does not have access to user management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reboot-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (Reboot), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (On), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>View-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for status and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Click **Apply**.
Network > Telnet/SSH

The Telnet/SSH page provides server, port, and authentication options for support of Telnet and SSH.

To configure the Telnet server and/or SSH server:

1. Server: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable support for Telnet and/or SSH.
2. Port: Type a custom port number or accept the default port number 23 (for Telnet) or the default port number 22 (for SSH), as displayed on the page.
3. For SSH only – Authentication Method: The SSH server supports the following authentication methods.
   - Keyboard Interactive: The SSH server controls an information field followed by one or more prompts requesting credential information from the SSH client. The client gathers credential information typed by the user and sends it back to the server. The Keyboard Interactive method is controlled by the SSH server.
   - Password: The SSH client gathers username/password credentials and makes the authentication request to the SSH server with the credentials. The Password method is controlled by the SSH client.
   - Keyboard Interactive or Password: (Default). Allows either method.
4. From the drop-down menu, select one of the security methods described above, or accept the default, as displayed.
5. Click Apply.

Telnet/SSH Concurrent Sessions

- For Telnet: 4 concurrent sessions allowed; also allowed are 4 Telnet and 4 SSH sessions simultaneously.
- For SSH: 4 concurrent sessions allowed; also allowed are 4 SSH and 4 Telnet sessions simultaneously.
The WLAN Solution

A high performance Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) solution is available, for firmware 8.0c or later, and using Wi-Fi capable PRO2 products.

The wireless network solution is designed according to IEEE standards 802.11b/g/n 2.4 GHz for implementing network connectivity using Wi-Fi.

When enabled, the Configuration > Network page displays the WLAN option, as follows, where Wi-Fi settings are configured:

For more information about setting network configurations for the wireless network, a description of the PRO2 products designated for this solution, and considerations for access point (AP) installation, see Server Technology’s website, www.servertech.com, for Technical Note, 303-9999-37, “Wi-Fi Solution with 802.11b/g/n Support for Wi-Fi Capable PRO2 Products.”
Access (Managing Users)

The Access section of the Web interface determines how a PRO2 user works with the network and system by configuring the options related to a user: authentication, privilege levels, user access to the unit, and additional functions for individual local users and user groups.

Note: The Access section only allows the administrator to determine how the PRO2 user uses the network and system. To set up network protocol parameters, see the Network section.

Access > General

The General page allows configuration of local and remote access settings.

To configure general system access:

1. Access Method: From the drop-down menu, select an option to enable one of several authentication methods to control user access to the PRO2. Only one method can be enabled at a time: Local Only (default), LDAP Only, LDAP Then Local, RADIUS Only, RADIUS Then Local, TACACS+ Only, TACACS+ Then Local.

2. Button Configuration Reset: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable (or disable) physical access to the Reset button on the PRO2 hardware.

   The PRO2 is designed with a reset button on the hardware unit that can be used when a forgotten firmware password prevents logging into the unit. The reset button sets all configuration values back to factory default settings, allowing the administrator to retrieve the admn/admn default administrator login.

   To access the button on the unit, you need a non-conductive metallic tool that fits inside the recess. If you press and hold the Reset button on the unit for more than 15 seconds, the reset action will terminate.

Note: This method of physical access to the unit will not work if the reset button has already been disabled by the administrator through the firmware GUI at Configuration > Access > General > Button Configuration Reset (show in the screen example above) or through the firmware CLI with the set access button [enabled/disabled] command. For security, the administrator can choose to disable the button through firmware to inhibit a user from causing a reset on the unit.
3. Local Administrator Account: Removes the last local administrator account when remote authentication (LDAP, TACACS+, or RADIUS) is in use. Only a remotely-authenticated administrator can remove the last local administrator account.

Accept the “Required” option (default), or select “Optional”. Selecting “Optional” disables the restriction to remove the last local administrator, and also enables the Configuration Reset Button.

In turn, disabling the Configuration Reset Button automatically changes the Local Administrator Account to “Required”. When this change occurs, if no local administrator accounts are present, the Configuration Reset Button will be set back to enabled.

Both the Local Administrator Account drop-down and the Configuration Reset Button turn the other field on if one of them has an Optional setting or is unchecked (disabled).

Note: For PRO2 or PRO1 units only. If LDAP, TACACS+, or RADIUS is unreachable, or if LDAP, TACACS+, or RADIUS parameters have changed, you may not be able to log into the PRO2 or PRO1 unit.

3. Strong Passwords: From the drop-down menu, select Optional or Required. The PRO2 supports strong passwords for enhanced system security. From the Strong Passwords drop-down menu, select Optional or Required. If Required, the strong password requirement is applied against all new passwords with the following rules:
   - Minimum of 8 characters long, at least one uppercase letter, at least one lowercase letter, one number, and one special character.
   - When a strong password is changed, a minimum of four characters positions must be changed to define the new password.

4. Custom CLI Prompt: Type a custom text string for the Command Line Interface (CLI) prompt, or leave blank for the default prompt “Switched CDU:”

5. CLI Session Timeout: Enter a timeout period (in minutes). The valid timeout range is 1 to 1440 minutes (24 hours); the default is 5 minutes.

6. Web Session Timeout: Enter a timeout period (in minutes). The valid timeout range is 1 to 1440 minutes (24 hours); the default is 5 minutes.

7. Web Log Entries Per Page: Set the number of entries displayed on the system log, from 10 to 250.

8. Default Log Order: From the drop-down menu, specify the order of the event entries on the system log – oldest events or newest events displayed first in the log.

9. StartUp Stick: Check (or uncheck) to enable (or disable) StartUp Stick®. StartUp Stick is a separate Server Technology tool for streamlining the mass configuration of PDU operating parameters.

10. Click Apply.
Login Banner:
Clicking the Login Banner link displays a blank banner edit window. The following example shows a custom message:

Type the banner text and click **Apply**. To clear the typed entry and start over, click **Cancel**.

**Notes:**
- The login banner can be up to 2070 characters long and will be displayed prior to the login prompt.
- If the login banner is left blank, the user will be taken directly to the login prompt.
- For an SSH connection, the banner length is truncated to 1500 bytes in SSH packets to avoid failure of the SSH connection when configured with a long text banner.
Access > Local Users

The Local Users page allows the administrator to manage options for local users, including creating new users, changing user passwords, setting user access level, and granting user access to various resources of the PRO2.

To create a new local user:

1. In the User Name field, type a 1-32 character user name; no spaces; user names are not case-sensitive.
2. Type the user’s password; type a 1-32 character password; ASCII 33 to 126 decimal characters are allowed; passwords are case-sensitive.
3. Verify the password.
4. Click Apply.

To grant access rights to a user:

1. For the user name displayed in the list, click the Access link. The Local User Access page displays to allow granting access rights to selected PRO2 monitors, remote ports, outlet groups, and individual outlets by checking corresponding checkboxes. To deny access to an individual resource, uncheck the related checkbox. To grant (or deny) access to all resources in a displayed group, click All or None.
2. Click Apply.
To set a user’s access level:

1. For the user name displayed in the list, click the Edit link. The Local User Edit page displays.
2. From the Access Level drop-down menu, select the desired user access level as described in the table below.
3. Click **Apply**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User Access Level (highest to lowest)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administrator</td>
<td>Administrative user; Full access for all configuration, all outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power User</td>
<td>Full access for all outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and serial/pass-thru ports. <strong>Note:</strong> The Power User does not have access to user management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reboot-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (Reboot), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (On), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>View-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for status and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Monitor</td>
<td>Access to all “stat” commands on the Command Line Interface (CLI).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To change a user’s password:

1. For the user name displayed in the list, click the Edit link. The Local User Edit page displays.
2. Type the user’s new password; type a 1-32 character password; ASCII 33 to 126 decimal characters are allowed; passwords are case-sensitive.
3. Verify the new password.
4. Click **Apply**.

To delete a local user:

1. For the user name displayed in the list, click the Remove link. You will be prompted with a confirmation for the delete action.
2. Click **OK** or **Cancel**.

**Note:** The admn default administrator account cannot be removed unless administrative access has already been granted to another administrative account.
Access > LDAP Groups

The LDAP Groups page allows the administrator to manage options for LDAP user groups, including creating new LDAP groups, establishing the LDAP group access level, and granting LDAP group access to various resources of the PRO2.

---

To create a new LDAP group:

1. In the LDAP Group Name field, type a 1-32 character LDAP group name; no spaces; LDAP group names are not case-sensitive.

2. Click Apply.

To grant access rights to an LDAP group:

1. For the LDAP group name displayed in the list, click the Access link. The LDAP Group Access page displays to allow granting access rights to selected PRO2 monitors, remote ports, outlet groups, and individual outlets by checking corresponding checkboxes. To deny access to an individual resource, unchecked the related checkbox. To grant (or deny) access to all resources in a displayed group, click All or None.

2. Click Apply.

---

The LDAP Groups page is for LDAP group management only. To configure parameters for the LDAP network protocol, go to **Configuration > Network > LDAP**, or click the LDAP Network Settings link on this page.
To set an LDAP group’s access level:

1. For the LDAP group name displayed in the list, click the Edit link. The LDAP Group Edit page displays.
2. From the Access Level drop-down menu, select the desired user access level as described in the table below.
3. Click Apply.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User Access Level (highest to lowest)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administrator</td>
<td>Administrative user; Full access for all configuration, all outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power User</td>
<td>Full access for all outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and serial/pass-thru ports. Note: The Power User does not have access to user management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reboot-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (Reboot), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (On), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>View-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for status and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Monitor</td>
<td>Access to all “stat” commands on the Command Line Interface (CLI).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To delete an LDAP group:

1. For the LDAP group name displayed in the list, click the Remove link. You will be prompted with a confirmation for the delete action.
2. Click OK or Cancel.
Access > TACACS+ Privileges

The TACACS+ Privileges page allows the administrator to manage options for TACACS+ user groups, including establishing TACACS+ privilege levels and granting TACACS+ privilege level access to various areas of the PRO2.

Note: The PRO2 supports 16 different TACACS+ privilege levels with 15 configurable levels and 1 level (“0”) reserved by default for administrator-level access to all PRO2 resources.

To set a TACACS+ privilege level:

1. For the TACACS+ Privilege Level displayed in the list, click the Edit link. The TACACS+ Privilege Level Edit page displays.
2. From the Access Level drop-down menu, select the desired user access level as described in the table below.
3. Click Apply.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User Access Level (highest to lowest)</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administrator</td>
<td>Administrative user; Full access for all configuration, all outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power User</td>
<td>Full access for all outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and serial/pass-thru ports. <strong>Note:</strong> The Power User does not have access to user management.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (On, Off, Reboot), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reboot-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (Reboot), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for outlet power control actions (On), status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>View-Only User</td>
<td>Partial access for status and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System Monitor</td>
<td>Access to all “stat” commands on the Command Line Interface (CLI).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
To grant access rights to a TACACS+ privilege level:

1. For the TACACS+ Privilege Level displayed in the list, click the Access link. The TACACS+ Privilege Level Access page displays to allow granting access rights to selected PRO2 monitors, remote ports, outlet groups, and individual outlets by checking corresponding checkboxes. To deny access to an individual resource, uncheck the related checkbox. To grant (or deny) access to all resources in a displayed group, click All or None.

2. Click **Apply**.
Tools (Using Support Functions)

The Tools section of the Web interface is a collection of several utility options for miscellaneous system actions: changing user password, pinging other network devices, viewing the system/debug log, and uploading new firmware versions.

Also included are several options for rebooting the PRO2, resetting the PRO2 to factory defaults, and restarting the PRO2 with user preferences.

Tools > Change Password

This Change Password option allows firmware users to change their own passwords.

To change your password:

1. Type your current password, your new password, and verify the new password.
2. Click Apply.
Tools > Ping

The Ping option tests the ability of the PRO2 to contact the IP address of another Ethernet-enabled device.

To issue a ping:

1. Type the hostname/IP address to ping (IPv4 or IPv6 format).
2. Click Apply.

If the ping was successful, a responding message is displayed, similar to:

10.1.1.70 is responding (<1ms)

For LDAP support, the Ping feature can test the configuration of the DNS IP address by testing for proper name resolution.
Tools > Restart

The Restart option offers several options for restarting the PRO2.

To initiate a system restart:

1. From the Action drop-down menu, select a restart option as described in the table below.
2. Click Apply.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Restart</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart</td>
<td>Restart</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart and reset to factory defaults</td>
<td>Restart and reset to factory defaults, except network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart and download firmware via FTP</td>
<td>Restart and generate a new X.509 certificate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart and compute new SSH keys</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Restart Options for the PRO2:**

**Note:** PRO2 products support unit persistence. This means that if a link unit is connected to a master unit, and the link unit is disconnected (powered down or accidentally disconnected), and the master unit is restarted, the link unit will be reported as “Not Found” after the restart because the link unit is no longer physically connected to the master.

However, the association between the master/link units is retained to allow the continuation of alerts. If the disconnected link unit is physically re-connected to the master, the “Not Found” status will return to “Normal” status.

To intentionally remove a link unit from connection with a master unit, the link unit must be purged using the Purge function.

Unit persistence affects **all connected PRO2 master/link units** whether or not they are connected in a multi-linking configuration.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>This restart option…</th>
<th>performs this action on the PRO2…</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Restart</td>
<td>Performs a warm boot; system user/outlet/outlet group configuration settings and outlet states are not changed or reset with the <strong>restart</strong> command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart and reset to factory defaults</td>
<td>Resets the non-volatile RAM where configuration values are stored. This option clears all administrator-editable fields and resets all CLI configurable options to their factory default values, including all user accounts. Resetting the PRO2 to factory default values also resets all TCP/IP and Telnet/Web configurations. Reconfiguring TCIP/IP and Telnet/Web settings is required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart and reset to factory defaults, except network</td>
<td>Same action as “Restart and reset to factory defaults” described directly above, but network protocol settings are not changed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart and download firmware via FTP</td>
<td>New versions of firmware can be uploaded using FTP. To begin an FTP upload session, you must first configure the FTP host address, username/password, filename, and filepath. When initiating an FTP upload session, the PRO2 restarts and uploads the firmware file specified with the FTP filename command from the previously configured FTP host.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart and generate a new X.509 certificate</td>
<td>Generates a new X.509 certificate issued and signed by a certificate-authority.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restart and compute new SSH keys</td>
<td>Generates new private and public SSH keys with the proper location and permission.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
About the Reset Button on the PRO2 Unit:

The PRO2 is designed with a **Reset** button on the hardware unit that can be used when a forgotten firmware password prevents logging into the unit. The **Reset** button sets all configuration values back to factory default settings, allowing the administrator to retrieve the admn/admn default administrator login.

To access the button on the unit, you need a non-conductive metallic tool that fits inside the recess. If you press and hold the **Reset** button on the unit for more than 15 seconds, the reset action will terminate.

**Note:** This method of physical access to the unit will not work if the **Reset** button has already been disabled by the administrator through the firmware GUI at **Configuration > Access > General > Configuration Reset Button**, or through the firmware CLI with the **set access button [enabled/disabled]** command. For security, the administrator can choose to disable the button through firmware to inhibit a user from causing a reset on the unit.

Tools > View Log

This tool displays the internal system event log for viewing by the administrative user. The log records all authentication attempts, power actions, configuration changes, and other system events, and also supports email notifications.

System memory stores more than 4000 entries in a continuously aging log. For permanent off-system log storage, the Syslog protocol is supported.

To filter the system log:

1. Type a text string in the Log Filter box.
2. Click the **Filter** button. The system/debug log is searched by the entered text and displays only the matching entries. To clear the filtered page and return to a full system log, click the **Clear** button.
This example shows the filtered results of the system log (highlighted in the example) filtered by “BA:L1”.

To sort system log entries:
The entries in the System/Debug Log can be displayed in ascending or descending order (based on the internal index number in the Index column) by clicking one of the following icons:

For ascending order, click ▲. For descending order, click ▼.

About the index:
The index number is assigned internally to control the sequence and identity of displayed System/Debug Log entries. The Index cannot be user-edited.

Date/Time stamp:
The date and time stamp records the details of the system event timeframe. To display the date/time stamp, SNTP server support must be configured.

Level (Lvl):
Indicates the level of the status icons displayed in the System Log.

Type:
The System Log supports the following types of event messages:

- AUTH: All attempts to authenticate
- CONFIG: All changes in system configuration
- EVENT: All general system events, for example, exceeded threshold limits
- POWER: All requests for a power state change

Message text:
A text line that describes the detailed parameters of the event. If the event is associated with a user, the user’s name will be included in the message text.
System log status icons:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>✔</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🎨</td>
<td>Configuration Change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🛡️</td>
<td>Low/High Warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⚠️</td>
<td>Low/High Alarm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Options for Log Viewing**

Viewing options for the System Log are set on the Configuration > Access page:

- **Web Log Entries Per Page**: Specifies the number of entries displayed on the System Log and the Debug Log. The maximum number of entries in the Debug Log can be set to 4,000. If the total number of entries exceed the maximum entries allowed, then Syslog will be used.
- **Default Log Order**: Sets the display of the Debug Log to the newest entry first or the oldest entry first.
**The Debug Log**

Along with the System Log, the Debug Log is also provided. The Change link on each log toggles between logs, as illustrated in the following two examples:

Click the Change link from the System Log (above) to display the following Debug Log:

![Debug Log Example](image)

The icons, fields and information columns shown on the Debug Log function the same way as described for the System Log with the following exceptions:

- The only log type is DEBUG.
- The only icon displayed on log entries indicates a debug entry: 📡.

To return to the System Log, click the Change link again.
Chapter 5: Using the Command Line Interface (CLI)

This chapter shows how to work with the firmware CLI (version 8.0x or later) for the PRO2.

Logging In

Logging in through Telnet requires directing the Telnet client to the configured IP address of the unit.

A login through the console (RS232) port requires the use of a terminal or terminal emulation software configured to support ANSI or VT100, and a supported data rate of 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9699, 19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200 bps (default rate is 9600); 8 data bits-no parity, 1 stop bit, and device ready output signal (DTR or DSR).

To login by Telnet or RS232 (CLI):

At the command prompt, initiate a Telnet session (telnet [IP address]). The Telnet session automatically opens the login prompt, showing the current product and firmware version.

```
Sentry Switched CDU Version 8.0
Username: admn
Password:
Location:
Switched CDU:
```

The default administrative-level user login (admn/admn) was used for this example.

Press Enter.

The command line prompt, such as “Switched CDU:” (for Cabinet Distribution Unit) in this example, displays for the PRO2 product, and you are now logged into the firmware Command Line Interface (CLI).

If a location identifier was user-defined, that location will also be displayed, as shown in the example.

Quick Tour of the Command Line

The features and requirements of the command line are presented in this section.

Running Commands

To run a command, type the command, and while it is displayed on the command line, press Enter.

When a command is used to edit configuration settings, the values will be updated immediately.

Commands can be typed in any combination of uppercase and lowercase characters. All characters in the command must be entered correctly and command abbreviations are invalid.

If an invalid command or an incorrectly typed command is entered, one of the following messages displays:

- “Invalid parameter” with a display of the correct menu options, or
- “[command] is not recognized as an internal or external command, operable program, or batch file.”

Using the Escape (ESC) Feature

At any time during the typing of a command, press ESC to cancel and clear all typed characters from the command line.

Even when setting a user password or other command where a specific prompt has displayed, pressing ESC quickly cancels the displayed prompt and the typed command.
Using CTRL-C to Cancel Commands

CLI command operations can be cancelled by using the keys CTRL-C, where applicable.

Editing Commands

Several editing actions are available when typing a command:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>This edit action…</th>
<th>does this on the command line…</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Left Arrow ⬅</td>
<td>Moves cursor to the left to correct a typed character.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right Arrow →</td>
<td>Moves cursor to the right to correct a typed character.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Backspace Key</td>
<td>Deletes typed command one character at a time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insert Key</td>
<td>Inserts a character in the command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete Key</td>
<td>Deletes a character in the command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Key</td>
<td>Moves to the first character of the command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End Key</td>
<td>Moves to the last character of the command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esc</td>
<td>Clears typed characters from the command line.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CTRL-C</td>
<td>Cancels CLI operations, where applicable.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Retrieving Command History

The CLI provides a command history feature for the last X commands entered, using the Up and Down keys.

To display a previously entered command, press the ↑ arrow key. After the ↑ arrow key has been pressed, you can then press the ↓ arrow key to display a previously entered command in reverse order. Pressing the keys displays one command at a time.

To erase the command history, press Esc.

Displaying the Command Menu

The main menu of valid top-level commands can be displayed at any time during a CLI session.

At the command prompt, do one of the following:

- Type help and press Enter
- Type ? and press Enter

Example:

Switched CDU: help

Switched CDU commands:

```
add bstat connect create cstat delete dir list login logmon
logout istat ocpstat off on ostat password ping pstat reboot
remove restart senstat set show shutdown status sysstat upsstat
ustat version
```

Example:

Switched CDU: ?

Switched CDU commands:

```
add bstat connect create cstat delete dir list login logmon
logout istat ocpstat off on ostat password ping pstat reboot
remove restart senstat set show shutdown status sysstat upsstat
ustat version
```
Displaying the Submenus

To view submenus of valid options for a command, type the main command and press Enter:

Example:
Switched CDU: set
'set' menu options:
  access banner bluetooth branch config cord dhcp dns email
  energywise feature ftp http https ipv4 ipv6 ldap ldapgroup line
  loadshed location net ocp outlet phase port radius sensor snmp
  sntp spm ssh syslog tacacs tacpriv telnet unit ups user

Example::
Switched CDU: show
'show' menu options:
  access bluetooth branches config cords email energywise features
  ftp ldap lines loadshed log network ocp outlets phases ports
  radius sensors shutdown snmp sntp syslog system tacacs units ups

Command Syntax Notes
The following conventions apply to the command syntax shown in the Command Details section:

[argument] mandatory argument that is not prompted for.

[argument] optional argument that is not prompted for.

.argument> argument that will be prompted for if not specified on the command line.

{argument} argument that can only be prompted for.

Example (set access command):

set access
  Sets user access configurations.

Command Syntax
  set access button [disabled | enabled]
  set access clitimeout <value>
  set access localadmin [required | optional]
  set access logorder [newest | oldest]
  set access method [localonly | ldaponly | ldaplocal | radiusonly | radiuslocal |
  tacacsonly | tacacslocal]
  set access prompt <prompt string>
  set access strongpw [optional | required]
  set access webloglen <value>
  set access webtimeout <value>
## List of Commands

Click a linked command name in the following table to display detailed information about using the command.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Add Commands</strong></td>
<td>The Add command group adds control access for outlets/outlet groups, and connection pass-thru to specified ports for LDAP, TACACS+, and local users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>add groupoldap</td>
<td>Adds control access for an outlet group to an LDAP group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>add groupotacacs</td>
<td>Adds control access for an outlet group to a TACACS+ privilege level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>add groupouser</td>
<td>Adds control access for an outlet group to a local user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>add outletoldap</td>
<td>Adds control access for an outlet to an LDAP group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>add outletotacacs</td>
<td>Adds control access for an outlet to a TACACS+ privilege level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>add outletouser</td>
<td>Adds control access for an outlet to a local user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>add portoldap</td>
<td>Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to an LDAP group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>add portotacacs</td>
<td>Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a TACACS+ privilege level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>add portouser</td>
<td>Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a local user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bstat</td>
<td>Displays the latest status and metrics for all branches in the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>connect</td>
<td>Redirects the current CLI session to the target port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Create Commands</strong></td>
<td>The Create command group creates new outlet groups, LDAP groups, UPS devices, and local users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>create group</td>
<td>Creates a new outlet group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>create ldapgroup</td>
<td>Creates a new LDAP group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>create ups</td>
<td>Creates a new uninterruptable power supply (UPS).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>create user</td>
<td>Creates a new local user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cstat</td>
<td>Displays the latest status and metrics for all cords in the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Delete Commands</strong></td>
<td>The Delete command group deletes access for outlets, outlet groups, and connection pass-thru to a specified port from LDAP groups, TACACS+ privilege levels, and local users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete groupfromldap</td>
<td>Deletes control access for an outlet group from an LDAP group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete groupfromtacacs</td>
<td>Deletes control access for an outlet group from a TACACS+ privilege level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete groupfromuser</td>
<td>Deletes control access for an outlet group from a local user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete outletfromgroup</td>
<td>Deletes control access for an outlet from an outlet group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete outletfromldap</td>
<td>Deletes control access for an outlet from an LDAP group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete outletfromtacacs</td>
<td>Deletes control access for an outlet from a TACACS+ privilege level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete outletfromuser</td>
<td>Deletes control access for an outlet from a local user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete portfromldap</td>
<td>Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port from an LDAP group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete portfromtacacs</td>
<td>Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port from a TACACS+ privilege level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delete portfromuser</td>
<td>Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a local user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dir</td>
<td>Directory; displays the contents of the active working path in the file system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**List Commands**

The List command displays outlets in an outlet group, users, user groups, outlets, ports, and TACACS+ privileges.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>list group</td>
<td>Lists the outlets that are collected in an outlet group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list groups</td>
<td>Lists all outlet groups.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list ldapgroup</td>
<td>Lists the access level of an LDAP group and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that LDAP group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list ldapgroups</td>
<td>Lists all LDAP groups.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list outlets</td>
<td>Lists all outlets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list ports</td>
<td>Lists all ports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list tacpriv</td>
<td>Lists the access level of a TACACS+ privilege level and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that TACACS+ privilege level.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list tacprivil</td>
<td>Lists all TACACS+ privilege levels.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list user</td>
<td>Lists the access level of a local user and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>list users</td>
<td>Lists all local users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>login</td>
<td>Performs system login and access verification.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logmon</td>
<td>Displays the system log (monitor) messages in the CLI session as they occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logout</td>
<td>Quits the current CLI session.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lstat</td>
<td>Displays the latest status and metrics for all lines in the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ocpstat</td>
<td>Displays the latest status and metrics for all over-current protectors (OCPs) in the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>off</td>
<td>Turns off the specified outlet or outlet group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>on</code></td>
<td>Turns on the specified outlet or outlet group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>ostat</code></td>
<td>Displays the latest status and metrics for all outlets in the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>password</code></td>
<td>Changes the password for the current local user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>ping</code></td>
<td>Tests the ability of the PRO2 to contact an IP address for another Ethernet-enabled device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>psstat</code></td>
<td>Displays the latest status and metrics for all phases in the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>reboot</code></td>
<td>Turns off the specified outlet or outlet group, and then turns it back on after a delay.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Remove Commands

The Remove command group removes outlet groups, LDAP groups, UPS devices, and local users from the system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>remove group</code></td>
<td>Removes an outlet group from the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>remove ldapgroup</code></td>
<td>Removes an LDAP group from the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>remove ups</code></td>
<td>Removes a UPS from the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>remove user</code></td>
<td>Removes a local user from the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>restart</code></td>
<td>Restarts the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>senstat</code></td>
<td>Displays the latest status and metrics for all sensors in the system.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Set Commands

The Set command group sets the configuration values for numerous system areas.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>set access</code></td>
<td>Sets user configuration access.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set banner</code></td>
<td>Sets the system banner that displays before a user authenticates a user session.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set bluetooth</code></td>
<td>Sets Bluetooth® configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set branch</code></td>
<td>Sets branch configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set cord</code></td>
<td>Sets cord configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set dhcp</code></td>
<td>Sets DHCP configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set dns</code></td>
<td>Sets Domain Name System (DNS) server configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set email</code></td>
<td>Sets email configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set energywise</code></td>
<td>Sets Cisco EnergyWise configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set feature</code></td>
<td>Enables new system features.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set ftp</code></td>
<td>Sets FTP configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><code>set http</code></td>
<td>Sets HTTP configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set https</td>
<td>Sets HTTPS configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set ipv4, set ipv6</td>
<td>Sets IPv4 and IPv6 configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set ldap</td>
<td>Sets LDAP configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set ldapgroup</td>
<td>Sets configuration values for LDAP group access rights.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set line</td>
<td>Sets line configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set loadshed</td>
<td>Sets Smart Load Shedding configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note:</strong> Only available if the Smart Load Shedding feature is activated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set location</td>
<td>Sets the system location string.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set net</td>
<td>Sets network mode configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set ocp</td>
<td>Sets over-current protector (OCP) configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set outlet</td>
<td>Sets outlet configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set phase</td>
<td>Sets phase configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set port</td>
<td>Sets serial port configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set radius</td>
<td>Sets Radius server configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set sensor</td>
<td>Sets sensor configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set snmp</td>
<td>Sets SNMP configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set sntp</td>
<td>Sets SNTP configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set spm</td>
<td>Sets Sentry Power Manager (SPM) access configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set ssh</td>
<td>Sets SSH configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set syslog</td>
<td>Sets Syslog configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set tacacs</td>
<td>Sets TACACS+ server configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set tacpriv</td>
<td>Sets TACACS+ configuration values for privilege level access rights.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set telnet</td>
<td>Sets Telnet configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set trend</td>
<td>Sets power trending configurations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set unit</td>
<td>Sets PRO2 configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set ups</td>
<td>Sets UPS device configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set user</td>
<td>Sets configuration values for local user access rights.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>set wlan</td>
<td>Sets the wireless network configuration (for the WLAN solution on specific Wi-Fi capable PRO2 units).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Show Commands**

The Show command group displays the current configuration values in the system.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>show access</td>
<td>Shows user access configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show bluetooth</td>
<td>Shows Bluetooth configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show branches</td>
<td>Shows branch configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show cords</td>
<td>Shows cord configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show email</td>
<td>Shows email configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show energywise</td>
<td>Shows Cisco EnergyWise configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show features</td>
<td>Shows the enabled system features.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show ftp</td>
<td>Shows FTP configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show ldap</td>
<td>Shows LDAP configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show lines</td>
<td>Shows line configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show loadshed</td>
<td>Shows Smart Load Shedding configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show log</td>
<td>Shows the system event log.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show network</td>
<td>Shows network configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show ocps</td>
<td>Shows over-current protector (OCP) configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show outlets</td>
<td>Shows outlet configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show phases</td>
<td>Shows phase configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show ports</td>
<td>Shows port configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show radius</td>
<td>Shows Radius server configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show sensors</td>
<td>Shows sensor configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show shutdown</td>
<td>Shows outlet shutdown configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show snmp</td>
<td>Shows SNMP configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show sntp</td>
<td>Shows SNTP configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show syslog</td>
<td>Shows Syslog configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show system</td>
<td>Shows system uptime, firmware version, firmware build information, boot version, number of active users, and location string.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show tacacs</td>
<td>Shows TACACS+ configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show trend</td>
<td>Shows power trending configurations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show units</td>
<td>Shows PRO2 configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show ups</td>
<td>Shows UPS device configuration values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show waps</td>
<td>Displays the available wireless access points (for the WLAN solution on specific Wi-Fi capable PRO2 units).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>show wlan</td>
<td>Displays the wireless network configurations (for the WLAN solution on specific Wi-Fi capable PRO2 units).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shutdown</td>
<td>Turns off a specified outlet or outlet group after performing a user-specified shutdown operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>status</td>
<td>Displays the latest status and control state for a specified outlet or outlet group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sysstat</td>
<td>Displays the count of all system objects (by type), the latest status of the objects, and the count of objects currently in an event condition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upstat</td>
<td>Displays the latest status and metrics for all UPS devices in the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ustat</td>
<td>Displays the latest status and metrics for all PRO2 units in the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>version</td>
<td>Displays the current firmware version.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Command Details

**add grouponldap**
Adds control access for an outlet group to an LDAP group.

**Command Syntax**
add grouponldap <group name | ALL> <LDAP group name>
add gtl <group name | ALL> <LDAP group name>

**Command Access**
Admin level only

**add groupon_tacacs**
Adds control access for an outlet group to a TACACS+ privilege level.

**Command Syntax**
add groupon_tacacs <group name | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
add gtt <group name | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>

**Command Access**
Admin level only

**add groupon_user**
Adds control access for an outlet group to a local user.

**Command Syntax**
add groupon_user <group name | ALL> <local user name>
add gtu <group name | ALL> <local user name>

**Command Access**
Admin level only

**add outlettogroup**
Adds control access for an outlet to an outlet group.

**Command Syntax**
add outlettogroup <outlet name | id | ALL> <group name>
add otg <outlet name | id | ALL> <group name>

**Command Access**
Admin level only
**add outlettodap**  
Adds control access for an outlet to an LDAP group.  

**Command Syntax**  
add outlettodap <outlet name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>  
add otl <outlet name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>  

**Command Access**  
Admin level only

**add outlettotacacs**  
Adds control access for an outlet to a TACACS+ privilege level.  

**Command Syntax**  
add outlettotacacs <outlet name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>  
add ott <outlet name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>  

**Command Access**  
Admin level only

**add outlettouser**  
Adds control access for an outlet to a local user.  

**Command Syntax**  
add outlettouser <outlet name | id | ALL> <local user name>  
add otu <outlet name | id | ALL> <local user name>  

**Command Access**  
Admin level only

**add porttodap**  
Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to an LDAP group.  

**Command Syntax**  
add porttodap <port name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>  
add ptl <port name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>  

**Command Access**  
Admin level only
add porttotacacs

Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a TACACS+ privilege level.

**Command Syntax**

```
add porttotacacs <port name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
add ptt <port name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
```

**Command Access**

Admin level only

add porttouser

Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a local user.

**Command Syntax**

```
add porttouser <port name | id | ALL> <local user name>
add ptu <port name | id | ALL> <local user name>
```

**Command Access**

Admin level only

bstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all branches in the system.

**Command Syntax**

```
bstat
```

**Command Access**

System Monitor access

connect

Redirects the current CLI session to the target port.

**Command Syntax**

```
connect <target port>
```

**Command Access**

Any access level for command; for user level lower than admin, access must be granted to a port for successful connection.
create group

Creates a new outlet group.

Command Syntax

create group <name>

Command Access

Admin level only

create ldapgroup

Creates a new LDAP group.

Command Syntax

create ldapgroup <name>

Command Access

Admin level only

create ups

Creates a new uninterruptable power supply (UPS).

Command Syntax

create ups <name | ups type | > <hostname>

Parameters

The create ups command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>hostname</td>
<td>Hostname or IP address of the UPS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ups type</td>
<td>Selects UPS type from list of manufacturers. (1-11).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only

create user

Creates a new local user.

Command Syntax

create user <name> {password} {verify password}

Command Access

Admin level only

cstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all cords in the system.

Command Syntax

cstat

Command Access

System Monitor access
delete groupfromldap

Deletes control access for an outlet group from an LDAP group.

Command Syntax

delte groupfromldap <group name | ALL> <LDAP group name>
delete gfl <group name | ALL> <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete groupfromtacacs

Deletes control access for an outlet group from a TACACS+ privilege level.

Command Syntax

delete groupfromtacacs <group name | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
delete gft <group name | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete groupfromuser

Deletes control access for an outlet group from a local user.

Command Syntax

delete groupfromuser <group name | ALL> <local user name>
delete gfu <group name | ALL> <local user name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete outletfromgroup

Deletes control access for an outlet from an outlet group.

Command Syntax

delete outletfromgroup <outlet name | id | ALL> <group name>
delete ofg <outlet name | id | ALL> <group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete outletfromldap

Deletes control access for an outlet from an LDAP group.

Command Syntax

delete outletfromldap <outlet name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>
delete ofl <outlet name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only
delete outletfromtacacs

Deletes control access for an outlet from a TACACS+ privilege level.

Command Syntax

delelet outletfromtacacs <outlet name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
delete oft <outlet name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete outletfromuser

Deletes control access for an outlet from a local user.

Command Syntax

delelet outletfromuser <outlet name | id | ALL> <local user name>
delete ofu <outlet name | id | ALL> <local user name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete portfromldap

Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port from an LDAP group.

Command Syntax

delelet portfromldap <port name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>
delete pfl <port name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete portfromtacacs

Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port from a TACACS privilege level.

Command Syntax

delelet portfromtacacs <port name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
delete pft <port name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only
delete portfromuser

Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a local user.

Command Syntax

delete portfromuser <port name | id | ALL> <local user name>
delete pfu <port name | id | ALL> <local user name>

Command Access

Admin level only

dir

(Directory) Displays the contents of the active working path in the file system.

Command Syntax

dir

dir [.] [path] [volume]

Parameters

The dir command uses the following parameters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>.</td>
<td>Displays the current path.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>path</td>
<td>Specifies a path.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>volume</td>
<td>(FLASH0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only

list group

Lists the outlets that are contained in an outlet group.

Command Syntax

list group <group name | ALL>

Command Access

Any access level

list groups

Lists all outlet groups.

Command Syntax

list groups

Command Access

Any access level
list ldapgroup

Lists access level of an LDAP group and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that LDAP group.

Command Syntax

list ldapgroup <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

list ldapgroups

Lists all LDAP groups.

Command Syntax

list ldapgroups

Command Access

Admin level only

list outlets

Lists all outlets.

Command Syntax

list outlets

Command Access

Any access level

list ports

Lists all ports.

Command Syntax

list ports

Command Access

Any access level

list tacpriv

Lists access level of a TACACS+ privilege level and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that TACACS+ privilege level.

Command Syntax

list tacpriv <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only
### list tacpris
Lists all TACACS+ privilege levels.

**Command Syntax**
```bash
cmd tacpris
```

**Command Access**
Admin level only

### list user
Lists access level of a local user and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that user.

**Command Syntax**
```bash
cmd user <username>
```

**Command Access**
Admin level only

### list users
Lists all local users.

**Command Syntax**
```bash
cmd users
```

**Command Access**
Admin level only

### login
Performs system login and access verification.

**Command Syntax**
```bash
cmd login
```

**Command Access**
Any access level

### logmon
Log Monitor. Displays the system log (monitor) messages in the CLI session as they occur.

**Command Syntax**
```bash
cmd logmon [filter]
```

**Parameters**
The `logmon` command uses the following parameter.

| filter | Keyword filter for log entries. |

**Usage Guidelines**
The log monitor command runs until ESC or RETURN is pressed.

**Command Access**
Admin level only
logout

Quits the current CLI session.

Command Syntax

logout

Command Access

Any access level

lstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all lines in the system.

Command Syntax

lstat

Command Access

System monitor access

ocpstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all over-current protectors (OCPs) in the system.

Command Syntax

ocpstat

Command Access

System monitor access

off

Turns off the specified outlet or outlet group.

Command Syntax

off <name | id | group | ALL>

Usage Guidelines

The off command is for Switched PRO2 products only.

Command Access

User level and above
**on**

Turns on the specified outlet or outlet group.

**Command Syntax**

`on <name | id | group | ALL>`

**Usage Guidelines**

The `on` command is for Switched PRO2 products only.

**Command Access**

On-Only users or User level and above

---

**ostat**

Displays the latest status and metrics for all outlets in the system.

**Command Syntax**

`ostat <name | outlet | outlet id | group | ALL>`

**Command Access**

System monitor access

---

**password**

Changes the password for the current local user.

**Command Syntax**

`Password {password} {verify password}`

**Command Access**

Any access level

---

**ping**

Tests the reachability of a host on the IP network.

**Command Syntax**

`ping <hostname>`

**Parameters**

The `ping` command uses the following parameter.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>hostname</td>
<td>Specifies the host to ping, 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Any access level
pstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all phases in the system.

Command Syntax
pstat

Command Access
System monitor access

reboot

Turns off the specified outlet or outlet group and then turns it back on after a delay.

Command Syntax
reboot <name | id | group | ALL>

Usage Guidelines
The Reboot command is for Switched PRO2 products only.

Command Access
Reboot-Only users or User level and above

remove group

Removes an outlet group from the system.

Command Syntax
remove group <name>

Command Access
Admin level only

remove ldapgroup

Removes an LDAP group from the system.

Command Syntax
remove ldapgroup <name>

Command Access
Admin level only

remove ups

Removes an uninterruptible power supply (UPS) from the system.

Command Syntax
remove ups <name>

Command Access
Admin level only
remove user

Removes a local user from the system.

**Command Syntax**

remove ups <name>

**Command Access**

Admin level only

restart

Restarts the system.

**Command Syntax**

restart [factkeepnet | factory | ftpreload | newx509cert | newsshkeys | normal]

**Parameters**

The *restart* command uses the following parameters.

**Note:** None of the parameters in the following table performs a normal system restart.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>factkeepnet</td>
<td>Removes all system configurations except network configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>factory</td>
<td>Removes all system configurations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ftpreload</td>
<td>Performs a system update through an FTP load.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>newx509cert</td>
<td>Creates a new self-signed SSL X509 certificate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>newsshkeys</td>
<td>Creates a new set of public and private SSH keys.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>normal</td>
<td>Performs a normal system restart.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

senstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all sensors in the system.

**Command Syntax**

senstat

**Command Access**

System monitor access
set access

Sets user access configurations.

Command Syntax

set access button [disabled | enabled]
set access clitimeout <value>
set access localadmin [required | optional]
set access logorder [newest | oldest]
set access method [localonly | ldaponly | ldaplocal | radiusonly | radiuslocal | tacacsonly | tacacslocal]
set access prompt <prompt string>
set access startupstick [disabled | enabled ]
set access strongpw [optional | required]
set access webloglen <value>
set access webtimeout <value>

Parameters

The `set access` command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>button</td>
<td>Sets if the Configuration Reset button can reset the system configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>clitimeout</td>
<td>Set the CLI session idle time before automatic logout [1-1440 minutes].</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>localadmin</td>
<td>Removes the restriction to not allow the last local administrator to be</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>removed when remote authentication (LDAP, TACACS+, or RADIUS) is in use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>logorder</td>
<td>Sets the default order of the system log when displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>method</td>
<td>Sets the allowed access methods for users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>prompt</td>
<td>Sets the system CLI prompt (0-32 characters).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>startupstick</td>
<td>Enables/disables the Startup Stick tool for mass PDU configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>strongpw</td>
<td>Sets if strong passwords are required for local users.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>webloglen</td>
<td>Sets the number of log entries per page when viewing the log on the Web [10-250 entries].</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>webtimeout</td>
<td>Sets the Web session idle time before automatic logout [1-1440 minutes].</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sub-Parameters

The `set access` command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>localonly</td>
<td>Local authentication only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ldaponly</td>
<td>Authentication using only the configured LDAP servers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ldaplocal</td>
<td>Authentication using the configured LDAP servers, then locally if no LDAP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>match is found.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>radiusonly</td>
<td>Authentication using only the configured Radius servers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>radiuslocal</td>
<td>Authentication using the configured Radius servers, then locally if no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Radius match is found.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tacacsonly</td>
<td>Authentication using only the configured TACACS servers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tacacslocal</td>
<td>Authentication using the configured TACACS+ servers, then locally if no</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TACACS+ match is found.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Command Access**

Admin level only

**set banner**

Sets the system banner that displays before a user authenticates a user session.

**Command Syntax**

```
set banner <banner text>
```

**Parameters**

The `set banner` command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>banner text</td>
<td>Text for system banner, 0-2070 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Usage Guidelines**

- The banner accepts all printable ASCII characters, plus CRLF.
- CTL-Z terminates banner input.

**Command Access**

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

**set bluetooth**

Sets Bluetooth® configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

```
set bluetooth [disabled | enabled]
set bluetooth discover [disabled | enabled | limited]
set bluetooth name <name>
set bluetooth pincode <value>
set bluetooth transpwr <value>
```

**Parameters**

The `set bluetooth` command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>discover</td>
<td>Sets the discoverability of the Bluetooth module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>Sets the name of the Bluetooth module (1-31 characters).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pincode</td>
<td>Sets the pin code used for Bluetooth pairing (0000-9999).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>transpwr</td>
<td>Sets the transmission power for Bluetooth communications.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sub-Parameters**

The `set bluetooth` command uses the following sub-parameter:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>limited</td>
<td>The Bluetooth module will be discoverable to 60-seconds after the module button has been pressed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode.
set branch

Sets branch configuration values.

Command Syntax

set branch email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set branch load [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlow] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set branch load hyst <value>
set branch snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>

Parameters

The **set branch** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>email</td>
<td>Email notifications for branch events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hyst</td>
<td>Hysteresis between event state and recovery (0.0 to 10.0).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>load</td>
<td>Current load for a branch. min=0A; max (max current) in <strong>show branches</strong> command; hyst=0.0-10.0A; default=1.0A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>snmpt</td>
<td>SNMP trap notifications for branch events.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sub Parameters

The **set branch** command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>alarmhi</td>
<td>High alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alarmlo</td>
<td>Low alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnhi</td>
<td>High warning alarm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnlo</td>
<td>Low warning alarm.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Usage Guidelines

min <= alarmlo <= warnlo <= warnhi <= alarmhi <= max

Command Access

Admin level only
set cord

Sets cord configuration values.

Command Syntax

set cord email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set cord loadmax <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord name <name | id> <name string>
set cord nomvolts <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord outofbal [alarmhi | warnhi] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord outofbal hyst <value>
set cord pf [alarmlo | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord pf hyst <value>
set cord snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set cord va [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord va hyst <value>
set cord watts [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord watts hyst <value>

Parameters

The set cord command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>email</td>
<td>Email notifications for cord events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hyst</td>
<td>Hysteresis between event state and recovery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadmax</td>
<td>Maximum current load for a cord. 1-max factory current in show cords command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>Name for the cord. 0-32 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nomvolts</td>
<td>Nominal voltage for the cord. 0-max factory voltage in show cords command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>outofbal</td>
<td>Out-of-balance; the percent power difference between phases of a cord. min 0%, max 200%, hyst 0-10% (default 2%).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pf</td>
<td>Power factor. min 0.00, max 1.00, hyst 0.0-0.20 (default 0.02).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>snmpt</td>
<td>SNMP trap notifications for cord events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>va</td>
<td>Power (with power factor included). min 0VA, max (power capacity) in cstat command, hyst 0-1000VA (default 100VA).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>watts</td>
<td>Power (without power factor included). Min 0W, max (power capacity) in cstat command, hyst 0-1000W (default 100W).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sub-Parameters

The set cord command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>alarmhi</td>
<td>High alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alarmlo</td>
<td>Low alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnhi</td>
<td>High warning alarm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnlo</td>
<td>Low warning alarm.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Usage Guidelines

min <=alarmlo <=warnlo <=warnhi <=alarmhi <=max

Command Access

Admin level only
**set dhcp**

Sets DHCP configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

```
set dhcp [disabled | enabled]
set dhcp fqdn [disabled | enabled]
set dhcp fqdn name <name>
set dhcp staticfallback [disabled | enabled]
set dhcp bootdelay [disabled | enabled]
```

**Parameters**

The **set dhcp** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>fqdn</td>
<td>Fully-qualified domain name (FQDN).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>staticfallback</td>
<td>Falls back to static IP address if DHCP fails.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note:</strong> The staticfallback option does not apply when WLAN is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bootdelay</td>
<td>Delays system boot by 100 seconds.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sub-Parameters**

The **set dhcp** command uses the following sub-parameter:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>FQDN name. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only

**set dns**

Sets domain name system (DNS) server configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

```
set dns [primary | secondary] <ipv4/ipv6>
```

**Parameters**

The **set dns** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>primary</td>
<td>Sets the first DNS server. 0-46 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>secondary</td>
<td>Sets the secondary DNS server. 0-46 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode
### set email

Sets email configuration values.

#### Command Syntax

```
set email auth [disabled | enabled]
set email config [disabled | enabled]
set email [disabled | enabled]
set email event [disabled | enabled]
set email fromaddr <email addr>
set email power [disabled | enabled] See Note below.
set email smtp authtype [any | crammd5 | digestmd5 | login | plain | none]
set email smtp host <hostname>
set email smtp password <password>
set email smtp port <port>
set email smtp usefromaddr
set email smtp username <user name>
set email test
set email toaddr1 <email addr>
set email toaddr2 <email addr>
set email trendfiles [disabled | enabled]
set email usesubjloc
set email usesubjdef
```

**Note:** The `set email power` command is for Switched products only.

#### Parameters

- **auth**: Sets if authentication log messages are relayed by email.
- **config**: Sets if configuration log messages are relayed by email.
- **event**: Sets if event log messages are relayed by email.
- **fromaddr**: Sets the email address the messages are relayed from. 0-48 characters.
- **power**: Sets if power log messages are relayed by email.
- **authtype**: Sets the type of authentication to use when logging into the relay SMTP server.
- **host**: Sets the host where the relay SMTP server is located. 0-63 characters.
- **password**: Sets the password for logging into the relay SMTP server 0-32 characters.
- **port**: Sets the port number for the relay SMTP server, 1-65535 (default 25).
- **toaddr1**: Sets the first address to send email messages to. 0-48 characters.
- **toaddr2**: Sets the second address to send email messages to. 0-48 characters.
- **trendfiles**: Sets the preference to have new trending report files sent out daily to both “toaddr” addresses at midnight.
### Using the Command Line Interface (CLI)

#### Sub-Parameters

The **set email** command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Parameters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>any</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>crammd5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>digestmd5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>login</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>plain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

### set energywise

Sets Cisco EnergyWise configuration values.

#### Command Syntax

- `set energywise [disabled | enabled]`
- `set energywise port <UDP port>`
- `set energywise domain <domain name>`
- `set energywise refresh <refresh rate>`
- `set energywise secret <secret key>`

#### Parameters

The **set energywise** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>Sets the port number of the EnergyWise host. 1-65535 (default 43440).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>domain</td>
<td>Sets the domain of the EnergyWise host. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>refresh</td>
<td>Sets the refresh rate that sends new EnergyWise discovery packets. 30-600 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>secret</td>
<td>Sets the secret key for the EnergyWise server. 0-80 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode
**set feature**

Enables new system features.

**Command Syntax**

```
set feature <feature key>
```

**Parameters**

The **set feature** command uses the following parameter:

| feature key | Key for unlocking system features (XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX), where X = 0-9 or A-Z. |

**Command Access**

Admin level only

---

**set ftp**

Sets FTP configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

```
set ftp autoupdate [disabled | enabled]
set ftp autoupdate day [sunday-saturday | everyday]
set ftp autoupdate hour [1am-12am | 1pm-12pm]
set ftp directory <path name>
set ftp filename <filename>
set ftp host <hostname>
set ftp password <password>
set ftp server [disabled | enabled]
set ftp test [full]
set ftp username <username>
```

**Parameters**

The **set ftp** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>autoupdate</td>
<td>Sets to use automatic system firmware updates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>directory</td>
<td>Sets the directory of the update file in remote FTP update server. 0-64 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>filename</td>
<td>Sets the name of the update file in remote FTP update server. 0-32 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>host</td>
<td>Sets the hostname of remote FTP update server. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>password</td>
<td>Sets the password for logging into the remote FTP update server. 0-32 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>server</td>
<td>Sets if the system can be an FTP server to serve system files.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>test</td>
<td>Tests current FTP settings. Using the <strong>full</strong> sub-parameter ensures connection to the FTP server is correct, verifies firmware can be sent to the PDU, and downloads firmware to the PDU (but does not install firmware).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>username</td>
<td>Sets the username for logging into the remote FTP update server. 0-32 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sub-Parameters

The `set ftp` command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>day</td>
<td>Sets the day of the week to automatically update system firmware.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hour</td>
<td>Sets the hour of the day to automatically update system firmware.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

**set http**

Sets HTTP configuration values.

Command Syntax

```
set http [disabled | enabled]
set http port <port>
```

Parameters

The `set http` command uses the following parameter:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>Sets the port for HTTP connections. 1-65535 (default 443).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

**set https**

Sets HTTPS configuration values.

Command Syntax

```
set https [disabled | enabled]
set https port <port>
set https usercert [disabled | enabled]
set https userpass <passphrase>
```

Parameters

The `set https` command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>Sets the port for HTTPS connections. 1-65535 (default 80).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>usercert</td>
<td>Sets to use user-provided certificates instead of system self-signed certificates.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>userpass</td>
<td>Sets the pass phrase for user-provided certificates. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode
set ipv4, set ipv6

Sets IPv4 and IPv6 configuration values.

Command Syntax

set ipv4 address <ipv4 address>
set ipv4 gateway <ipv4 address>
set ipv4 subnet <ipv4 address>
set ipv6 address <ipv6 address>
set ipv6 gateway <ipv6 address>
set ipv6 prefix <ipv6 CIDR prefix>

Parameters

The **set ipv4** and **set ipv6** commands use the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ipv4 address</td>
<td>Uses the format of XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX, where XXX=0-255.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ipv6 address</td>
<td>Uses the format of XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX, where XXX=0-0xFFFF.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ipv6 CIDR prefix</td>
<td>Uses the format of /0-64.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set ldap

Sets LDAP configuration values.

Command Syntax

set ldap bind [simple | tls | md5]
set ldap binddn <distinguished name>
set ldap bindpw <password>
set ldap groupattr <group attribute>
set ldap groupsearch basedn <distinguished name>
set ldap groupsearch [disabled | enabled]
set ldap groupsearch useattr <user attribute>
set ldap primary <hostname>
set ldap secondary <hostname>
set ldap port <port>
set ldap userbasedn <distinguished name>
set ldap userfilter <filter>

Parameters

The **set ldap** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>bind</td>
<td>Sets the bind method for the LDAP server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>binddn</td>
<td>Sets the distinguished name (DN) for the bind.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bindpw</td>
<td>Sets the password for the bind.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>groupattr</td>
<td>Sets the user class distinguished name (DN) or names of groups a user is a member of.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>groupsearch</td>
<td>Sets the bind to search groups for the username in addition to searching the usernames for its list of group memberships.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Using the Command Line Interface (CLI)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>hostname</td>
<td>Sets the hostname of the Directory Services server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>Sets the port number for the LDAP server. 1-65535 (default 389).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>userbasedn</td>
<td>Sets the base distinguished name (DN) for the username search at login.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>userfilter</td>
<td>Sets the filter used for the username search at login.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sub-Parameters**

The **set ldap** command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>simple</td>
<td>Uses simple bind method.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tls</td>
<td>Uses bind with TLS. (TLS version 1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>md5</td>
<td>Uses Digest MD5 bind.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>basedn</td>
<td>Base Distinguished Name (DN).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>useattr</td>
<td>Sets the user attribute to search for.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

**set ldapgroup**

Sets configuration values for LDAP group access rights.

**Command Syntax**

```
set ldapgroup access [admin | admin | ononly | poweruser | rebootonly | user | viewonly] <groupname>
```

```
set ldapgroup sysmon [disabled | enabled] <groupname>
```

**Parameters**

The **set ldap group** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>access</td>
<td>Sets the access type of an LDAP group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Note</strong>: On-Only, Reboot-Only, and View-Only are available for Switched PRO2 products.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sysmon</td>
<td>Sets system monitor access for an LDAP group.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sub-Parameters**

The **set ldap group** command uses the following sub-parameter:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>groupname</td>
<td>Name of the LDAP group to change access rights. 0-32 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only
set line

Sets line configuration values.

Command Syntax

set line email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set line load [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set line load hyst <value>
set line snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>

Parameters

The **set line** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Email</td>
<td>Email notification for line events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyst</td>
<td>Hysteresis between event state and recovery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load</td>
<td>Current load for a line. min = 0A, max (current limit) in <strong>show lines</strong> command, hyst 0.0-10.0A (default 1.0A).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMPT</td>
<td>SNMP trap notifications for line events.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sub-Parameters

The **set line** command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>alarmhi</td>
<td>High alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alarmlo</td>
<td>Low alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnhi</td>
<td>High warning alarm.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnlo</td>
<td>Low warning alarm.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

min <= alarmlo <= warnlo <= warnhi <= alarmhi <= max

Command Access

Admin level only

set loadshed

Sets Smart Load Shedding configuration values.

Command Syntax

set loadshed branch [disabled | enabled]
set loadshed line [disabled | enabled]
set loadshed sensor [disabled | enabled]
set loadshed sensor contact [recoveroff | recoveron] <contact sensor name | id | ALL>
set loadshed sensor temp [recoveroff | recoveron] <temp sensor name | id | ALL>
set loadshed sensor water [recoveroff | recoveron] <water sensor name | id | ALL>
set loadshed ups [all | any] <line name | id | ALL>
set loadshed ups [disabled | enabled]
set loadshed ups [recoveroff | recoveron]
set loadshed ups [recoverdelay | sheddelay] <delay>
Parameters

The **set loadshed** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>branch</td>
<td>Sets to allow branch shedding events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>line</td>
<td>Sets to allow line shedding events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sensor</td>
<td>Sets to allow sensor shedding events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ups</td>
<td>Sets to allow UPS shedding events.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sub-Parameters

The **set loadshed** command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>all</td>
<td>Sheds outlets only when all UP devices on an upstream line go to “on battery”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>any</td>
<td>Sheds outlets when any UPS device on an upstream line goes to “on battery”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recoverdelay</td>
<td>The delay that a UPS device needs to be “on utility” before recovering outlets. 0-10 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recovery off</td>
<td>Shed outlets are not recovered. Does not recover shed outlets when even conditions are cleared.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>recovery on</td>
<td>Automatically recover shed outlets when event conditions are cleared.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sheddelay</td>
<td>The delay that a UPS device needs to be “on battery” before shedding outlets. 0-10 minutes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Usage Guidelines

The Smart Load Shedding feature must be enabled.

Command Access

Admin level only

**set location**

Sets the system location string.

Command Syntax

set location <location string>

Parameters

The **set location** command uses the following parameter:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>location string</td>
<td>Location string text for system location. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only
set net

Sets network mode configuration values.

Command Syntax

`set net [disabled | ipv4only | dualv6v4]`

Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>Disables network access to system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ipv4only</td>
<td>System only allows IPv4 functionality.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dualv6v4</td>
<td>System allows IPv6 and IPv4 functionality.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode.

set ocp

Sets over-current protector (OCP) configuration values.

Command Syntax

```
set ocp email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set ocp loadmax <name | id | ALL> <value>
set ocp snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
```

Parameters

| Parameter | Description
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>email</td>
<td>Email notifications for OCP events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>loadmax</td>
<td>Maximum current load for an OCP. Valid range is 1 to “max factory current” from the <code>show ocps</code> command.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>snmpt</td>
<td>SNMP trap notifications for OCP events.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only
set outlet

Sets outlet configuration values.

Command Syntax

set outlet branchevent [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set outlet chglogging [disabled | enabled]
set outlet email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set outlet load [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set outlet load hyst <value>
set outlet name <name | id> <new name>
set outlet smnpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set outlet watts [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set outlet watts hyst <value>

For Switched PRO2 products only:
set outlet extondelay <name | id | ALL> <value>
set outlet host <name | id> <hostname>
set outlet lock [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set outlet rebootdelay <value>
set outlet script [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set outlet script delay <name | id | ALL> <value>
set outlet seqdelay <value>
set outlet shutdown [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set outlet shutdown delay <name | id | ALL> <value>
set outlet wakeup [on | off | last] <name | id | ALL>

For the enabled Smart Load Shedding feature:
set outlet contactevent [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL> <contact sensor name | id | ALL>
set outlet lineevent [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set outlet sensoraction [off | on]
set outlet tempevent [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL> <temp sensor name | id | ALL>
set outlet upsevent [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set outlet waterevent [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL> <water sensor name | id | ALL>

For AC products only:
set outlet pf [alarmlo | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set outlet pf hyst <value>

Parameters

The set outlet command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>branchevent</td>
<td>Sets if load shedding (due to branch events) is allowed for an outlet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>chglogging</td>
<td>Sets logging for system outlet state changes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contactevent</td>
<td>Sets if load shedding (due to contact sensor events) is allowed for an outlet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>email</td>
<td>Sets email notifications for outlet events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>extondelay</td>
<td>Sets an extra on delay when turning on an outlet. 0-900 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>host</td>
<td>Sets the hostname for an outlet for script or shutdown actions. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hyst</td>
<td>Sets the hysteresis between event state and recovery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>load</td>
<td>Sets the current load for an outlet. min 0.0A, max (max current) in <code>show outlets</code> command, hyst 1.0-10.0A (default 1.0A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lineevent</td>
<td>Sets if load shedding (due to outlet current load events) is allowed for an outlet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lock</td>
<td>Sets if control actions are disabled for an outlet after wakeup state is applied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pf</td>
<td>Sets the power factor. min 0.00, max 1.00, hyst 0.0-0.20 (default 0.02)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rebootdelay</td>
<td>Sets an extra on delay when rebooting an outlet (5-600 seconds).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>script</td>
<td>Sets to additionally send request to have shutdown agent run a script before shutting down the host.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sensoraction</td>
<td>Sets the load shedding outlet control action for all sensor alarm events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>seqdelay</td>
<td>Sets the delay between turning on outlets. 0-15 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shutdown</td>
<td>Sets if notification of pending off state of outlet is sent to outlet host before changing state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shutdown delay</td>
<td>Sets the remote shutdown delay for an outlet. 1-900 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>snmpt</td>
<td>Sets if SNMP trap notifications for outlet events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tempevent</td>
<td>Sets if load shedding (due to temperature sensor events) is allowed for an outlet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>upsevent</td>
<td>Sets if load shedding (due to UPS events) are allowed for an outlet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>wakeup</td>
<td>Sets the default outlet control state after system power up.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>waterevent</td>
<td>Sets if load shedding (due to water sensor events) is allowed for an outlet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>watts</td>
<td>Sets the power (without power factor). min 0W, max (power capacity) in <code>ostat details</code>, hyst 0-1000W (default 10W).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Parameters

The **set outlet** command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>script delay</td>
<td>Sets the time to wait after the script has executed to outlet state change. 1-15 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>shutdown delay</td>
<td>Sets the time to wait after the shutdown notification to host before outlet state change. Valid range is 1-900 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>on</td>
<td>Sets outlet to sequence on after system boot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>off</td>
<td>Sets outlet to remain off after system boot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>last</td>
<td>Sets outlet to match its last state prior to system boot after system boot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alarmhi</td>
<td>Sets high alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alarmlo</td>
<td>Sets low alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnhi</td>
<td>Sets high warning value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnlo</td>
<td>Sets low warning value.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

min <= alarmlo <= warnlo <= warnhi <= alarmhi <= max

**Command Access**

Admin level only
set phase

Sets phase configuration values.

Command Syntax

set phase email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set phase pf [alarmlo | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set phase snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set phase volts [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set phase volts hyst <value>

For AC products only:
set phase pf hyst <value>

Parameters

The set phase command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>email</td>
<td>Sets email notifications for phase events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hyst</td>
<td>Sets hysteresis between event state and recovery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pf</td>
<td>Sets power factor. min 0.00, max 1.00, hyst 0.0-0.20 (default 0.02).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>snmpt</td>
<td>Sets SNMP trap notifications for phase events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>volts</td>
<td>Sets voltage. min and max vary by product, hyst 0.0-20 (default 0.02). * For the min-max range, issue set cord nomvolts all command (press ESC to quit command).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sub-Parameters

The set phase command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>alarmhi</td>
<td>Sets high alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alarmlo</td>
<td>Sets low alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnhi</td>
<td>Sets high warning value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnlo</td>
<td>Sets low warning value.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only

set port

Sets serial port configuration values.

Command Syntax

set port [baud | speed] [1200 | 2400 | 4800 | 9600 | 19200 | 38400 | 57600 | 115200] <name | id >
set port dsrcheck [disabled | enabled] <name | id >
set port timeout <name | id > <timeout>
Parameters

The **set port** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>baud/speed</td>
<td>Sets the number of symbols per second of the serial port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dsrcheck</td>
<td>Sets to use DSR before making a serial connection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>timeout</td>
<td>Sets the connection idle timeout for pass-thru connections to this port. 0-60 minutes (default 5 minutes).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only

**set radius**

Sets Radius server configuration values.

Command Syntax

```
set radius [primary | secondary] port <port>
set radius [primary | secondary] retries <retries>
set radius [primary | secondary] host <hostname>
set radius [primary | secondary] secret <shared secret>
set radius [primary | secondary] timeout <timeout>
```

Parameters

The **set radius** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>primary</td>
<td>Sets the first Radius server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>secondary</td>
<td>Sets the second Radius server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>Sets the port for Radius sever connections. 1-65535 (default 1812).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>retries</td>
<td>Set the maximum retry count for the Radius server. 0-10 (default 2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>host</td>
<td>Sets the Radius server hostname. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>secret</td>
<td>Sets the shared secret value for the Radius server. 0-48 characters. <strong>Note</strong>: The secret that was set for the primary server will not be cleared when setting the secret for the secondary server, and vice versa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>timeout</td>
<td>Sets the connection timeout for the Radius server. 1-30 seconds (default 5 seconds).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only; No access in Demo mode
set sensor

Sets sensor configuration values.

Command Syntax

set sensor adc [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set sensor adc email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor adc hyst <value>
set sensor adc name <name | id> <name>
set sensor adc snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor contact email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor contact name <name | id> <name>
set sensor contact snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor humid [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set sensor humid email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor humid hyst <value>
set sensor humid name <name | id> <name>
set sensor humid snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor temp [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set sensor temp email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor temp hyst <value>
set sensor temp name <name | id> <name>
set sensor temp snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor water email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor water name <name | id> <name>
set sensor water snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor temp scale [celsius | fahrenheit]

Parameters

The **set sensor** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>adc</td>
<td>Sets the analog-to-digital converter sensor. min 0, max 255, hyst 0-20 (default 1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>contact</td>
<td>Sets the contact closure sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>humid</td>
<td>Sets the humidity sensor. min 0%RH, max 100%RH, hyst 0-20%RH (default 2%RH).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>temp</td>
<td>Sets temperature sensor. For Celsius: min -40°, max 123°, hyst 0-30°, default 1°; For Fahrenheit: min -40°, max 253°, hyst 0-54°, default 2°.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>water</td>
<td>Sets the water sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>email</td>
<td>Sets the email notifications for sensor events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hyst</td>
<td>Sets the hysteresis between event state and recovery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>Sets the name of the sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>snmpt</td>
<td>SNMP trap notifications for sensor events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scale</td>
<td>Sets temperature scale.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sub-Parameters

The `set sensor` command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>alarmhi</td>
<td>Sets high alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>alarmlo</td>
<td>Sets low alarm value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnhi</td>
<td>Sets high warning value.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>warnlo</td>
<td>Sets low warning value.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[\text{min} \leq \text{alarmlo} \leq \text{warnlo} \leq \text{warnhi} \leq \text{alarmhi} \leq \text{max}\]

Command Access

Admin level only

**set snmp**

Sets SNMP configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

```
set snmp iprestrict [none | trapdests]
set snmp syscontact <system contact>
set snmp syslocation <location>
set snmp sysname <system name>
set snmp trap dest1 <hostname>
set snmp trap dest2 <hostname>
set snmp trap format [v1 | v2c | v3]
set snmp trap repeat <repeat time>
set snmp v2 [disabled | enabled]
set snmp v2 [getcomm | setcomm | trapcomm] <comm string>
set snmp v3 [disabled | enabled]
set snmp v3 [roauth | rwauth] [none | md5 | md5des]
set snmp v3 [roprivpass | rwprivpass] {password} verify password
set snmp v3 [rousername | rwusername | trapusername] <username>
```

**Parameters**

The `set snmp` command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>iprestrict</td>
<td>Sets to only allow to trap destinations to have SNMP access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>syscontact</td>
<td>System contact string. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>syslocation</td>
<td>System location string. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sysname</td>
<td>System name string. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trap</td>
<td>Sets trap notification options.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>v2</td>
<td>Sets to allow access with SNMPv2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>v3</td>
<td>Sets to allow access with SNMPv3.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sub-Parameters

The **set snmp** command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dest1</td>
<td>First SNMP trap destination. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dest2</td>
<td>Second SNMP trap destination. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>format</td>
<td>Format of SNMP trap and header.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>repeat</td>
<td>Sets the SNMP trap repeat time for object in an event condition. 1-65535 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getcomm</td>
<td>Read community string for SNMPv2. 0-32 characters. Default is public.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setcomm</td>
<td>Read/write community string in SNMPv3. 0-32 characters. Default is blank.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trapcomm</td>
<td>Community string in SNMPv2 traps for authentication. 0-32 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ro-prefix</td>
<td>Read-Only SNMPv3 user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rw-prefix</td>
<td>Read/write SNMPv3 user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>auth</td>
<td>Authentication type for an SNMPv3 user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>authpass</td>
<td>Authentication password for an SNMPv3 user. 0-39 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>privpass</td>
<td>Privacy password for an SNMPv3 user. 0-31 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>username</td>
<td>Username for an SNMPv3 user. 0-31 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>trapusername</td>
<td>Username for trap authentication for SNMPv3 traps. 0-31 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>none</td>
<td>No authentication or privacy is used (authpass and privpass are not used).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>md5</td>
<td>Authentication but not privacy is used (privpass is not used).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>md5des</td>
<td>Authentication and privacy are used</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only; No access in Demo mode.
set sntp

Sets SNTP configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

- `set sntp dst [disabled | enabled]`
- `set sntp dst [end | start] <tz string>`
- `set sntp gmtoffset <offset>`
- `set sntp primary <hostname>`
- `set sntp secondary <hostname>`

**Parameters**

The **set sntp** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dst</td>
<td>Sets to automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time (DST).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gmtoffset</td>
<td>Sets the adjustment from Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). (-12 to 14). GMT Offset includes both extended hours and minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>primary</td>
<td>Sets the first SNTP server. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>secondary</td>
<td>Sets the second SNTP server. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sub-Parameters**

The **set sntp** command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>end</td>
<td>Date to end DST.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>start</td>
<td>Date to start DST.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

---

set spm

Sets Sentry Power Manager (SPM) access configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

- `set spm [disabled | enabled]`
- `set spm resetpw`

**Parameters**

The **set spm** command uses the following parameter:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>resetpw</td>
<td>Sets to reset SPM secure password back to default.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode
set ssh

Sets SSH configuration values.

Command Syntax

set ssh [disabled | enabled]
set ssh port
set ssh authmethod [all | kbint | password]

Parameters

The **set ssh** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>Sets port for SSH connections 1-65535 (default is 22).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>authmethod</td>
<td>Sets authentication method for SSH connections.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sub-Parameters

The **set ssh** command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>all</td>
<td>Allows either of the authentication methods described in this table.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kbint</td>
<td>Allows only keyboard-interactive authentication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>password</td>
<td>Allows only password authentication.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set syslog

Sets Syslog configuration values.

Command Syntax

set syslog debugmsg [disabled | enabled]
set syslog host1 <hostname>
set syslog host2 <hostname>
set syslog port <port>
set syslog protocol [rfc3164 | rfc5424]

Parameters

The **set syslog** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>debugmsg</td>
<td>Sets to send debug log messages in addition to system log messages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>host1</td>
<td>Sets the first Syslog server. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>host2</td>
<td>Sets the second Syslog server. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>Sets the port for the Syslog servers. 1-65535 (default 514).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>protocol</td>
<td>Sets the format of the Syslog messages.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode
**set tacacs**

Sets TACACS+ server configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

- `set tacacs primary <hostname>`
- `set tacacs secondary <hostname>`
- `set tacacs port <port>`
- `set tacacs key {key}`

**Parameters**

The **set tacacs** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>primary</td>
<td>Sets the first TACACS+ server (0-63 characters).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>secondary</td>
<td>Sets the second TACACS+ server (0-63 characters).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>Sets the port for the TACACS+ servers 1-65535 (default is 49).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>key</td>
<td>Sets the key for authentication with the TACACS+ servers.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

---

**set tacpriv**

Sets TACACS+ configuration values for privilege level access rights.

**Command Syntax**

- `set tacpriv access [admin | ononly | poweruser | rebootonly | user | viewonly] <priv level>`
- `set tacpriv sysmon [disabled | enabled] <priv level>`

**Parameters**

The **set tacpriv** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>access</td>
<td>Sets the access type for a level. <strong>Note:</strong> On-Only, Reboot-Only, and View-Only are available for Switched PRO2 products.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sysmon</td>
<td>Sets the system monitor access for a level.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sub-Parameters**

The **set tacpriv** command uses the following sub-parameter:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>priv level</td>
<td>The ID of the TACACS+ privilege level to change access rights (0-15).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only
**set telnet**

Sets Telnet configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

`set telnet [disabled | enabled]`

`set telnet port <port>`

**Parameters**

The **set telnet** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>port</td>
<td>Sets the port for Telnet connections 1-65535 (default is 23).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Command Access**

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

**set trend**

Sets power trending configurations.

**Command Syntax**

`set trend [disabled | enabled]`

**Command Access**

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

**set unit**

Sets PRO2 configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

`set unit assettag <name | id> <asset tag>`

`set unit display [auto | inverted | normal] <name | id | ALL>`

`set unit email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>`

`set unit identify [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>`

`set unit name <name | id> <new name>`

*For Switched PRO2 products only:*

`set unit osequence [normal | reversed] <name | id | ALL>`

*Factory unlocked only:*

`set unit golden [disabled | enabled]`

`set unit prodsn <name | id> <prod sn>`

*Confirmation required:*

`set unit purge <name | id | ALL>`

`set unit snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>`

**Parameters**

The **set unit** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>assettag</td>
<td>The asset tag value of the unit. 0-32 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>display</td>
<td>Sets the orientation of the displays on a unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>email</td>
<td>Email notifications for an event.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>golden</td>
<td>Set to have the system not retain unit information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Using the Command Line Interface (CLI)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>identify</td>
<td>Set to enable/disable flashing display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>name</td>
<td>The name of the unit. 0-32 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>osequence</td>
<td>Sets the outlet sequence order for a unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>prodsn</td>
<td>Sets the product serial number for a unit. 0-32 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>purge</td>
<td>Removes all stored information for a unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>snmpt</td>
<td>SNMP trap notifications for unit events.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sub-Parameters

The **set unit** command uses the following sub-parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sub-Parameters</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>auto</td>
<td>Set automatic display orientation using internal orientation sensor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inverted</td>
<td>Set display to be upside down.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>normal</td>
<td>Set display to be right-side up; set outlet sequencing to be 1 to n.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reversed</td>
<td>Set outlet sequencing to be n to 1.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Command Access

Admin level only

**set ups**

Sets UPS device configuration values.

Command Syntax

```
set ups addline <UPS#> <line name | id | ALL>
set ups commstr <UPS#> <get community string>
set ups delline <UPS#> <line name | id | ALL>
set ups host <UPS#> <hostname>
set ups oidspoll <UPS#> <oid>
set ups onbattery <UPS#> <value>
set ups onutility <UPS#> <value>
set ups port <UPS#> <port>
set ups type <UPS#> <value>
```

Parameters

The **set ups** command uses the following parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UPS#</td>
<td>The number of the UPS to change. 1-8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>addline</td>
<td>Adds the specified line to be protected by the UPS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>commstr</td>
<td>Sets the community string for polling the UPS by SNMP. 0-32 characters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>delline</td>
<td>Removes the specified line from a UPS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>host</td>
<td>Hostname for polling the UPS by SNMP. 0-63 characters.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
oidspoll | The OID for getting the “on battery”/“on utility” value when polling the UPS by SNMP.
---|---
onbattery | Value of the OID when the UPS is in an “on battery” state. 1-65535.
onutility | Value of the OID when the UPS is in an “on utility” state. 1-65535.
port | Port number for polling the UPS by SNMP. 1-65535 (default 161).
type | Sets the type of the UPS; sets default commstr, oidspoll, onbattery, onutility, and port. 1-11.

Sub-Parameters

The **set ups** command uses the following sub-parameter:

| oid | The OID string with sequences of a dot and a number. 1-65535. |

Command Access

Admin level only

**set user**

Sets configuration values for local user access rights.

**Command Syntax**

```
set user access [admin | ononly | poweruser | rebootonly | user | viewonly] <username>
set user password <username> {password} {verify password}
set user sysmon [disabled | enabled] <username>
```

**Parameters**

The **set user** command uses the following parameters:

| access | Sets the access type of a local user. |
| password | Sets the password for a local user. |
| sysmon | Sets system monitor access for a local user. |

**Sub-Parameters**

The **set user** command uses the following sub-parameter:

| username | The ID of the local user to change access rights. 0-32 characters. |

**Command Access**

Admin level only
set wlan

**Description:**
Sets the wireless network configuration.

**Command Syntax:**
- `set wlan [disabled | enabled]`
- `set wlan bssid <ap bssid>`
- `set wlan key <ap key>`
- `set wlan mac <mac address>`
- `set wlan security [open | wep-open | wep-shared | wpapsk-aes | wpapsk-tkip | wpapsk-tkipaes | wpa2psk-aes | wpa2psk-tkip | wpa2psk-tkipaes]`
- `set wlan ssid <ap ssid>`

**Command Access:**
Admin level only; wireless module installed.

show access

Shows user access configuration values.

**Command Syntax**
`show access`

**Command Access**
Admin level only

**Example**
Switched CDU: show access

Access Configuration
- **Access Method:** LDAP then local
- **Configuration Reset Button:** enabled
- **Local Administrator Account:** required
- **Strong Passwords:** optional
- **CLI Custom Prompt:** <none>
- **CLI Timeout:** 5 minute(s)
- **Web Timeout:** 5 minute(s)
- **Web Log Entries:** 100 <per page>
- **Default Log Order:** newest first
- **StartUp Stick:** enabled
show bluetooth

Shows Bluetooth® configuration values.

Command Syntax

show bluetooth

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show bluetooth

Bluetooth Configuration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bluetooth:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name:</td>
<td>BT-Mod1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pin code:</td>
<td>0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discoverability:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission Power:</td>
<td>0 (dbm)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

show branches

Shows branch configuration values.

Command Syntax

show branches

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show branches

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Branch Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>AA:Branch_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>AA:Branch_2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>AA:Branch_3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA1</td>
<td>BA:Branch_1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA2</td>
<td>BA:Branch_2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA3</td>
<td>BA:Branch_3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>SNMP</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Lo-Alrm</th>
<th>Lo-Warn</th>
<th>Hi-Warn</th>
<th>Hi-Alrm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>20A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>14.0A</td>
<td>16.0A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>20A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>14.0A</td>
<td>16.0A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>20A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>14.0A</td>
<td>16.0A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>20A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>14.0A</td>
<td>16.0A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA2</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>20A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>14.0A</td>
<td>16.0A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA3</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>20A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>14.0A</td>
<td>16.0A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Common Branch Settings

Branch Current Hysteresis: 1.0A
**show cords**

Shows cord configuration values.

### Command Syntax

`show cords`

### Command Access

Admin level only

### Example

Switched CDU: show cords

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Cord Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA</td>
<td>Master_Cord_A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA</td>
<td>Link_Cord_A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>SNMP Email User / Factory</th>
<th>User / Factory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Current Capacity</th>
<th>Nominal Voltage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA</td>
<td>30A / 30A</td>
<td>230V / 230V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA</td>
<td>30A / 30A</td>
<td>230V / 230V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power</th>
<th>Power</th>
<th>Power</th>
<th>Power</th>
<th>Balance</th>
<th>Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA</td>
<td>0W</td>
<td>0W</td>
<td>14490W</td>
<td>16560W</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA</td>
<td>0W</td>
<td>0W</td>
<td>14490W</td>
<td>16560W</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>App Pwr</th>
<th>App Pwr</th>
<th>App Pwr</th>
<th>App Pwr</th>
<th>PF</th>
<th>PF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA</td>
<td>0VA</td>
<td>0VA</td>
<td>14490VA</td>
<td>16560VA</td>
<td>0.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA</td>
<td>0VA</td>
<td>0VA</td>
<td>14490VA</td>
<td>16560VA</td>
<td>0.70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Common Cord Settings**

- Cord Power Hysteresis: 100
- Cord Apparent Power Hysteresis: 100
- Cord Power Factor Hysteresis: 0.0
- Cord 3-Phase Out-Of-Balance Hyst: 2%
show email

Shows email configuration values.

Command Syntax

show email

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show email

Email/SMTP Configuration

SMTP Host: (not set)
SMTP Port: 25
SMTP Authentication: None with SMTP Username
SMTP Username:
SMTP Password: (not set)
'From' Addr:
'To' Address 1:
'To' Address 2:
Subject ID: [Sentry_60000a]

Email Notifications: disabled
EVENT Messages: enabled
AUTH Messages: disabled
POWER Messages: disabled
CONFIG Messages: disabled
Trend Files: disabled

show energywise

Shows Cisco EnergyWise configuration values.

Command Syntax

show energywise

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show energywise

EnergyWise Configuration

EnergyWise Endpoint: disabled
Port: 43440
Domain: (not set)
Refresh Rate: 180
Secret: (not set)
**show features**

Shows the enabled system features.

**Command Syntax**

```
show features
```

**Command Access**

Admin level only

**Example**

```
Switched CDU: show features
  Add-on features installed on this system:
    Smart Load Shedding
```

**show ftp**

Shows FTP configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

```
show ftp
```

**Command Access**

Admin level only

**Example**

```
Switched CDU: show ftp
  FTP Client Configuration
    Host:          10.1.2.230
    Username:      swcdu8
    Password:      <not set>
    Directory:     
    Filename:      firmware.bin
  Auto Upgrades: disabled
  Update Day:    Everyday
  Update Hour    12 AM

  FTP Server Configuration
    Server:       enabled
```
show ldap

Shows LDAP configuration values.

Command Syntax

show ldap

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show ldap

LDAP Configuration

LDAP: disabled
Primary Host: <not set>
Secondary Host: <not set>
Port: 389
Bind Type: Simple

Search Bind
DN: <not set>
Password: <not set>

User Search
Base DN:
Filter:

Group Membership
Attribute:

Group Search: disabled
Base DN:
User Member
Attribute:
**show lines**

Shows line configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

```
show lines
```

**Command Access**

Admin level only

**Example**

Switched CDU: show lines

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Line Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>AA:L1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA1</td>
<td>CA:L1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DA1</td>
<td>DA:L1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>SNMP</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>--</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>30A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>21.0A</td>
<td>24.0A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>30A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>21.0A</td>
<td>24.0A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DA1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>30A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>0.0A</td>
<td>21.0A</td>
<td>24.0A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Common Line Settings

Line Current Hysteresis: 1.0A
show loadshed

Shows load shedding configuration values.

Command Syntax

show loadshed

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show loadshed

General load shedding options:     Status         Action Delay
UPS On-Battery Load Shedding:      disabled       0 minute(s)
UPS On-Utility Auto Recovery:      enabled        0 minute(s)
Line Load Shedding:                disabled
Branch Load Shedding:              disabled
Sensor Load Shedding:              disabled

Line shedding event settings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Line Name</th>
<th>On-Bat Shed</th>
<th>High Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>--</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>BA:L1</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>24.0A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BA1</td>
<td>BA:L1</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>24.0A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensor shedding event settings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Sensor Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Auto-Rec</th>
<th>High Temp</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>Contact_Sensor_E1</td>
<td>CS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2</td>
<td>Contact_Sensor_E2</td>
<td>CS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E3</td>
<td>Contact_Sensor_E3</td>
<td>CS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E4</td>
<td>Contact_Sensor_E4</td>
<td>CS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A1</td>
<td>Temp_Sensor_A1</td>
<td>TS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>50C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A2</td>
<td>Temp_Sensor_A2</td>
<td>TS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>50C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B1</td>
<td>Temp_Sensor_B1</td>
<td>TS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>50C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B2</td>
<td>Temp_Sensor_B2</td>
<td>TS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>50C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>Temp_Sensor_E1</td>
<td>TS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>50C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2</td>
<td>Temp_Sensor_E2</td>
<td>TS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>15C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1</td>
<td>Water_Sensor_E1</td>
<td>WS</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Outlet load shedding events:

-Enabled Load-Shed Events-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Outlet Name</th>
<th>UPS</th>
<th>Line</th>
<th>Branch</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_2</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_3</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA4</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_4</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA5</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_5</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
show log

Shows the system event log.

Command Syntax

show log [filter]

Parameters

The show log command uses the following parameter:

| filter     | Keyword filter for long entries. |

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show log
There are 8 messages in the system log (#1-#8)
[1] L6 EVENT: Network stack started
[2] L6 EVENT: System boot complete
[3] L2 EVENT: High alarm (temperature 22.9C) detected on temperature sensor 'Temp_Sensor_C2' [C2]
[6] May 5 13:54:56 L2 EVENT: Low alarm (power factor 0.03) detected on outlet 'Master_Outlet_30' [AA30]
show network

Shows network configuration values.

Command Syntax

show network

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show network

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Network Configuration</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State:</td>
<td>Static IPv4</td>
<td>Network:</td>
<td>IPv4 only</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Link:</td>
<td>Up</td>
<td>Negotiation:</td>
<td>Auto</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed:</td>
<td>100 Mbps</td>
<td>Duplex:</td>
<td>Full</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethernet MAC:</td>
<td>00-0A-9C-60-00-0A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AutoCfg IPv6:</td>
<td>FE80::20A:9CFF:FE60:A/64</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 Address:</td>
<td>10.1.2.205</td>
<td>Subnet Mask:</td>
<td>255.255.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 Gateway:</td>
<td>10.1.1.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS1:</td>
<td>10.1.5.133</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS2:</td>
<td>10.1.5.134</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Static IPv4/IPv6 Settings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6 Address:</td>
<td>FD01::A01:305/64</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6 Gateway:</td>
<td>FD01::A01:585</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 Address:</td>
<td>10.1.2.205</td>
<td>Subnet Mask:</td>
<td>255.255.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 Gateway:</td>
<td>10.1.1.1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS1:</td>
<td>10.1.5.133</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS2:</td>
<td>10.1.5.134</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHCP Settings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DHCP:</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FQDN:</td>
<td>enabled [sentry-ffffff]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boot Delay:</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Static Fallback:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network Services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTP Server:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>Port:</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTP Updates:</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>Port:</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSH:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>Port:</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telnet:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>Port:</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>Port:</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTPS:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>Port:</td>
<td>443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Cert:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSL User Certificates:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User Passphrase:</td>
<td>&lt;none&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uploaded Files:</td>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMIPv1/2:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>Port:</td>
<td>161</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNMIPv3:</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td>Port:</td>
<td>161</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPM Access:</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
show ocps

Shows over-current protection (OCP) configuration values.

Command Syntax

show ocps

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show ocps

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Over-Current Protector Name</th>
<th>SNMP</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>User / Factory</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>AA:Breaker_1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>20A / 20A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>AA:Breaker_2</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>20A / 20A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>AA:Breaker_3</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>20A / 20A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
show outlets

Shows outlet configuration values.

Command Syntax

```
show outlets
```

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show outlets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Outlet Name</th>
<th>SNMP</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Max</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>20A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_2</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>15A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_3</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>15A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Extra On</th>
<th>Wakeup</th>
<th>Locked</th>
<th>PF</th>
<th>PF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>0 sec</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>0.70</td>
<td>0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>0 sec</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>0.70</td>
<td>0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>0 sec</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>0.70</td>
<td>0.80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Common Outlet Settings

- Sequence Delay: 2 second(s)
- Reboot Delay: 15 second(s)
- Outlet State Change Logging: disabled
- Outlet Current Hysteresis: 1.0A
- Outlet Power Hysteresis: 10W
- Outlet Power Factor Hysteresis: 0.02
show phases

Shows phase configuration values.

Command Syntax

show phases

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show phases

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Phase Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>--</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>AA:L1-L2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>AA:L2-L3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>AA:L3-L1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SNMP</th>
<th>Email</th>
<th>Nominal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>Notif.</td>
<td>Notif.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>PF</th>
<th>PF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ID</td>
<td>Lo-Alarm</td>
<td>Lo-Warn</td>
<td>Hi-Warn</td>
<td>Hi-Alarm</td>
<td>Lo-Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>187.2V</td>
<td>197.6V</td>
<td>218.4V</td>
<td>228.8V</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>187.2V</td>
<td>197.6V</td>
<td>218.4V</td>
<td>228.8V</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>187.2V</td>
<td>197.6V</td>
<td>218.4V</td>
<td>228.8V</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Common Phase Settings

- Phase Voltage Hysteresis: 2.0V
- Phase Power Factor Hysteresis: 0.02

show ports

Shows port configuration values.

Command Syntax

show ports

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show ports

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Port Name</th>
<th>Locked</th>
<th>Baud</th>
<th>Timeout</th>
<th>DSR Chk</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>--</td>
<td>----------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COM1</td>
<td>Console</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>9600</td>
<td>5 min</td>
<td>enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COM2</td>
<td>Aux</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>115200</td>
<td>5 min</td>
<td>enabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
show radius

Shows Radius server configuration values.

Command Syntax

show radius

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show radius

RADIUS Configuration

RADIUS: disabled

Primary
Server: (not set)
Shared Secret: (not set)
Port: 1812
Timeout: 5 second(s)
Retries: 2

Secondary
Server: (not set)
Shared Secret: (not set)
Port: 1812
Timeout: 5 second(s)
Retries: 2
show sensors

Shows sensor configuration values.

Command Syntax

show sensors

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show sensors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sensor ID</th>
<th>Sensor Name</th>
<th>SNMP</th>
<th>Email</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temp A1</td>
<td>Temp_Sensor_A1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temp A2</td>
<td>Temp_Sensor_A2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temp C1</td>
<td>Temp_Sensor_C1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temp C2</td>
<td>Temp_Sensor_C2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humid A1</td>
<td>Humid_Sensor_A1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humid A2</td>
<td>Humid_Sensor_A2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humid C1</td>
<td>Humid_Sensor_C1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humid C2</td>
<td>Humid_Sensor_C2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact C1</td>
<td>Contact_Sensor_C1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact C2</td>
<td>Contact_Sensor_C2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact C3</td>
<td>Contact_Sensor_C3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact C4</td>
<td>Contact_Sensor_C4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water C1</td>
<td>Water_Sensor_C1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADC C1</td>
<td>ADC_Sensor_C1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sensor ID</th>
<th>Notif.</th>
<th>Notif.</th>
<th>Lo-Alrm</th>
<th>Lo-Warn</th>
<th>Hi-Warn</th>
<th>Hi-Alrm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temp A1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>1C</td>
<td>5C</td>
<td>45C</td>
<td>50C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temp A2</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>1C</td>
<td>5C</td>
<td>45C</td>
<td>50C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temp C1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>1C</td>
<td>5C</td>
<td>45C</td>
<td>50C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temp C2</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>1C</td>
<td>5C</td>
<td>45C</td>
<td>50C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humid A1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>5% RH</td>
<td>10% RH</td>
<td>90% RH</td>
<td>95% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humid A2</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>5% RH</td>
<td>10% RH</td>
<td>90% RH</td>
<td>95% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humid C1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>5% RH</td>
<td>10% RH</td>
<td>90% RH</td>
<td>95% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humid C2</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>5% RH</td>
<td>10% RH</td>
<td>90% RH</td>
<td>95% RH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact C1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact C2</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact C3</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact C4</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water C1</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>enabled</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADC C1</td>
<td>disabled</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>255</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Common Sensor Settings

Temperature Scale: Celsius
Temperature Sensor Hysteresis: 1C
Humidity Sensor Hysteresis: 2% RH
ADC Sensor Hysteresis: 1
**show shutdown**

Shows outlet shutdown configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

`show shutdown`

**Usage Guidelines**

This command is for Switched products only.

**Command Access**

Admin level only

**Example**

Switched CDU: `show shutdown`

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Outlet Name</th>
<th>Shutdown/Delay</th>
<th>Script/Delay</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_1</td>
<td>Off / 90 sec</td>
<td>Off / 1 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_2</td>
<td>Off / 90 sec</td>
<td>Off / 1 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_3</td>
<td>Off / 90 sec</td>
<td>Off / 1 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA4</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_4</td>
<td>Off / 90 sec</td>
<td>Off / 1 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA5</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_5</td>
<td>Off / 90 sec</td>
<td>Off / 1 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA6</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_6</td>
<td>Off / 90 sec</td>
<td>Off / 1 min</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Outlet Hostname/IP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>(not set)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>(not set)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>(not set)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA4</td>
<td>(not set)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA5</td>
<td>(not set)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA6</td>
<td>(not set)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
show snmp

Shows SNMP configuration values.

Command Syntax

show snmp

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show snmp

SNMP Configuration

SNMPv2 Agent: enabled
Get Community <RO>: public
Set Community <RW>:

SNMPv3 Agent: disabled
Engine ID: 8000006B602
RW User Name: <not set>
RW User Auth Method: none
RW User Auth Password: <not set>
RW User Privacy Pass: <not set>
RO User Name: <not set>
RO User Auth Method: none
RO User Auth Password: <not set>
RO User Privacy Pass: <not set>

SNMP Trap:
Format: v1
v2 Community: trap
v3 Username: <not set>
Destination 1: 
Destination 2: 
IP Restrictions: No Restrictions
Error Repeat Time: 60 second(s)

SNMP SysName: Sentry_60000a
SNMP SysLocation: FIRMWARE PIPS-POPS Switched 3P
SNMP SysContact:
show sntp

Shows SNTP configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

```
show sntp
```

**Command Access**

Admin level only

**Example**

Switched CDU: show sntp

**SNTP Configuration**

- Local Date/Time: 2014-05-06 14:30:41 (DST)
- Primary Host: 2.servertech.pool.ntp.org
- Secondary Host: 1.servertech.pool.ntp.org
- Local GMT Offset: -8:00 hours
- Daylight Saving Time: enabled
  - DST Start: 2nd Sunday in March at 02:00:00
  - DST End: 1st Sunday in November at 02:00:00

**show syslog**

Shows Syslog configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

```
show syslog
```

**Command Access**

Admin level only

**Example**

Switched CDU: show syslog

**SYSLOG Configuration**

- Host 1: <not set>
- Host 2: <not set>
- Port: 514
- Protocol: RFC3164
- Debug Messaging: disabled
show system

Shows system uptime, firmware version, firmware build information, boot version, hardware version, number of active users, and location string.

**Command Syntax**

```
show system
```

**Command Access**

Admin level only

**Example**

Switched CDU: show system

System Information

- Uptime: 1 day 20 hours 0 minutes 13 seconds
- Firmware: Sentry Switched CDU Version 8.0a
- Build Info: Rev 1032, January 7 2015, 10:52:42
- Boot Info: 4.0d-r139
- Hardware: NIM2-1L (129), 75 MHz, 16MB RAM, 4MB FLASH
- NIC S/N: 9600165
- Active Users: 1
- Location: PIPS-POPS Switched

show tacacs

Shows TACACS+ configuration values.

**Command Syntax**

```
show tacacs
```

**Command Access**

Admin level only

**Example**

Switched CDU: show tacacs

TACACS+ Configuration

- TACACS+: disabled
- Primary Host: <not set>
- Secondary Host: <not set>
- Port: 49
- Key: <not set>

show trend

Shows power trending configurations.

**Command Syntax**

```
show trend
```

**Command Access**

Admin level only

**Example**

Switched CDU: show trend

Trending Configuration

- Data Trending: enabled
show units

Shows CDU configuration values.

Command Syntax

show units

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show units

  Unit Name:       Master <A>
  Type:           Master
  Model Number:   STV-6503K
  Product S/N:    STVU0000118
  Asset Tag:      testtaglasdf
  Display Orient: Auto <Normal>
  Outlet Sequence: Normal
  SNMP Notif.: enabled
  Email Notif.: enabled

  Unit Name:       Link <B>
  Type:           Link
  Model Number:   SEV-4503K
  Product S/N:    <not set>
  Asset Tag:      AGHWERAFSasdf
  Display Orient: Auto <Normal>
  Outlet Sequence: Normal
  SNMP Notif.: enabled
  Email Notif.: enabled

show ups

Shows UPS device configuration values.

Command Syntax

show ups

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

Switched CDU: show ups

  UPS #1:       Generic RFC1628
  SNMP Host/IP: (not set)
  SNMP Port:    161
  SNMP Get Community: public
  SNMP Status OID: .1.3.6.1.2.1.33.1.4.1.0
  SNMP On Utility Val: 0x3
  SNMP On Battery Val: 0x5
  Line List:
show waps

*Description:*
Displays the available wireless access points.

*Command Syntax:*
show waps

*Command Access:*
Admin level only; wireless module installed.

---

show wlan

*Description:*
Displays the wireless network configurations.

*Command Syntax:*
show wlan

*Command Access:*
Admin level only; wireless module installed.
shutdown

Turns off a specified outlet or outlet group after performing a user-specified shutdown operation.

Command Syntax

shutdown <name | id | group | ALL>

Usage Guidelines

For Switched CDU products only.

Command Access

Admin and Power User

Example

Switched CDU: shutdown

Outlet name or ID, group name or ALL:

status

Displays the latest status and control state for a specified outlet or outlet group.

Command Syntax

status <name | id | group | ALL>

Usage Guidelines

Command Access

Any access level

Example

Switched CDU: status all

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Outlet Name</th>
<th>Control State</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AA1</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_1</td>
<td>Idle On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA2</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_2</td>
<td>Idle On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA3</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_3</td>
<td>Idle On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA4</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_4</td>
<td>Idle On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA5</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_5</td>
<td>Idle On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AA6</td>
<td>Master_Outlet_6</td>
<td>Idle On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
sysstat

Displays the count of all system objects (by type), the latest status of the objects, and the count of objects currently in an event condition.

Command Syntax

sysstat

Command Access

System Monitor access

Example

Switched CDU: sysstat

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Sub-System</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Events</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Units</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cords</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Lines</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Phases</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>OCPs</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Branches</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Outlets</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Sensors</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>UPS</td>
<td>Normal</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

upsstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all UPS devices in the system.

Command Syntax

upsstat

Command Access

System Monitor access

Example

Switched CDU: upsstat

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>UPS Type</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Generic RFC1628</td>
<td>Not Found</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**ustat**

Displays the latest status and metrics for all CDUs in the system.

**Command Syntax**

`ustat`

**Command Access**

System Monitor access

**Example**

```
Switched CDU: ustat

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Unit Name</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Master</td>
<td>Master</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Display Orientation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Auto &lt;Inverted&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

**version**

Displays the current firmware version.

**Command Syntax**

`version`

**Command Access**

Any access level

**Example**

```
Switched CDU: version

Sentry Switched CDU Version 8.0
```
## LED Indicators

The following input current LED indicators can be displayed on the Switched PRO2 products:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Behavior/Indicator</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Comments/User Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>“--” (flashing double dashes)</td>
<td>Occurs during normal boots, restarts, and firmware flash updates but should revert to displaying amperage values upon completion. Internal communication bus error is indicated if behavior is endless.</td>
<td>If the behavior is endless, contact Server Technology Technical Support at: 1-800-835-1515 or <a href="mailto:support@servverttech.com">support@servverttech.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(flashing amperage value)</td>
<td>The current exceeds user-defined “high load” threshold (default setting is 80% of maximum input feed capacity).</td>
<td>Unit blinks a half-second on, half-second off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“bE”</td>
<td>Breaker Error. The PDU has detected an error with the circuit-breakered Branch Circuit Protection.</td>
<td>Display alternates between showing amperage value for two seconds and flashing “bE” three times. Check to see if the breaker was tripped.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“FE”</td>
<td>Fuse Error. The PDU has detected an error with the fused Branch Circuit Protection.</td>
<td>Display alternates between showing amperage value for two seconds and flashing “FE” three times. Check to see if the fuse was blown or removed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“oL” (flashing)</td>
<td>Overload.</td>
<td>Current exceeds the input feed capacity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“UA”, “Ub”, “UC”, “Ud”</td>
<td>Occurs when you select the Configuration &gt; Units &gt; Identify option.</td>
<td>Not an error code; no user action required. Display alternates between showing amperage value for two seconds and flashing “UA”, “Ub”, “UC”, or “Ud” three times. If unit is a master, “UA” (unit A) flashes. If unit is one of up-to-three possible link types, these indicators flash: “Ub” (unit B), “UC” (unit C), or “Ud” (unit D).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Branch Circuit Protection

Server Technology PDUs are equipped with one of several types of Branch Circuit Protection, including internal fuses, retractable fuse holders, and circuit breakers, as illustrated below.

These fuses and circuit breakers meet the strict safety requirements of UL 60950-1 and EN 60950-1 for Branch Circuit Protection.

Circuit Breaker

If a circuit breaker is tripped, it can be reset by pressing or switching it back ON once the cause of the overload or short circuit has been identified, removed, or resolved. Intelligent PDUs with branch circuit sensing will display a flashing FE on the input current LED(s) to indicate Fuse Error.

Alternatively, the circuit breaker can be turned OFF manually by inserting a slotted or flat-blade tool into the OFF switch as shown in the illustration on the left.

It is not necessary to disconnect the AC power source to perform this operation.

NOTE: This circuit breaker contains no user-serviceable parts. Do not open or disassemble this part.
Compact Fuse Holder

The Compact Fuse Holder is a UL 98 listed Fused Disconnect Switch that allows the user to turn OFF the branch circuit and safely service the fuse without having to disconnect the PDU AC power source prior to performing this operation.

To help identify which fuse is open, blown, or missing, the Open Fuse Indicator Light glows orange when the PDU is powered and the Switch Handle is in the ON position.

Additionally, intelligent PDUs with branch circuit sensing will display a flashing FE on the input current LEDs to indicate Fuse Error.

To service the fuse or turn OFF the branch, rotate the Switch Handle toward the Fuse Access Door.

Next, rotate the Fuse Access Door counter clockwise until it opens.

Only replace the fuse with the same size, type, and ratings as the original fuse.

Reverse these steps after the new fuse(s) is installed.

CAUTION:

- Failure to replace the fuse with the same size, type, and ratings will damage the PDU and the connected and nearby equipment, and will cause electrical shock, fire, explosion, or injury/death.

- Do not attempt to open the Fuse Access Door without first setting the Switch Handle in the OFF position. Forcibly rotating the Fuse Access Door will damage the fused holder.
Fuse Retractor, Fuse Access Window, and Fuse Access Cover

The PDU AC power source must be disconnected prior to servicing a unit with the Fuse Retractor, Fuse Access Window, and Fuse Access Cover.

Intelligent PDUs with branch circuit sensing will display a flashing FE on the input current LEDs to indicate Fault Error.

For the fuse retractor, rotate the fuse holder exposing the fuse.

For the fuse access window or cover, remove the screws that secure the plastic cover.

Once the fuses are exposed, carefully remove and replace with a new one of the same size, type, and ratings as the original. A fuse puller may be needed for fuse access windows and covers.

Reverse these steps after the new fuse(s) is installed.

**CAUTION:**

- Failure to replace the fuse with the same size, type, and ratings will damage the PDU and the connected and nearby equipment, and will cause electrical shock, fire, explosion, or injury/death.
Time-Delay Fuses – Class G

**NOTE:** Server Technology PDUs ship with Bussman SC-20 fuses.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ampere Rating</th>
<th>Voltage</th>
<th>Interrupting Rating</th>
<th>Bussman Part No.*</th>
<th>Server Technology Part No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20 A</td>
<td>600 Vac</td>
<td>100,000 A RMS Sym. AC</td>
<td>SC-20</td>
<td>FUSE-SC20G</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Cooper Bussman Technical Data Sheet 1024

For technical support or service with time-delay fuses, contact Server Technology as follows:

Experience Server Technology's FREE Technical Support

Server Technology understands that there are often questions when installing and/or using a new product. Free Technical Support is provided from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. PST, Monday through Friday. After-hours service is provided to ensure your requests are handled quickly no matter what time zone or country you are located in.

Server Technology, Inc.
1040 Sandhill Drive       Tel: 1-800-835-1515       Web: [www.servertech.com](http://www.servertech.com)
Reno, Nevada  89521 USA    Fax: 775-284-2065       Email: [support@servertech.com](mailto:support@servertech.com)
PROx Network Interface Card (NIC) Swap

The NIC in your PROx PDU is a hot-swappable assembly that can be removed and installed without the loss of output voltage, as described in the following instructions:

1. Remove the Phillips-head retention screws and save for step 4.
   **Note:** Some models have either one or two screws, shown in the following two images:

   ![NIC images](image1)

   ![NIC images](image2)

2. Using equal pressure on both sides, pull the NIC out of the PDU enclosure.
3. Install the new NIC, ensuring the NIC is orientated so that it lines up with the connector inside of the PDU enclosure, as illustrated below.

4. Install the Phillips-head retention screws.
Appendix B: Regulatory Compliance

Product Safety

Units have been safety tested and certified to the following standards:

- USA/Canada  UL 60950-1:2007 and CAN/CSA 22.2 No. 60950-1-07
- European Union  EN 60950-1:2006 + A11 +A1 + A12

This product is also designed for Norwegian IT power system with phase-to-phase voltage 230V.

Notifications

USA Notification

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at the user’s own expense.

Modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment under FCC rules.

Canadian Notification

This Class A digital apparatus complies meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigencies du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

European Union Notification

Products with the CE Marking comply with both the EMC Directive (89/336/EEC) and the Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC) issued by the Commission of the European Community.

Compliance with these directives implies conformity to the following European Norms:

- EN55022  Electromagnetic Interference
- EN55024  Electromagnetic Immunity
- EN60950-1  Product Safety

- EN61000-3  Harmonics and Flicker

Products with the following mark comply with the RoHS Directive (2002/95/EC) issued by the Commission of the European Community.
Japanese Notification

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

本製品に同梱または付属しております電源コードは、本製品専用です。本製品以外の製品ならびに他の用途に使用しないで下さい。

Chinese Notification

关于符合中国《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》的声明

产品中有毒有害物质的名称及含量

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>部件名称</th>
<th>有毒有害物质或元素</th>
<th>铅 (Pb)</th>
<th>汞 (Hg)</th>
<th>镉 (Cd)</th>
<th>六价铬 (Cr (VI))</th>
<th>多溴联苯 (PBB)</th>
<th>多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>机箱子组件 (Chassis Subassembly)</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>印刷板组件 (PCAs)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

O 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。

X 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求。

Product Recycling

Recycling

Server Technology Inc. encourages the recycling of its products. Disposal facilities, environmental conditions and regulations vary across local, state and country jurisdictions, so Server Technology encourages consultation with qualified professional and applicable regulations and authorities within your region to ensure proper disposal.

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

In the European Union, this label indicates that this product should not be disposed of with household waste. It should be deposited at an appropriate facility to enable recovery and recycling.
Appendix C: Product Warranty–Technical Support–RMA

Warranty

For Server Technology warranty information, visit our website: www.servertech.com

Contact Technical Support

Experience Server Technology's FREE Technical Support

Server Technology understands that there are often questions when installing and/or using a new product. Free Technical Support is provided from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. PST, Monday through Friday. After-hours service is provided to ensure your requests are handled quickly no matter what time zone or country you are located in.

Server Technology, Inc.
1040 Sandhill Drive     Tel: 1-800-835-1515     Web: www.servertech.com
Reno, Nevada 89521 USA Fax: 775-284-2065     Email: support@servertech.com

Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA)

If you have a product that is not functioning properly and needs technical assistance or repair, see the Server Technology Return Merchandise Authorization process at: www.servertech.com